

UPDATES INCLUDED 9/23/2020

❖ [Test Administration Schedule](#)

This guide includes the following sections:

- **Purpose**
- **Assessment Design**
- **Reporting Categories**
- **Test Administration**
- **Sample Test Items**
- **Resources**
- **Appendix A: Answer Key for Sample Items**
- **Appendix B: Update Log (describes ongoing updates to the guide)**

PURPOSE

This document is designed to assist Louisiana educators in understanding the LEAP 2025 English Language Arts (ELA) assessment for grade 7.

Introduction

All students in grades 3–10 will take the LEAP 2025 ELA assessments, which provide

- questions that have been [reviewed by Louisiana educators](#) to ensure their alignment to the [Louisiana Student Standards](#) and appropriateness for Louisiana students;
- measurement of the full range of student performance, including the performance of high- and low-performing students; and
- information for educators and parents about student readiness in ELA and whether students are “on track” for college and careers.

Goal of English Language Arts

The goal of English Language Arts is for all students—including those who struggle—to read, understand, and express understanding of complex, grade-level texts. To ensure that all students are able to reach the ELA goal, a teacher must help students build the knowledge and skills necessary to become independent readers and writers and support students throughout the instructional process by using a high-quality curriculum that does the following:

- Provides opportunities for all students to meet the grade-level standards through appropriate scaffolds and supports (e.g., [Diverse Learners Guide](#) and [Supports Flow Chart](#))
- Provides a coherent set of plans that has students engage with texts and ideas repeatedly throughout a unit to build knowledge and tackle big ideas
- Is organized around high-quality texts and meaningful tasks that build content knowledge (e.g., ELA, social studies, science, and the arts) and help students make connections
- Includes lessons and sections that build on each other to help develop students’ knowledge and skills

- Integrates reading, writing, and language instruction that focuses on building understanding of texts so that students can express that understanding in a variety of ways
- Includes lessons that are organized so the writing process begins with development of understanding to ensure students have something meaningful to write about
- Includes a variety of [instructional strategies](#), many of them focused on the importance of discussion in helping students make meaning of a text before they express their understanding in writing
- Offers assessment opportunities that allow teachers to check understanding in a variety of ways and genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards with appropriately complex text(s)

ASSESSMENT DESIGN

Approach of the LEAP 2025 ELA Assessments

The LEAP 2025 ELA assessments focus on an integrated approach to reading and writing that reflects instruction in an effective ELA classroom and measures students’ understanding of what they read through the following:

- Careful, close reading of complex grade-level literary and informational texts
- A full range of texts from across the disciplines, including science, social studies, and the arts
- Tasks that integrate key ELA skills by asking students to read texts, answer reading and vocabulary questions about the texts, and then write using evidence from what they have read
- Questions worth answering, ordered in a way that builds meaning
- A focus on students citing evidence from texts when answering questions about a specific passage or when writing about a set of related passages
- A focus on words that matter most in texts, are essential to understanding a particular text, and include context that allows a student to determine literal and figurative meanings

LEAP 2025 ELA Test Design

The LEAP 2025 ELA tests have three sessions that consist of tasks and passage sets. Students take two tasks: the Research Simulation Task and **either** the Literary Analysis Task **or** the Narrative Writing Task.

The tasks are described below.

- **Research Simulation Task:** mirrors the research process by presenting three texts on a given topic. Students answer a set of selected-response questions about the texts and then write an extended response about some aspect of the related texts (e.g., analysis of argument, point of view or purpose; comparison/contrast of presentation of information).
- **Literary Analysis Task:** provides students an opportunity to show their understanding of literature. It asks students to read two literary texts, answer a set of selected-response questions about the texts, and write an extended response that compares and/or explains key ideas or elements in the texts (e.g., analysis of plot and characterization; comparison of themes; influence of point of view, structure; interaction of literary elements).
- **Narrative Writing Task:** asks students to read a literary text, answer a set of selected-response questions about the text, and then create a narrative related to the text (e.g., finish the story; retell the story in another narrative form, such as a journal entry). Students should make sure that they create narrative, not expository, responses.

Session 1 consists of either the Literary Analysis Task and a passage set with one text **or** the Research Simulation Task.

Session 2 consists of either the Research Simulation Task **or** the Narrative Writing Task and a passage set with one or two texts.

Session 3, Reading Literary/Informational Texts, consists of passage sets only. The reading selections may include fiction (e.g., short stories, novel and drama excerpts, poems) and nonfiction (e.g., informational texts from across the disciplines of science, history, and the arts). Students will answer only selected-response questions about each text. No writing is included in this session.

NOTE: Session 3 will include 2 operational passage sets **and** 1 additional passage set that is being field tested. Each passage set includes one text or a pair of related texts and 4 or 6 questions about the text(s). Only a student’s performance on the operational passages will count towards a student’s final score. The field-test questions do **not** count towards a student’s final score on the test; they provide information that will be used to help develop future test forms.

The table on the next page outlines the two possible designs of the Grade 7 ELA assessment. The first part of the table shows the test design when the Literary Analysis Task is administered, while the second part of the table shows the test design when the Narrative Writing Task is administered.

Grade 7 ELA Test Design—Literary Analysis Task (LAT) Administered				
Test Session	Focus of Session	Number of Passages	Session Items/Points	Assessable ELA Student Standards (by subcategory)
1	Literary Analysis Task (LAT) AND Passage Set with one text	3	6 SR and 1 PCR (31 points) 4 SR (8 points)	LAT: RL standards; vocabulary standards RL.4, L.4, and L.5; writing standards W.1–2, 4, 9–10; conventions standards L.1–2, plus language skills from previous grades; Reading Set: RL and RI standards and vocabulary standards RL.4, RI.4, L. 4, and L.5
2	Research Simulation Task (RST)	3	8 SR and 1 PCR (35 points)	RI standards; vocabulary standards RI.4, L.4 and L.5; writing standards W.1–2, 4, 7–10; conventions standards L.1–2, plus language skills from previous grades
3	Reading Literary/Informational Texts	2-3*	10 SR* (20 points)	RL and RI standards and vocabulary standards RL.4, RI.4, L.4 and L.5
OR				
Grade 7 ELA Test Design—Narrative Writing Task (NWT) Administered				
Test Session	Focus of Session	Number of Passages	Session Items/Points	Assessable ELA Student Standards (by subcategory)
1	Research Simulation Task (RST)	3	8 SR and 1 PCR (35 points)	RI standards; vocabulary standards RI.4, L.4, L.5; writing standards; W.1–2, 4, 7–10; conventions standards L.1–2, plus language skills from previous grades
2	Narrative Writing Task (NWT) AND Passage Set with one text or a pair of related texts	2-3	4 SR and 1 PCR (23 points) 6 SR (12 points)	NWT: RL standards; vocabulary standards RL.4, L.4-5; writing standards W.3-4; conventions standards L.1-2, plus language skills from previous grades; Reading Set: RL and RI standards and vocabulary standards RL.4, RI.4, L. 4, L.5
3	Reading Literary/Informational Texts	2-3*	10 SR* (20 points)	RL and RI standards and vocabulary standards RL.4, RI.4, L.4 and L.5

***The table reflects the operational test only. An additional passage set will also be included for field test purposes; see [Session 3 description](#) for more information.**
SR: Selected-Response Items—includes two-part items ([EBSR](#)), [multiple-select](#) items, and [technology-enhanced](#) items
PCR: Prose Constructed Response—requires an extended written response **RL:** Reading Literature; **L:** Language; **W:** Writing; **RI:** Reading Informational Text

REPORTING CATEGORIES

Student performance on the LEAP 2025 ELA assessments will be reported by category and subcategory as outlined in the following table.

Category	Subcategory	Subcategory Description
Reading	Reading Literary Text	Students read and demonstrate comprehension of grade-level fiction, drama, and poetry.
	Reading Informational Text	Students read and demonstrate comprehension of grade-level nonfiction, including texts about history, science, and the arts.
	Reading Vocabulary	Students use context to determine the meaning of words and phrases in grade-level texts.
Writing	Written Expression	Students use details from provided texts to compose well-developed, organized, clear writing.
	Written Knowledge and Use of Language Conventions	Students use the rules of Standard English (grammar, mechanics, and usage) to compose writing.

These reporting categories provide parents and educators valuable information about

- overall student performance, including readiness to continue further studies in English language arts;
- student performance broken down by subcategories, which may help identify when students need additional support or more challenging work in reading and writing; and
- how well schools and school systems are helping students achieve higher expectations.

Achievement-Level Definitions

Achievement-level definitions briefly describe the expectations for student performance at each of Louisiana’s five achievement levels:

- **Advanced:** Students performing at this level have **exceeded** college and career readiness expectations and are well prepared for the next level of study in this content area.
- **Mastery:** Students performing at this level have **met** college and career readiness expectations and are prepared for the next level of study in this content area.
- **Basic:** Students performing at this level have **nearly met** college and career readiness expectations and may need additional support to be fully prepared for the next level of study in this content area.
- **Approaching Basic:** Students performing at this level have **partially met** college and career readiness expectations and will need much support to be prepared for the next level of study in this content area.
- **Unsatisfactory:** Students performing at this level have **not yet met** the college and career readiness expectations and will need extensive support to be prepared for the next level of study in this content area.

Achievement-Level Descriptors

Achievement Level Descriptors (ALDs) indicate what a typical student at each level should be able to demonstrate based on his or her command of grade-level standards. The [Grade 7 ELA ALDs](#) are written for the two assessment categories of Reading and Writing.

TEST ADMINISTRATION

Administration Schedule

In response to the delay of school system openings due to COVID-19, the LEAP 2025 spring testing dates have been rescheduled. The **computer-based testing window opens April 26, 2021, and runs through May 26, 2021**. The school or district test coordinator will communicate each school’s testing schedule. All LEAP 2025 tests are **timed**. No additional time is permitted, except for students who have a documented extended time accommodation (e.g., an IEP).

The table below shows the session information for the grade 7 ELA assessment.

LEAP 2025 Grade 7 ELA Assessment		Session Time
Session 1	Literary Analysis Task and a passage set with one text OR Research Simulation Task	90 minutes
Session 2	Research Simulation Task OR Narrative Writing Task and a passage set with one text or a pair of related texts	90 minutes
Session 3	Reading Literary/Informational Texts	80 minutes

Scheduling Requirements for Computer-Based Testing

Computer-based testing allows school systems some flexibility in scheduling. However, to reduce incidences of testing irregularities, school systems must adhere to the following scheduling and administration practices:

- Testing students in the same grade level across the school at or very close to the same time
- Completing makeup testing for students immediately upon their return
- Limiting student interaction during breaks between test sessions
- Isolating students who have not completed testing for the day (e.g., students with extended time accommodation)
- Preventing interaction between groups of students taking the same tests at different times within a testing day
- Requiring the completion of a session once it is opened (i.e., limiting the reopening of test sessions)
- Taking the sessions within a content area in the correct order (e.g., ELA Session 1 taken before ELA Session 2)

We also recommend

- limiting sessions to no more than three in one day for a student; and
- administering no more than one session that includes an extended-response task or writing prompt (i.e., grades 5-8 Social Studies Session 2, ELA Session 1, and ELA Session 2) in a day to an individual student.

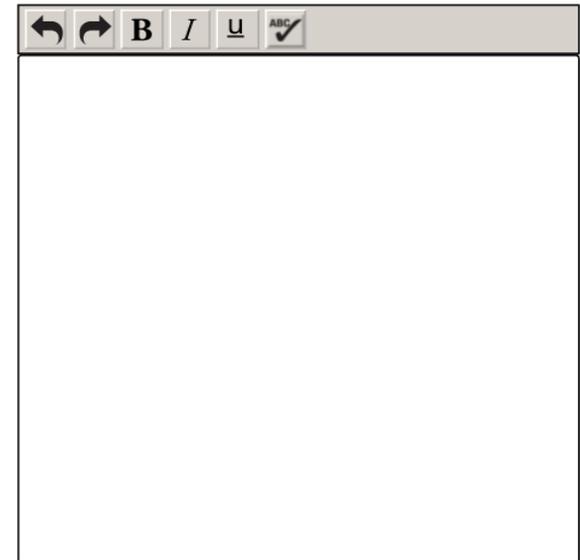
For more information about scheduling and administration policies, refer to the [Online Scheduling Guidance](#) document, found in the LDOE [Assessment](#) library.

Online Tools

Students will enter their answers into the online testing system. The way each answer is entered depends on the item type. For example, for an EBSR item with one correct answer in each part, a student will click on the circle next to the correct answer in Part A and in Part B. When responding to a PCR, students will type their essays into a response box, like the one shown on the right.

The toolbar at the top of the response box allows students to undo or redo an action; add boldface, italics, or underlining to their response; and check the spelling of words in their response. There is a limit to the number of characters that can be typed into the response box; however, it is set well beyond what a student might produce given the LEAP 2025 essay expectations and time limits. The character count is not included on the response box so students focus on the quality of their essays rather than the amount of writing.

The online tests include the following tools, which allow a student to select answer choices, “mark” items, eliminate answer options, take notes, enlarge the item, and guide the reading of a text or an item line by line. A help tool is also featured to assist students as they use the online system.



- | | | |
|--|--|---|
| • Pointer tool  | • Sticky Note tool  | • Help tool  |
| • Highlighter tool  | • Magnifying tool  | |
| • Cross-Off tool  | • Line Guide  | |

All students should work through the Online Tools Training (available in INSIGHT or [here](#) using the Chrome browser) to practice using the online tools so they are well prepared to navigate the online testing system.

Permitted Testing Materials

Students will be permitted to have school-issued scratch paper only, which can be used to help students prepare their written responses. Students will **not** be allowed to use dictionaries and thesauruses on any part of the test. Because the ELA tests integrate reading and writing, the use of a dictionary or thesaurus would compromise the measurement of many reading standards. For example, a student would be able to look up key vocabulary words or other words essential to measuring a student’s understanding of a text. Definitions will be provided as footnotes for words that are important to understanding the text but do not have sufficient context. The scoring of the written responses takes into account the absence of such resources and the time constraints of each task.

For information about accessibility features and accommodations, please refer to the [LEAP 2025 Accessibility and Accommodations Manual](#).

Item Types

The LEAP 2025 ELA assessments include several types of items, as described below. For more information about how to score the different item types, see the [LEAP 2025 ELA Practice Test Guidance](#).

- 1) **Evidence-Based Selected Response (EBSR)**: This item type consists of two parts; one part asks students to show their understanding of a text and the other part asks students to identify evidence to support that understanding. The EBSR items are worth two points, and students can earn partial credit (1 point).
- 2) **Multiple Select (MS)**: This item type asks students to choose more than one correct answer and may appear as a one-part question or as part of an EBSR item. Whenever this item type is used, the question always identifies in boldface print the number of correct answers required. The MS items are worth two points, and students can earn partial credit (1 point).
- 3) **Technology Enhanced (TE)**: This item type uses technology to capture student comprehension of texts. Each TE item is worth two points, and students can earn partial credit (1 point). The Online Tools Training, available in INSIGHT or [here](#) using the Chrome browser, will allow students to practice answering TE questions to prepare for the test. For a summary of the different kinds of TE items and where to find examples of each type, refer to [LEAP 2025 Technology-Enhanced Item Types](#).
- 4) **Prose Constructed Response (PCR)**: This item type appears at the end of each of the two tasks and asks students to create an extended and complete written response. It elicits evidence that students have understood a text or texts they have read and can communicate that understanding well, both in terms of written expression and written knowledge and use of language conventions.

There are two [grade 7 rubrics](#) used to score the PCRs—one to score student responses to the Literary Analysis Task (LAT) and the Research Simulation Task (RST) and one to score student responses to the Narrative Writing Task (NWT). The table that follows summarizes the scoring of the ELA Tasks at grade 7.

Scoring of Grade 7 Tasks						
Task	Dimensions	Score Points by Dimension	Weight	Points by Dimension	Total Points	Rubric
Literary Analysis	Reading Comprehension and Written Expression*	4, 3, 2, 1, or 0	4	16	19	LAT/RST Rubric
	Conventions	3, 2, 1, or 0	1	3		
Research Simulation	Reading Comprehension and Written Expression*	4, 3, 2, 1, or 0	4	16	19	LAT/RST Rubric
	Conventions	3, 2, 1, or 0	1	3		
Narrative Writing	Written Expression	4, 3, 2, 1, or 0	3	12	15	NWT Rubric
	Conventions	3, 2, 1, or 0	1	3		

*When scoring the combined Reading Comprehension and Written Expression dimension, the holistic score (4, 3, 2, 1, 0) is determined, based on which score point best describes that response. That holistic score is multiplied by 4. This means that if a student receives a 2 for Reading Comprehension and Written Expression, the student will receive a score of 8 for this dimension. This score is then added to the Conventions score to provide the total score for the RST or the LAT.

SAMPLE TEST ITEMS

This section includes samples of each item type: an Evidence-Based Selected Response (EBSR), a Technology-Enhanced (TE) item, a Multiple-Select (MS) item, and a Prose Constructed Response (PCR).

Information associated with the sample items (i.e., answer keys/rubric and standards alignment) is located in the [Appendix A](#). Some of the sample items, and the passages associated with them, will also be included in the Online Tools Training, available in INSIGHT or [here](#) using the Chrome browser.

Evidence-Based Selected-Response Item

Today you will read a passage from *The Count of Monte Cristo* as well as a scene from the play *Blessings*. After you have read the selections and answered some questions, you will write an essay analyzing the themes presented in the two texts.

Read the passage from *The Count of Monte Cristo*, in which Edmond Dantes has been imprisoned for over four years and has recently stopped eating the prison food. Then answer the questions that follow.

from *The Count of Monte Cristo*

by Alexandre Dumas

- 1 Suddenly, about nine o'clock in the evening, Edmond heard a hollow sound in the wall against which he was lying.
- 2 So many loathsome animals inhabited the prison, that their noise did not, in general, awake him; but whether abstinence¹ had quickened his faculties, or whether the noise was really louder than usual, Edmond raised his head and listened. It was a continual scratching, as if made by a huge claw, a powerful tooth, or some iron instrument attacking the stones.
- 3 Although weakened, the young man's brain instantly responded to the idea

Part A

In *The Count of Monte Cristo*, how does the noise in the wall affect Edmond Dantes?

- (a) It causes him to summon the jailer.
- (b) It gives him a sense of hope.
- (c) It frightens him into behaving foolishly.
- (d) It proves that he will escape.

Today you will read a passage from *The Count of Monte Cristo* as well as a scene from the play *Blessings*. After you have read the selections and answered some questions, you will write an essay analyzing the themes presented in the two texts.

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- 3 Although weakened, the young man's brain instantly responded to the idea

Part B

Which evidence from *The Count of Monte Cristo* supports the answer to Part A?

- (a) “So many loathsome animals inhabited the prison, that their noise did not, in general, awake him” (paragraph 2)
- (b) “It seemed to him that heaven had at length taken pity on him” (paragraph 3)
- (c) “No, no, doubtless he was deceived, and it was but one of those dreams that forerun death!” (paragraph 4)
- (d) “Suddenly the jailer entered.” (paragraph 6)

Technology-Enhanced Item

Read the folktale “The Four Dragons.” Then answer the questions.

The Four Dragons

- 1 Once upon a time, there were no rivers and lakes on earth, but only the Eastern Sea, in which lived four dragons: the Long Dragon, the Yellow Dragon, the Black Dragon, and the Pearl Dragon. One day the four dragons flew from the sea into the sky. They soared and dived, playing at hide-and-seek in the clouds.
- 2 “Come over here quickly!” the Pearl Dragon cried out suddenly.
- 3 “What’s up?” asked the other three, looking down in the direction where the Pearl Dragon pointed.
- 4 On the earth they saw many people putting out fruits and cakes, and burning incense sticks. They were praying! A white-haired woman, kneeling on the ground with a thin boy on her back, murmured,
- 5 “Please send rain quickly, God of Heaven, to give our children rice to eat.”
- 6 For there had been no rain for a long time. The crops withered, the grass turned yellow and fields cracked under the scorching sun.
- 7 “How poor the people are!” said the Yellow Dragon. “And they will die if it doesn’t rain soon.”
- 8 The Long Dragon nodded. Then he suggested, “Let’s go and beg the Jade Emperor for rain.”

Part A

Which difference in attitudes between the Jade Emperor and the dragons influences events later in the story?

- (a) The Jade Emperor is amused by the needs of the people, and the dragons are annoyed.
- (b) The Jade Emperor is angered by the needs of the people, and the dragons are pleased.
- (c) The Jade Emperor is indifferent to the needs of the people, and the dragons are concerned.
- (d) The Jade Emperor is upset about the needs of the people, and the dragons are worried.

Read the folktale “The Four Dragons.” Then answer the questions.

The Four Dragons

- 1 Once upon a time, there were no rivers and lakes on earth, but only the Eastern Sea, in which lived four dragons: the Long Dragon, the Yellow Dragon, the Black Dragon, and the Pearl Dragon. One day the four dragons flew from the sea into the sky. They soared and dived, playing at hide-and-seek in the clouds.
- 2 “Come over here quickly!” the Pearl Dragon cried out suddenly.
- 3 “What’s up?” asked the other three, looking down in the direction where the Pearl Dragon pointed.
- 4 On the earth they saw many people putting out fruits and cakes, and burning incense sticks. They were praying! A white-haired woman, kneeling on the ground with a thin boy on her back, murmured,
- 5 “Please send rain quickly, God of Heaven, to give our children rice to eat.”
- 6 For there had been no rain for a long time. The crops withered, the grass turned yellow and fields cracked under the scorching sun.
- 7 “How poor the people are!” said the Yellow Dragon. “And they will die if it doesn’t rain soon.”
- 8 The Long Dragon nodded. Then he suggested, “Let’s go and beg the Jade Emperor for rain.”

Part B

Identify evidence from the folktale that supports the answer to Part A. Choose **two** phrases that demonstrate the character of the Jade Emperor and **two** phrases that demonstrate the character of the dragons. Drag the phrases into the correct boxes in the chart.

The Jade Emperor		The Dragons	

“I will do anything to save the people. . . .”
(paragraph 19)

“ . . . brought back to the heavenly palace.”
(paragraph 25)

“ . . . cried and leaped with joy.”
(paragraph 22)

“ . . . never took the people to heart”
(paragraph 14)

“ . . . only cared about pleasure”
(paragraph 14)

“ . . . I beg you to send rain down quickly!”
(paragraph 11)

Click To Respond

Enlarged Graphic from the Technology-Enhanced Item Sample

Read the folktale “The Four Dragons.” Then answer the questions.

The Four Dragons

- 1 Once upon a time, there were no rivers and lakes on earth, but only the Eastern Sea, in which lived four dragons: the Long Dragon, the Yellow Dragon, the Black Dragon, and the Pearl Dragon. One day the four dragons flew from the sea into the sky. They soared and dived, playing at hide-and-seek in the clouds.
- 2 “Come over here quickly!” the Pearl Dragon called.
- 3 “What’s up?” asked the other three, the Long Dragon, the Yellow Dragon, and the Black Dragon. The Pearl Dragon pointed.
- 4 On the earth they saw many people burning incense sticks. They were praying! A woman stood on the ground with a thin boy on her back, rapping on the door.
- 5 “Please send rain quickly, God of Heaven!” she called.
- 6 For there had been no rain for a long time. The sky had turned yellow and fields cracked under the sun.
- 7 “How poor the people are!” said the Pearl Dragon. “I will do anything to save the people. . . .”

Part B

Identify evidence from the folktale that supports the answer to Part A. Choose **two** phrases that demonstrate the character of the Jade Emperor and **two** phrases that demonstrate the character of the dragons. Drag the phrases into the correct boxes in the chart.

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The Jade Emperor	The Dragons	
“I will do anything to save the people. . . .” (paragraph 19)	“. . . brought back to the heavenly palace.” (paragraph 25)	“. . . cried and leaped with joy.” (paragraph 22)
“. . . never took the people to heart . . .” (paragraph 14)	“. . . only cared about pleasure . . .” (paragraph 14)	“. . . I beg you to send rain down quickly!” (paragraph 11)

OK

Multiple-Select Item

Read the folktale “The Four Dragons.” Then answer the questions.

The Four Dragons

- 1 Once upon a time, there were no rivers and lakes on earth, but only the Eastern Sea, in which lived four dragons: the Long Dragon, the Yellow Dragon, the Black Dragon, and the Pearl Dragon. One day the four dragons flew from the sea into the sky. They soared and dived, playing at hide-and-seek in the clouds.
- 2 “Come over here quickly!” the Pearl Dragon cried out suddenly.
- 3 “What’s up?” asked the other three, looking down in the direction where the Pearl Dragon pointed.
- 4 On the earth they saw many people putting out fruits and cakes, and burning incense sticks. They were praying! A white-haired woman, kneeling on the ground with a thin boy on her back, murmured,
- 5 “Please send rain quickly, God of Heaven, to give our children rice to eat.”
- 6 For there had been no rain for a long time. The crops withered, the grass turned yellow and fields cracked under the scorching sun.
- 7 “How poor the people are!” said the Yellow Dragon. “And they will die if it doesn’t rain soon.”
- 8 The Long Dragon nodded. Then he suggested, “Let’s go and beg the Jade Emperor for rain.”

Part A

How do the dragons’ actions contribute to the development of the theme of the folktale?

- (a) Their playfulness shows that appearances can be misleading when making character judgments.
- (b) Their willingness to disobey the Jade Emperor shows that sacrifice is often needed for the good of others.
- (c) Their reliability shows that respecting one’s elders and following instructions are necessary for a successful society.
- (d) Their respect for the Jade Emperor shows that children can learn much from their ancestors about historical events.

Read the folktale “The Four Dragons.” Then answer the questions.

The Four Dragons

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Part B

Which **two** paragraphs from the folktale support the answer to Part A?

- (a) paragraph 1
- (b) paragraph 8
- (c) paragraph 13
- (d) paragraph 18
- (e) paragraph 23
- (f) paragraph 27

Prose Constructed-Response Item

Today you will read a passage from *The Count of Monte Cristo* as well as a scene from the play *Blessings*. After you have read the selections and answered some questions, you will write an essay analyzing the themes presented in the two texts.

Read the passage from *The Count of Monte Cristo*, in which Edmond Dantes has been imprisoned for over four years and has recently stopped eating the prison food. Then answer the questions.

from *The Count of Monte Cristo*

by Alexandre Dumas

- 1 Suddenly, about nine o'clock in the evening, Edmond heard a hollow sound in the wall against which he was lying.
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- 3 Although weakened, the young man's brain instantly responded to the idea

You have read a passage from *The Count of Monte Cristo* and a scene from *Blessings*. Think about the similarities and differences in how the two authors develop the themes in each text.

Write an essay in which you identify a theme from each text and analyze how each theme is developed. Be sure to include specific details from **both** selections.

← → **B** *I* U ABC ✓

RESOURCES

K-12 ELA Resources Library

- [Louisiana Student Standards in ELA](#): provides comprehensive information about interpreting and implementing the standards
- [K-12 ELA Planning Resources](#): provides guidance for planning and implementing quality ELA instruction, which include a variety of instructional strategies
- [ELA Guidebooks](#): presents a whole-class curriculum made by teachers for teachers and focused on real learning grounded in a collection of texts
- [Getting Started Resources](#): includes writing and reading Approach Guides, Learning Tools, and Instructional Strategies
- [Instructional Materials Review Rubrics](#): provides links to rubrics used to evaluate K-12 instructional, assessment, and intervention materials
- [English Learner Library](#): contains a collection of resources for supporting ELs

Assessment Guidance Library

- [Assessment Development Educator Review Committees](#): describes the item development process and the associated committees, includes information on applying for participation

Practice Test Library

- LEAP 2025 Grade 7 ELA Practice Test and [Answer Key](#) helps prepare students for the spring assessments and provides scoring information for teachers
- [LEAP 2025 ELA Practice Test Guidance](#): provides guidance on how teachers might better use the ELA practice tests to support their instructional goals
- [Practice Test Quick Start Guide](#): provides information regarding administration and scoring of the online practice tests

Teacher Leader Library: contains workshop materials from Teacher Leader collaborations and the annual Teacher Summit

Assessment Library

- [LEAP 2025 Technology-Enhanced Item Types](#): provides a summary of the different kinds of technology-enhanced items students may encounter in any CBT across courses and grade-levels
- [LEAP 2025 Accessibility and Accommodations Manual](#): provides information about accessibility features and accommodations
- [LEAP 360](#): offers optional, high-quality non-summative assessment system that includes diagnostic and interim assessments
- [Released Items](#): includes sample student work that teachers can use as models for scoring tasks that are similar to the summative assessment tasks

DRC INSIGHT Portal (eDirect)

- includes access to tutorials, manuals, and user guides

INSIGHT™

- Online Tools Training: allows students to become familiar with the tools available in the online testing platform or [here](#) using the Chrome browser
- LEAP 2025 Grade 7 ELA CBT Practice Test: helps prepare students for the spring assessments

Contact Us

- assessment@la.gov for assessment questions
- classroomsupporttoolbox@la.gov for curriculum and instruction questions
- [AskLDOE](#) for other questions
- ldoecommunications@la.gov to subscribe to newsletters; include the newsletter(s) you want to subscribe to in your email

Newsroom: offers archived copies of newsletters including the LDOE Weekly School System Newsletter and the Teacher Leader Newsletter

APPENDIX A

Answer Key/Rubric and Alignment Information for Sample Items

Item Type	Answer Keys/Rubric	Alignment						
Evidence-Based Selected-Response Item	Part A: B Part B: B	RL.7.3, RL.7.1						
Technology-Enhanced Item	Part A: C <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>The Jade Emperor</th> <th>The Dragons</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>“. . . never took the people to heart . . .” (paragraph 14)</td> <td>“I will do anything to save the people. . . .” (paragraph 19)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>“. . . only cared about pleasure . . .” (paragraph 14)</td> <td>“. . . I beg you to send rain down quickly!” (paragraph 11)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> Part B:	The Jade Emperor	The Dragons	“. . . never took the people to heart . . .” (paragraph 14)	“I will do anything to save the people. . . .” (paragraph 19)	“. . . only cared about pleasure . . .” (paragraph 14)	“. . . I beg you to send rain down quickly!” (paragraph 11)	RL.7.3, RL.7.6, RL.7.1
The Jade Emperor	The Dragons							
“. . . never took the people to heart . . .” (paragraph 14)	“I will do anything to save the people. . . .” (paragraph 19)							
“. . . only cared about pleasure . . .” (paragraph 14)	“. . . I beg you to send rain down quickly!” (paragraph 11)							
Multiple-Select Item	Part A: B Part B: D and F	RL.7.2, RL.7.3, RL.7.1						
Prose Constructed-Response Item	Literary Analysis Task Rubric	RL.7.2, RL.7.1; W.7.2, W.7.4, W.7.9; L.7.1, L.7.2						

APPENDIX B

Update Log		
Date	Page(s)	Summary
8/03/20	All	Assessment Guides available for the 2020-2021 school year
9/23/20	6	Updated test administration dates