

LEAP 2025 Grade 6 Spanish Mathematics Practice Test Answer Key



This document contains the answer keys and rubrics for the LEAP 2025 Grade 6 Spanish Mathematics Practice Test.

			Session 1	
Task #	Task Type	Value (points)	Кеу	Alignment
1	I	1	D	6.NS.A.1
2	I	1	А, В, Е	6.EE.A.4
3	I	1	Por cada 4 • libros de misterio que se prestaron, se prestaron 3 • libros de no ficción.	6.RP.A.1
4	I	1	D	6.NS.B.3
5	I	1	-3.5	6.NS.C.6c
6	I	1	432	6.NS.B.2
7	I	1	С	6.NS.C.6a
8	I	1	В	6.NS.B.4
9	I	1	D, E	6.SP.A.1
10	I	1	Α	6.EE.B.6
11	1	1	Duración de las películas	6.SP.B.4

	Session 1					
Task #	Task Type	Value (points)		Кеу		Alignment
				Encima del punto de congelación	Debajo del punto de congelación	
			0.5° C			
12	1	1	-13° C			6.NS.C.5
12		1	100° C			0.113.0.5
			5.5° C			
			−2.25° C			
13	I	1	1668.2			6.NS.B.2
14	I	1	D			6.EE.A.1
15	I	1	54			6.RP.A.2
16	I	1	-4			6.NS.C.6c
17	I	1	9			6.NS.C.8
18	I	1	B, D			6.EE.A.4
19	Ι	1	85.104			6.NS.B.3
20	I	1	В			6.NS.B.3

	Session 2			
Task #	Task Type	Value (points)	Кеу	Alignment
21	I	1	В	6.EE.A.2a
22		1	30	6.RP.A.3c
23	I	1	La cinta cuesta \$0.008 • por centímetro •.	6.RP.A.3d
24	I	1	В	6.EE.B.5
25	I	1	164340	6.EE.A.2c
26	I	1	0.008	6.EE.A.1
27		3	rubric	LEAP.III.6.3 (6.RP.A.3)
28	I	2	Part A: 90 Part B: 24	6.RP.A.3c
29	I	2	Part A: A, B, E, G Part B: 16	6.G.A.3
30	11	4	rubric	LEAP.II.6.9 (5.NBT.A.1, 5.NBT.A.2)

	Session 2				
Task #	Task Type	Value (points)	Кеу	Alignment	
31	111	3	Part A: rubric Part B: rubric	LEAP.III.6.1 (6.RP.A.3b, 6.EE.A.2a, 6.EE.A.2c, 6.EE.B.6)	
32	II	3	Part A: rubric Part B: rubric	LEAP.II.6.4 (6.NS.C.6a, 6.NS.C.6c)	

			Session 3	
Task #	Task Type	Value (points)	Кеу	Alignment
33	I	1	6.75	6.RP.A.3c
34	Ι	1	Árboles plantados en el parque	6.RP.A.3a
35	I	1	0.25	6.RP.A.3d
36	I	1	B, C	6.EE.A.2a
37	II	3	rubric	LEAP.II.6.7 (6.EE.A.4)

			Session 3	
Task #	Task Type	Value (points)	Кеу	Alignment
38	I	2	Part A: t × • 8 • = 39.60 • Part B: 4.95	6.EE.B.7
39	I	1	11	6.EE.A.2c
40	I	2	Part A: 52 Part B: 8	6.RP.A.3b
41	II	4	rubric	LEAP.II.6.3 (6.NS.A.1)
42	I	1	В	6.EE.B.5
43	111	6	Part A: rubric Part B: rubric	LEAP.III.6.2 (5.MD.A.1, 5.MD.B.2, 5.NF.A.2, 5.NF.B.6)

RUBRICS

	Task # 27
Score	Description
3	 Student response includes the following 3 elements: Modeling component: 2 points Models a strategy for developing a reasoned estimate for an appropriate length and width of each cereal bar, including explaining assumptions Models a strategy for determining the amount each cereal bar will cost Megan to make Computation component: 1 point Amount each cereal bar will cost based on modeling strategy
	Sample Student Response: I assume that each bar could be 2 inches by 4 inches. This is a reasonable size for a cereal bar and it easy enough to hold and does not appear to be too large a serving size. The cereal bar can also be cut so that all cereal bars are the same size and shape since 24 inches and 16 inches can be evenly divided by 2 inches and 4 inches. For the 1 pan of bars cut so each bar is 2 inches by 4 inches, there would be 6 rows of bars ($24 \div 4$) and 8 bars in each row ($16 \div 2$). Altogether, that would make 48 bars for each pan. The amount spent on ingredients is \$9.85, so the amount each cereal bar will cost Megan to make is \$9.85 $\div 48$, which is \$0.205 or about \$0.21.
	 Notes: Other reasoned estimates are possible. As long as the modeling steps are valid, credit should be awarded. The student may receive a combined total of 2 points if the modeling processes are correct but the student makes one or more computational errors resulting in incorrect answers. The student may receive a total of 1 point if he/she computes the correct answer but shows no work or insufficient work to indicate a correct modeling process.
2	Student response includes 2 of the 3 elements.
1	Student response includes 1 of the 3 elements.
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.

	Task #30	
Score	Description	
4	Student response includes the following 4 elements:	
	Reasoning component: 2 points	
	 Correctly explains why Pattern A is incorrect 	
	 Correctly explains why Pattern B is incorrect 	
	Computation component: 2 points	
	 Correct values for Pattern A 	
	 Correct values for Pattern B 	
	Sample Student Response:	
	The student added zeros to the right of the number, instead of moving the number up one place value.	
	The student added zeros to the left of the decimal portion of the number, instead of moving the number down one place value.	
	For pattern A	
	3.675 × 10 = 36.75	
	$3.675 \times 100 = 367.5$	
	3.675 × 1,000 = 3,675	
	For Pattern B	
	$3.675 \times 0.1 = 0.3675$	
	$3.675 \times 0.01 = 0.03675$	
	$3.675 \times 0.001 = 0.003675$	
	Note: Other valid reasoning exists. As long as the student explains the flaw in the	
	provided work, credit should be awarded.	
3	Student response includes 3 of the 4 elements.	
2	Student response includes 2 of the 3 elements.	
1	Student response includes 1 of the 3 elements.	
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.	

	Task #31
	Part A
Score	Description
1	Student response includes the following element:
	Modeling component: 1 point
	 Correct expression that represents the total amount of money raised
	Sample Student Response:
	15 <i>x</i>
	Note: Any valid equivalent expression can receive credit.
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.
-	Part B
Score	Description
2	Student response includes the following 2 elements:
	Modeling component: 1 point
	 Shows or explains a correct process to find the difference
	Computation component: 1 point
	 Correct answer, 145
	Sample Student Response:
	$15 \times 43 = 645$, and $645 - 500 = 145$
	OR
	Using my expression, I multiplied 43 by \$115 to get a total of \$645 raised. I then
	subtracted \$500 from \$645 to get \$145 for the amount that the club exceeded its goal.
	Notes:
	• The student may receive 1 point for Part B if the modeling process is correct
	but the student makes one or more computational errors resulting in incorrect
	answers.
	• The student may receive 1 point for Part B if he or she computes the correct
	answers but shows no work or insufficient work to indicate a correct modeling
	process.
	 If a student writes an incorrect model and answers the remaining prompts
	based on the model, he or she can receive 1 point for computation but no
1	points for modeling.
1	Student response includes 1 of the 2 elements.
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.

	Task #32			
	Part A			
Score	Description			
2	Student response includes the following 2 elements:			
	Reasoning component: 1 point			
	 Correct work shown or explanation given using the number line 			
	Computation component: 1 point			
	• Correct distance of each point from <i>Q</i> (0.3 for <i>R</i> and 0.6 for <i>P</i>)			
	Sample Student Response:			
	Point <i>R</i> is 0.3 unit from point <i>Q</i> , because there are 3 spaces of 0.1 between them on			
	the number line.			
	Point <i>P</i> is 0.6 unit from point <i>Q</i> , because there are 6 spaces of 0.1 between them on			
	the number line.			
1	Student response includes 1 of the 2 elements.			
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.			
-	Part B			
Score	Description			
1	Student response includes the following element:			
	Reasoning component: 1 point			
	 Correct explanation of how to find point S on the number line 			
	Sample Student Response:			
	Since point <i>Q</i> is at 0 and since point <i>S</i> is the same distance from point <i>Q</i> as point <i>R</i> but			
	in a different location, it must be on the opposite side of point Q. Points R and S are on			
	opposite sides of 0 on the number line, so their locations should have opposite signs.			
	Since point <i>R</i> is located at 0.3, point <i>S</i> must be located at -0.3.			
	Note: Point S can also be located at 0.3 for credit with a valid explanation.			
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.			

	Task #37		
Score	Description		
3	Student response includes the following 3 elements:		
	Reasoning component: 2 points		
	 Correct explanation of why Brianna's thinking is incorrect 		
	 Correct explanation of how to determine which expressions are 		
	equivalent		
	Computation component: 1 point		
	 Identifies expressions A and C as equivalent 		
	Sample Student Response:		
	Brianna only checked the value of each expression for one substitution of <i>x</i> . To check		
	which expressions are equivalent, I need to check that they are the same value for any substitution of x. Since expressions A and C are bot equivalent to the expression $6x - 4$,		
	they will be equivalent for any substitution of x, so they are equivalent.		
2	Student response includes 2 of the 3 elements.		
1	Student response includes 1 of the 3 elements.		
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.		

	Task #41		
Score	Description		
4	Student response includes the following 4 elements:		
	Reasoning component: 3 points		
	 Correct explanation of how to find the number of sheets in a stack using the ruler 		
	• Correct expression or equation that can be used to find the number of sheets, $2\frac{1}{4} \div \frac{3}{16}$ or equivalent		
	 Correct explanation of how expression relates to use of the ruler 		
	Computation component: 1 point		
	 Correct number of sheets of cardboard in a stack, 12 		
	Sample Student Response:		
	To find the number of sheets in a stack using the ruler, you start at $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches on the		
	ruler. Then you can mark off groups of $\frac{3}{16}$. This is 3 of the 16ths marks on the ruler.		
	Then you can count the number of groups. There were 12 groups, so there are 12 sheets in a stack.		
	An expression that represents this is $2\frac{1}{4} \div \frac{3}{16}$. This relates to using the ruler because		
	you are starting with $2\frac{1}{4}$ and dividing by $\frac{3}{16}$, which is really finding how many groups of		
	$\frac{3}{16}$ there are in $2\frac{1}{4}$. When you divide, you will get 12, which means there are 12 groups		
	of $\frac{3}{16}$ in $2\frac{1}{4}$.		
3	Student response includes 3 of the 4 elements.		
2	Student response includes 2 of the 3 elements.		
1	Student response includes 1 of the 3 elements.		
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.		

Task #43		
Part A		
Score	Description	
3	Student response includes the following 3 elements:	
	Computation component: 1 point	
	 Correct total number of cups of water, 3 	
	Modeling component: 2 points	
	 Correct expression using addition AND multiplication 	
	 Correct process for evaluating the expression written 	
	Sample Student Response:	
	3 (cups)	
	$6 \times \frac{1}{8} + 2 \times \frac{1}{4} + 3 \times \frac{3}{8} + 1 \times \frac{5}{8} \\ 6 \times \frac{1}{8} + 2 \times \frac{1}{4} + 3 \times \frac{3}{8} + 1 \times \frac{5}{8} =$	
	$6 \times \frac{1}{2} + 2 \times \frac{1}{2} + 3 \times \frac{3}{2} + 1 \times \frac{5}{2} =$	
	8 4 8 8 6 2 9 5	
	-+-+-=	
	$\frac{\frac{6}{8} + \frac{2}{4} + \frac{9}{8} + \frac{5}{8} =}{\frac{6}{8} + \frac{4}{8} + \frac{9}{8} + \frac{5}{8} = \frac{24}{8} = 3$	
	Notes:	
	• The student must show operations of addition AND multiplication in order to	
	receive the modeling point. If students only use addition, they do not get the modeling point.	
	• The student must show only one expression to receive this modeling point.	
	• If the student writes an incorrect expression but shows a correct process for	
	evaluating that expression, the student will receive 1 modeling point.	
2	Student response includes 2 of the 3 elements.	
1	Student response includes 1 of the 3 elements.	
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.	

Task #43		
Part B		
Score	Description	
3	Student response includes the following 3 elements:	
	Computation component: 1 point	
	 Correct total number of fluid ounces, 56 fluid ounces 	
	Modeling component: 2 points	
	 Correct process for finding the amount of water in the beaker 	
	 Correct process for converting gallons and cups to fluid ounces 	
	Sample Student Response:	
	The amount of water in the beaker can be found by adding 3 cups to $\frac{1}{4}$ gallon.	
	To convert $\frac{1}{4}$ gallon to fluid ounces, I need to multiply by 128, which is 32 fluid ounces.	
	To convert 3 cups to fluid ounces, I need to multiply by 8, which is 24 fluid ounces. The amount of water in the beaker before the water was poured out is 32 + 24 = 56 fluid ounces.	
	 Notes: Units are not required to receive credit. The student may receive a combined total of 4 points if the modeling processes are correct but the student makes one or more computational errors resulting in incorrect answers. The student may receive a total of 2 points if he or she computes the correct answers but shows no work or insufficient work to indicate a correct modeling process. The student cannot receive more than 2 points for modeling if the explanations, while sufficient to indicate that the student had a correct process contain nonsense statements, such as ¹/₄ × 128 = 32 + 24 = 56. 	
2	Student response includes 2 of the 3 elements.	
1	Student response includes 1 of the 3 elements.	
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.	