

LEAP 2025 Grade 3 Mathematics PBT Practice Test Answer Key



This document contains the answer keys and rubrics for the LEAP 2025 Grade 3 Mathematics Paper-Based Practice Test.

| Session 1 | | | | |
|-----------|------|-------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Task # | Task | Value (points) | Кеу | Alignment |
| # 1 | Туре | (points) 1 | | 3.NF.A.1 |
| | 1 | | A, C, E | |
| 2 | I | 1 | B, C, F | 3.MD.C.7b |
| 3 | I | 1 | С | 3.NF.A.1 |
| 4 | I | 1 | A, D | 3.0A.A.1 |
| 5 | I | 1 | D | 3.MD.A.1b |
| 6 | I | 1 | В | 3.NF.A.2b |
| 7 | I | 1 | 240 | 3.NBT.A.3 |
| 8 | I | 1 | A, D, E | 3.0A.C.7 |
| 9 | I | 1 | D | 3.MD.B.4 |
| 10 | I | 2 | Part A: 40 Part B: B | LEAP.I.3.5 (3.MD.D.8, 3.NBT.A.2) |
| 11 | I | 1 | 7 | 3.OA.A.3 |
| 12 | II | 4 | Part A: rubric Part B: rubric | LEAP.II.3.5 (2.NBT) |
| 13 | | 2 | Part A: 5 Part B: 0 | 3.MD.B.3 |
| 14 | | 3 | rubric | LEAP.III.3.1 (3.OA.D.8, 3.OA.A.3) |

| | Session 2 | | | | |
|-----------|--------------|-------------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| Task # | Task Type | Value (points) | Key | Alignment | |
| 15 | I | 1 | С | 3.OA.C.7 | |
| 16 | I | 1 | D | 3.MD.A.2 | |
| 17 | I | 1 | B, C, E | 3.OA.A.2 | |
| 18 | I | 1 | A, D, E | 3.NBT.A.2 | |
| 19 | I | 1 | А | 3.OA.A.4 | |
| 20 | I | 1 | В | 3.MD.A.2 | |
| 21 | I | 1 | B, D, E | 3.G.A.1 | |
| 22 | I | 1 | 40 | 3.OA.A.3 | |
| 23 | I | 1 | С | 3.OA.B.6 | |
| 24 | I | 1 | 30 | 3.MD.D.8 | |
| 25 | I | 2 | Part A: 160 Part B: 423 | LEAP.I.3.4 (3.MD.A.2, 3.NBT.A.2, 3.NBT.A.3) | |

| | Session 2 | | | |
|-----------|--------------|-------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|
| Task # | Task Type | Value (points) | Key | Alignment |
| 26 | II | 3 | rubric | LEAP.II.3.8 (3.NF.A.2) |
| 27 | I | 1 | А, В, Е | 3.G.A.2 |
| 28 | I | 1 | С | 3.MD.C.6 |
| 29 | | 3 | rubric | LEAP.III.3.1 (3.MD.A.1, 3.OA.D.8) |

| | Session 3 | | | | |
|-----------|--------------|-------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|
| Task # | Task Type | Value (points) | Кеу | Alignment | |
| 30 | I | 1 | 6 | 3.OA.A.3 | |
| 31 | I | 1 | A, D, F | 3.MD.A.1a | |
| 32 | I | 1 | 80 | 3.OA.A.3 | |
| 33 | I | 1 | A, C, D | 3.NF.A.3d | |
| 34 | I | 1 | С | 3.OA.A.1 | |
| 35 | I | 1 | В | 3.NF.A.2b | |
| 36 | I | 1 | B, D, E | 3.OA.C.7 | |
| 37 | I | 1 | 72 | 3.MD.C.7b | |
| 38 | I | 1 | B, C, E | 3.NF.A.3b | |
| 39 | I | 1 | 44 | 3.OA.D.8 | |
| 40 | I | 1 | B, D | 3.NF.A.3c | |
| 41 | II | 3 | Part A: rubric Part B: rubric Part C: rubric | LEAP.II.3.5 (3.OA.B.6) | |
| 42 | 111 | 6 | Part A: D Part B: C Part C: 4 Part D: rubric | LEAP.III.3.2 (2.OA.A.1, 2.NBT.B.5) | |
| 43 | I | 1 | D | 3.NF.A.1 | |

RUBRICS

| | Task # 12 | | | |
|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Part A | | | | |
| Score | Description | | | |
| 2 | Student response includes the following 2 elements: | | | |
| | Reasoning component: 1 point | | | |
| | Correct explanation of why Jeanie's reasoning was incorrect using the ones place and tens place | | | |
| | Computation component: 1 point | | | |
| | Correct total number of buttons, 98 | | | |
| | Sample Student Response: | | | |
| | Jeanie's reasoning is incorrect because she didn't realize that 18 means 1 ten and 8 ones. So she didn't add the 10 when she added the other tens. She put the 8 tens in the hundreds place. The total number of buttons she has is 98 because | | | |
| | ¹ 20 19 | | | |
| | 31 + 28 | | | |
| | 98. | | | |
| | Or equivalent explanation. | | | |
| 1 | Student response contains 1 of the 2 elements. | | | |
| 0 | Student response is incorrect or irrelevant. | | | |
| | Part B | | | |
| Score | Description | | | |
| 2 | Student response includes the following 2 elements: | | | |
| | Reasoning component: 1 point | | | |
| | Correct explanation of why Jeanie's reasoning for subtraction was | | | |
| | incorrect | | | |
| | Computation component: 1 point | | | |
| | Correct number of buttons, 12 | | | |
| | Sample Student Response: | | | |
| | Jeanie's reasoning is incorrect because she subtracted the smaller number from | | | |
| | the larger number in each place and did not consider the numbers 31 and 19 as | | | |
| | two-digit numbers. She has 12 more red buttons than orange buttons. | | | |
| | ² 3 ¹ 1 | | | |
| | $\frac{-19}{12}$ | | | |
| | Or equivalent explanation. | | | |
| 1 | Student response contains 1 of the 2 elements. | | | |
| 0 | Student response is incorrect or irrelevant. | | | |
| | | | | |

| | Task #14 | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Score | Description | | | |
| 3 | Student response includes the following 3 elements: | | | |
| | Modeling component: 2 points | | | |
| | Correct work to find the number of pictures in one package and gives the correct number of pictures, 9 | | | |
| | Correct work showing how to find the number of packages | | | |
| | Computation component: 1 point | | | |
| | Correct number of packages, 4 | | | |
| | Sample Student Response: | | | |
| | Number of pictures in 1 package: 4 + 3 + 2 = 9 pictures | | | |
| | Number of packages: $36 \div 9 = 4$ | | | |
| | Mr. Haley bought 4 packages. | | | |
| 2 | Student response includes 2 of the 3 elements. | | | |
| 1 | Student response includes 1 of the 3 elements. | | | |
| 0 | The response is incorrect or irrelevant. | | | |

| | Task #26 | | | | |
|-------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Score | Description | | | | |
| 3 | Student response includes the following 3 elements: | | | | |
| | Computation component: 1 point | | | | |
| | • Point P represents $\frac{5}{6}$ | | | | |
| | Reasoning component: 2 points | | | | |
| | Correct explanation for what the denominator represents | | | | |
| | Correct explanation for what the numerator represents | | | | |
| | Sample Student Response: | | | | |
| | Point P is at $\frac{5}{6}$ on the number line. The denominator represents the total number | | | | |
| | of equal parts between 0 and 1. There are six equal segments between 0 and 1 so | | | | |
| | each segment is $\frac{1}{6}$. | | | | |
| | The numerator represents the number of segments that the number is to the | | | | |
| | right of 0. So, if you count 5 segments of $\frac{1}{6}$, you end up at $\frac{5}{6}$. | | | | |
| 2 | Student response includes 2 of the 3 elements. | | | | |
| 1 | Student response includes 1 of the 3 elements. | | | | |
| 0 | Student response is incorrect or irrelevant. | | | | |

| | Task #29 | | |
|-------|--|--|--|
| Score | Description | | |
| 3 | Student response includes the following 3 elements. | | |
| | Modeling component: 2 points | | |
| | Correct work to find the total time traveling to and from the library | | |
| | Correct work to find the difference between the time spent at the library and the time spent traveling to and from the library | | |
| | Computation component: 1 point | | |
| | Correct number of minutes, 4 | | |
| | | | |
| | Sample Student Response: | | |
| | Add the walking to the library time and the driving home time to get the total | | |
| | time traveling. | | |
| | 26 + 15 = 41 minutes | | |
| | Then subtract the total traveling time from the time spent at the library to get | | |
| | the difference. | | |
| | 45 – 41 = 4 minutes | | |
| | Note: Any equation, drawing, or explanation that can reasonably be used to solve this problem is acceptable. | | |
| 2 | Student response includes 2 of the 3 elements. | | |
| 1 | Student response includes 1 of the 3 elements. | | |
| 0 | Student response is incorrect or irrelevant. | | |

| | Task #41 | | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Part A | | | | |
| Score | Description | | | | |
| 1 | Student response includes the following element. | | | | |
| | Reasoning component: 1 point | | | | |
| | Correct explanation of why Fred's answer is incorrect. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Sample Student Response: | | | | |
| | Fred's mistake was that he might have used the wrong multiplication fact to find | | | | |
| | his answer. He used 9 \times 3 instead of 9 \times 4. Because 9 \times 4 = 36, then 36 \div 9 = 4. | | | | |
| | Notes: | | | | |
| | A variety of explanations are valid, as long as it is clear that the student | | | | |
| | understands how the incorrect answer to 36 divided by 9 was found. | | | | |
| | For example, a student may possibly use repeated subtraction as a way to show | | | | |
| | the mistake: 36 – 9 = 27, 27 – 9 = 18, 18 – 9 = 9, 9 – 9 = 0. Credit should be given as | | | | |
| | long as the various steps are written as separate equations and not as a nonsense | | | | |
| | statement, and the response shows an understanding that because 9 was | | | | |
| | subtracted 4 times, the correct answer is 4 and not 3. | | | | |
| 0 | Student response is incorrect or irrelevant. | | | | |
| | Part B | | | | |
| Score | Description | | | | |
| 1 | Student response includes the following element. | | | | |
| | Computation component: 1 point | | | | |
| | • Correct answer, 4 | | | | |
| | Sample Student Response: 4 | | | | |
| 0 | | | | | |
| U | Student response is incorrect or irrelevant. Part C | | | | |
| Score | Description | | | | |
| 1 | Student response includes the following element. | | | | |
| - | Reasoning component: 1 point | | | | |
| | Student provides a multiplication problem to prove the provided | | | | |
| | answer is correct. | | | | |
| | Sample Student Response: | | | | |
| | $9 \times 4 = 36$ OR $4 \times 9 = 36$ | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Note: If a computation mistake is made in Part B, credit for reasoning can be | | | | |
| | awarded in this part if a valid equation is provided. | | | | |
| 0 | Student response is incorrect or irrelevant. | | | | |

| | Task #42 | | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Part D | | | | |
| Score | Description | | | | |
| 3 | Student response includes the following 3 elements: | | | | |
| | Computation component: 2 points | | | | |
| | Correct number of total points scored by the top two scorers, 37 | | | | |
| | Correct number of points scored by the rest of the team, 26 | | | | |
| | Modeling component: 1 point | | | | |
| | Correct work to find the total number of points | | | | |
| | Sample Student Response: | | | | |
| | The top two players scored 37 points because 25 + 12 = 37. | | | | |
| | The rest of the team scored 26 points because $63 - 37 = 26$. | | | | |
| | Notes: | | | | |
| | A correct procedure that uses a single equation can receive credit for the total | | | | |
| | points scored by the top two scorers. | | | | |
| | A correct two step procedure that doesn't add the two top scorers can receive | | | | |
| | full credit. | | | | |
| | Response does not need to show work for the total number of points scored by | | | | |
| | the Lions to receive credit (this was found in Part A). | | | | |
| 2 | Student response includes 2 of the 3 elements. | | | | |
| 1 | Student response includes 1 of the 3 elements. | | | | |
| 0 | Student response is incorrect or irrelevant. | | | | |