

This document includes the following:

- LEAP 2025 Science Assessments Support Key Shifts in Science Instruction
- Achievement-Level Definitions
- Achievement-Level Descriptors

LEAP 2025 Science Assessments Support Key Shifts in Science Instruction

The operational test will assess a student's understanding of the grade 4 LSS for Science reflecting the multiple dimensions of the standards.

Shift: Apply content knowledge and skills (Disciplinary Core Idea, DCI)

In the classroom, students develop skills and content knowledge reflected in the Performance Expectations (PE) and detailed in the Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCI), the key skills and knowledge students are expected to master by the end of the course.

On the test, students answer questions which require content knowledge and skills aligned to PE bundles (groupings of like PEs) and the corresponding DCIs.

Shift: Investigate, evaluate, and reason scientifically (Science and Engineering Practice, SEP)

In the classroom, students do more than learn about science: they "do" science. Simply having content knowledge and scientific skills are not enough; students must investigate and apply content knowledge to scientific phenomena. Phenomena are real world observations that can be explained through scientific knowledge and reasoning (e.g., water droplets form on the outside of a water glass, plants tend to grow toward their light source, different layers of rock can be seen on the side of the road). Science instruction must integrate the practices, or behaviors, of scientists and engineers as students investigate real-world phenomena and design solutions to problems.

On the test, students do more than answer recall questions about science; they apply the practices, or behaviors, of scientists and engineers as students investigate each real-world phenomenon and design solutions to problems.

Shift: Connect ideas across disciplines (Crosscutting Concept, CCC)

In the classroom, students develop a coherent and scientifically-based view of the world, they must make connections across the domains of science (life science, physical science, earth and space science, environmental science, and engineering, technology, and applications of science). These connections are identified as crosscutting concepts (CCC).

On the test, sets of questions assess student application of knowledge across the domains of science for a comprehensive picture of student readiness for their next grade or course in science.

Achievement-Level Definitions

Achievement-level definitions briefly describe the expectations for student performance at each of Louisiana's five achievement levels. The achievement levels are part of Louisiana's cohesive assessment system and indicate a student's ability to demonstrate proficiency on the Louisiana student standards defined for a specific course.





The following list identifies the achievement-level definitions for the LEAP 2025 assessment program.

- Advanced: Students performing at this level have exceeded college and career readiness expectations and are well prepared for the next level of studies in this content area.
- Mastery: Students performing at this level have **met** college and career readiness expectations and are prepared for the next level of studies in this content area.
- **Basic:** Students performing at this level have **nearly met** college and career readiness expectations and may need additional support to be fully prepared for the next level of studies in this content area.
- Approaching Basic: Students performing at this level have partially met college and career readiness expectations and will need much support to be prepared for the next level of studies in this content area.
- **Unsatisfactory:** Students performing at this level have **not yet met** the college and career readiness expectations and will need extensive support to be prepared for the next level of studies in this content area

Achievement-Level Descriptors

Achievement-level descriptors (ALDs) are content specific and describe the knowledge, skills, and processes that students typically demonstrate at each achievement level. The Achievement-Level Descriptors Table, shown below, is color-coded to highlight the key shifts in science instruction built into the LEAP 2025 science assessments. The codes are: SEP = blue; DCI = orange; CCC = green

Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) are the practices that scientists and engineers use when investigating real world phenomena and designing solutions to problems. There are eight science and engineering practices that apply to all grade levels and content areas.

- 1. Asking questions (science) and defining problems (engineering)
- 2. Developing and using models
- 3. Planning and carrying out investigations
- 4. Analyzing and interpreting data
- 5. Using mathematical and computational thinking
- 6. Constructing explanations (science) and designing solutions (engineering)
- 7. Engaging in argument with evidence
- 8. Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information

Crosscutting Concepts (CCC) are common themes that have application across all disciplines of science and allow students to connect learning within and across grade levels or content areas. The seven crosscutting concepts apply to all grade levels and content areas.

- 1. Patterns (PAT)
- 2. Cause and effect (C/E)
- 3. Scale, proportion, and quantity (SPQ)
- 4. Systems and models (SYS)
- 5. Energy and matter (E/M)
- 6. Structure and function (S/F)
- 7. Stability and change (S/C)





| Performance Expectation | Level 5: Advanced | Level 4: Mastery | Level 3: Basic | Level 2: Approaching Basic | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | Investigate | | | | |
| 4-PS3-2 Make observations | Evaluate an investigation to | Make observations to | Identify evidence based on | Identify forms of energy that | |
| to provide evidence that | support an explanation that | provide evidence that energy | observations that energy can | can be transferred from place | |
| energy can be transferred | energy can be transferred | can be transferred from place | be transferred from place to | to place. | |
| from place to place by sound, | from place to place by sound, | to place by sound, light, heat, | place by sound, light, heat, | | |
| light, heat, and electric | light, heat, and electric | and electric currents. | and electric currents. | | |
| currents. | currents. | | | | |
| CCC: E/M | | | | | |
| SEP: 3 | | | | | |
| 4-PS3-3 Ask questions and | Evaluate questions and/or | Ask questions and/or support | Identify questions or | Identify variables about the | |
| predict outcomes about the | predictions to construct | explanations of predictions | predictions about the | changes in energy that occur | |
| changes in energy that occur | explanations about the | about the changes in energy | changes in energy that occur | when objects collide. | |
| when objects collide. | changes in energy that occur | that occur when objects | when objects collide. | | |
| CCC: E/M | when objects collide. | collide. | | | |
| SEP: 1 | | | | | |
| 4-ESS2-1 Plan and conduct | Revise an investigation on | Plan an investigation on the | Classify variables in an | Organize the steps of an | |
| investigations on the effects | the effects of water, ice, | effects of water, ice, wind, | investigation on the effects | investigation to describe the | |
| of water, ice, wind, and | wind, and vegetation on the | and vegetation on the | of water, ice, wind, and/or | effects of water, ice, wind, | |
| vegetation on the relative | relative rate of weathering | relative rate of weathering | vegetation on the relative | and vegetation on the | |
| rate of weathering and | and erosion. | and erosion. | rate of erosion. | relative rate of erosion. | |
| erosion. | | | | | |
| CCC: C/E | | | | | |
| SEP: 3 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |





| Performance Expectation | Level 5: Advanced | Level 4: Mastery | Level 3: Basic | Level 2: Approaching Basic | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 4-ESS2-3 Ask questions that | Evaluate questions that can | Ask questions that can be | Identify questions that can be | Identify variables that can be | |
| can be investigated and | be investigated and/or | investigated and/or support | investigated or reasonable | investigated about how living | |
| predict reasonable outcomes | predictions to construct | explanations of predictions | predictions about how living | things affect the physical | |
| about how living things affect | explanations about how | about how living things affect | things affect the physical | characteristics of their | |
| the physical characteristics of | living things affect the | the physical characteristics of | characteristics of their | environment. | |
| their environment. | physical characteristics of | their environment. | environment. | | |
| CCC: C/E | their environment. | | | | |
| SEP: 1 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | Evaluate | | | |
| 4-LS1-1 Construct an | Construct an argument that | Support an argument that | Identify the functions of the | Identify the internal and | |
| argument that plants and | plants and animals have | plants and animals have | internal and external | external structures that | |
| animals have internal and | internal and external | internal and external | structures that support | function to support survival, | |
| external structures that | structures that function to | structures that function to | survival, growth, behavior, | growth, behavior, and | |
| function to support survival, | support survival, growth, | support survival, growth, | and reproduction in plants | reproduction in plants and | |
| growth, behavior, and | behavior, and reproduction. | behavior, and reproduction. | and animals. | animals. | |
| reproduction. | | | | | |
| CCC: SYS | | | | | |
| SEP: 7 | | | | | |
| 4-ESS2-2 Analyze and | Use data from maps to | Use data from maps to | Interpret data from displays | Use pictures or drawings to | |
| interpret data from maps to | construct claims about | support claims about | to describe patterns of | identify patterns of Earth's | |
| describe patterns of Earth's | patterns of Earth's features. | patterns of Earth's features. | Earth's features. | features. | |
| features. | | | | | |
| CCC: PAT | | | | | |
| SEP: 4 | | | | | |
| Reason Scientifically | | | | | |
| 4-PS3-1 Use evidence to | Use evidence to construct an | Use evidence to support an | Identify an explanation | Identify the relationship | |
| construct an explanation | explanation relating the | explanation relating the | relating the speed of an | between the speed of an | |
| relating the speed of an | speed of an object to the | speed of an object to the | object to the energy of that | object and the energy of that | |
| object to the energy of that | energy of that object. | energy of that object. | object. | object. | |
| object. | | | | | |
| CCC: E/M | | | | | |
| SEP: 6 | | | | | |





| Performance Expectation | Level 5: Advanced | Level 4: Mastery | Level 3: Basic | Level 2: Approaching Basic |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 4-PS3-4 Apply scientific ideas | Apply scientific ideas to | Use a device to explain how | Identify in a device the point | Identify the type(s) of energy |
| to design, test, and refine a | design, test, and/or refine a | energy is converted from one | at which energy is converted | produced by a device. |
| device that converts energy | device that converts energy | form to another. | from one form to another. | |
| from one form to another. | from one form to another. | | | |
| CCC: E/M | | | | |
| SEP: 6 | | | | |
| 4-PS4-1 Develop a model of | Develop and/or use a model | Develop and/or use a model | Use models of waves to | Use a model of waves to |
| waves to describe patterns in | of waves to construct | of waves to describe patterns | compare patterns in terms of | identify patterns in terms of |
| terms of amplitude and | explanations describing | in terms of amplitude and | amplitude/energy or | amplitude and wavelength. |
| wavelength and to show that | patterns in terms of | wavelength and to show that | wavelength/frequency. | |
| waves can cause objects to | amplitude and wavelength | waves can cause objects to | | |
| move. | and to show that waves can | move. | | |
| CCC: PAT | cause objects to move. | | | |
| SEP: 2 | | | | |
| 4-PS4-2 Develop a model to | Develop and/or use a model | Develop and/or use a model | Compare models that | Identify a model that |
| describe that light reflecting | to construct an explanation | to support an explanation | describe how light reflecting | illustrates that light reflecting |
| from objects and entering | that light reflecting from | that light reflecting from | from objects and entering | from objects and entering |
| the eye allows objects to be | objects and entering the eye | objects and entering the eye | the eye allows objects to be | the eye allows objects to be |
| seen. | allows objects to be seen. | allows objects to be seen. | seen. | seen. |
| CCC: C/E | | | | |
| SEP: 2 | | | | |
| 4-LS1-2 Construct an | Use evidence to construct an | Use evidence to support an | Use information from data to | Identify how information |
| explanation to describe how | explanation to describe how | explanation to describe how | identify how information | animals receive through their |
| animals receive different | animals receive different | animals receive different | animals receive through their | senses affects their |
| types of information through | types of information through | types of information through | senses affects their | responses. |
| their senses, process the | their senses, process the | their senses, process the | responses. | |
| information in their brains, | information in their brains, | information in their brains, | | |
| and respond to the | and respond to the | and respond to the | | |
| information in different | information in different | information in different | | |
| ways. | ways. | ways. | | |
| CCC: C/E | | | | |
| SEP: 6 | | | | |





| Performance Expectation | Level 5: Advanced | Level 4: Mastery | Level 3: Basic | Level 2: Approaching Basic |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 4-ESS1-1 Identify evidence | Use evidence from patterns | Use evidence from patterns | Identify evidence from | Identify evidence from |
| from patterns in rock | in rock formations and fossils | in rock formations and fossils | patterns in rock formations | patterns in fossils in rock |
| formations and fossils in rock | in rock layers to construct an | in rock layers to support an | and fossils in rock layers. | layers. |
| layers to support an | explanation for changes in | explanation for changes in | | |
| explanation for changes in | landforms over time. | landforms over time. | | |
| landforms over time. | | | | |
| CCC: PAT | | | | |
| SEP: 6 | | | | |
| 4-ESS3-2 Generate and | Construct multiple solutions | Compare multiple solutions | Describe the effectiveness of | Identify a solution to reduce |
| compare multiple solutions | to reduce the impacts of | to reduce the impacts of | a solution to reduce the | the impacts of natural Earth |
| to reduce the impacts of | natural Earth processes on | natural Earth processes on | impacts of natural Earth | processes on humans. |
| natural Earth processes on | humans, considering | humans. | processes on humans. | |
| humans. | limitations. | | | |
| CCC: C/E | | | | |
| SEP: 6 | | | | |

4-ESS3-1 may be assessed and would be reported as part of the overall score. This particular PE does not fit neatly into any one of the three categories; rather, it partly touches all three categories.

| Performance Expectation | Level 5: Advanced | Level 4: Mastery | Level 3: Basic | Level 2: Approaching Basic |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 4-ESS3-1 Obtain and combine | Use information to construct | Obtain and combine | Compare information to | Identify the types of energy |
| information to describe that | explanations that energy and | information to support | describe that energy and | derived from renewable and |
| energy and fuels are derived | fuels are derived from | explanations that energy and | fuels are derived from | non-renewable resources. |
| from renewable and non- | renewable and non- | fuels are derived from | renewable and non- | |
| renewable resources and | renewable resources and of | renewable and non- | renewable resources. | |
| how their uses affect the | how their uses affect the | renewable resources and of | | |
| environment. | environment. | how their uses affect the | | |
| CCC: C/E | | environment. | | |
| SEP: 8 | | | | |