INTRODUCTION

The Louisiana Department of Education has published the Louisiana High School Planning Guidebook each year since 2014. This condensed resource consolidates the policies and programs that are most relevant to high school educators as they plan for the upcoming academic year and prepare all students for college and career success.

Every year, across Louisiana, high school leadership teams create plans to ensure they are preparing all students for college and career success, and the Louisiana High School Planning Guidebook is a tool to support those efforts. Schools’ 2019-2020 plans expanded when facilities closed in response to the COVID-19 pandemic in March of 2020. At that time, efforts immediately shifted to finding innovative ways to provide students access to the same services from afar while prioritizing their health and safety. School systems and the Department have continued to work together to develop plans and processes that provide continuous learning opportunities for all Louisiana students.

At the time of this publication, the Department remains focused on supporting school systems as they address unfinished learning from the 2019-2020 school year and set the foundation for continuous learning in 2020-2021. On May 8, 2020, the Strong Start 2020 web page launched, with new resources to support school operations in 2020-2021 and beyond.

**STRONG START FOR EVERY STUDENT**

- **Every student’s academic needs are identified** at the beginning of the year using a high-quality, standards-aligned diagnostic tool.
- **There is a plan for every student**, including extra time and support for students with the greatest unfinished learning from the prior year.
- **There are clear next steps for every high school student and recent graduate**, who will enter a new economy.

The Louisiana High School Planning Guidebook is published annually. Please visit Louisiana’s Guidebooks web page for the most current version of this and all LDOE guidebooks.
PLANN FOR STUDENT SUCCESS

The high school experience opens doors for young adults—sparking interests, presenting opportunities, and expanding possibilities. To maximize this experience, students must have a smooth, well-planned transition to high school; to ensure their success until graduation, all students must have access to a range of academic opportunities and behavioral supports.

Creating a Layered Continuum of Support

Schools that sustain a high level of performance for all students employ a layered continuum of academic, social-emotional, and behavioral support. In a multi-tiered system of support (MTSS), educators identify student needs early and provide real-time interventions based on data. MTSS prioritizes alignment of resources and support for students, teachers, and staff. MTSS includes universal screening of all students, evidence-based interventions for students who have difficulty in routine instructional settings or who struggle with social-emotional behaviors, and frequent progress monitoring to assess interventions and facilitate necessary adjustments.

Schools should identify and implement a student engagement program that includes the five components of MTSS: (1) team-driven shared leadership; (2) data-based problem solving and decision making; (3) layered continuum of supports; (4) evidence-based practices; and (5) family, school, and community partnering.

Building a High-Quality Academic Program

A curriculum defines how and what educators will teach to ensure their students learn a set of standards.

Selecting and implementing a high-quality curriculum has a significant impact on the quality of student learning. That curriculum must be connected to the standards-aligned assessments students take and the training teachers receive. When curriculum, assessments, and professional development work together, students are more likely to reach the expectations of the academic standards.

The Department assists local school systems in selecting high-quality curricula and aligning them with assessments and professional development by

• reviewing curricula for quality and supporting districts in accessing the best materials,
• providing instructional resources around high-quality curricula, and
• building high-quality tools to fill in the gaps when needed.

Please contact classroomsupporttoolbox@la.gov with questions. Visit the LDOE Academics and the English Learners web page for guidance on building quality programs for diverse learners.

Developing Robust Career-Technical Education Opportunities

Louisiana’s Jump Start program is a nationally recognized model for career and technical education (CTE), requiring students to attain industry-valued credentials as part of their high school experience. Jump Start aligns Louisiana’s K-12 CTE strategy with the state’s economic development strategies, preparing students for the careers that will drive our state’s future prosperity. Therefore, school leaders must carefully consider the resources they will need to meet the needs of their students as well as those of the larger community. All Louisiana students—whether they are on the TOPS Tech or the TOPS University Diploma track—must have the opportunity to obtain industry-based credentials that will prepare them for high-wage, high-demand careers.

REVIEW STUDENT RECORDS

Review information systems. Ensure that there are flexible classroom strategies and solid transition programs in place for students who have an IEP, IAP, EL Accommodation Checklist, and/or the designation of homeless or transient status. Provide relevant support and effective professional development for all school staff, and develop administrative procedures that increase the overall quality of students’ school experience.

Review graduation plans. Individual student planning starts in the 8th grade and continues until graduation. Ideally, the records from the middle/junior high school will include an Individual Graduation Plan (IGP) for every incoming student. This plan provides important information about the kind of planning that occurred before in the middle school years and informs next steps for high school personnel. Counselors should make time to meet individually with any student who arrives on the high school campus without an IGP.

Review placement recommendations from the middle/junior high. Research shows that students placed on a high school campus are less likely to drop out than students who are retained at the middle school. The School Building Level Committee (SBLC) at the middle school should review standardized test scores, prior coursework, and student behavioral data to determine the most appropriate setting for each student. Placement in transitional ninth grade (T9) is at the discretion of the local school and/or school system where the student was enrolled in eighth grade. However, middle schools are highly encouraged to collaborate with the high school for such placement. See page 13 of this guide for information about Louisiana’s Promotion Policy.
**DETERMINE FIRST-YEAR EXPERIENCE**

Confirm or modify each student’s placement for the first year experience: 9th or transitional 9th grade (T9). For any eighth grade completer who transfers from another state or country, the school system shall determine appropriate placement no later than October 1 of each school year. Most school systems determine eligibility for T9 based on a combination of the following data:

- high-quality assessments
- classroom evaluations
- course grades
- student growth
- IEP goals
- attendance records

Incoming high school students who struggle in mathematics should be scheduled into Intensive Algebra I. Intensive Algebra I is a research-based course designed to support students who persistently struggle in math with passing Algebra I in the first year of high school. For more information on Intensive Algebra I course design and scheduling, visit the K-12 Math Planning Page.

English Learners who enroll with little to no documentation of previous education should be placed in the grade according to their age. High school-aged students may be placed in 9th grade or in T9 if they are unable to produce valid transcripts showing earned high school credits. A school representative should meet with students who may need more than four years to acquire enough English to meet all graduation requirements. Visit the English Learner Library for tools on how to identify and support ELs in high school. Review the SIFE One-Pager if the student potentially meets the criteria of a student with interrupted formal education.

Louisiana state placement tests are available in grades 4 and 8 in English Language Arts (ELA) and mathematics and may be used to assess a student’s grade-level readiness in those subjects. Mathematics placement tests are also available in Spanish. School systems should use assessments in the student’s native language, when available, to assess their proficiency and to determine their literacy level. More information about these tests can be found in the Louisiana World Languages Compendium for more information.

Engage families in the high school experience and begin discussions about the range of possibilities available to students during their high school years. Provide information about opportunities to earn college credit and industry credentials, and explain course recovery options when applicable. Discuss student engagement programs and any other opportunities that could be of value to the family. At schools with approved Jobs for America’s Graduates (JAG) programs, inform parents about this national dropout prevention model.

Visit the Graduation Pathways for Students with Disabilities web page and the Students with Disabilities Library for tools to support planning an effective high school experience for students eligible for alternate diploma pathways. Refer to the Louisiana Special Education Guidance for High School Students for an outline of the policies that impact all students with disabilities.

**PLAN FOR STUDENT SUPPORT**

Develop a comprehensive school counseling program.

The American School Counseling Association (ASCA) National Model outlines the components of comprehensive school counseling programs that support college and career readiness and promote school achievement. Visit the LDOE Counselor Support Toolbox for additional resources.

Supporting the Social, Emotional and Mental Well-Being of Students

Every day, all students should experience schools that treat them with dignity and respect and where they have the opportunity to build knowledge of the world, read meaningful texts, express ideas through writing and speaking, and solve complex problems. School systems and schools should focus on the following four areas to develop and sustain positive student engagement and success.

1. **Prioritize Positive, Intentional Relationships:** Facilitate meaningful interactions to develop sustaining, strong relationships within the classroom and throughout the school that includes a focus on staff to student, staff to staff, student to student, and staff to family.

2. **Attend to Individual Students’ Need:** Provide individualized supports and services to meet the social, emotional, mental health well-being of students.

3. **Respond to Student Behavior with Appropriate Support:** Address policies and practices to ensure that students receive appropriate support, as behavior incidences are often a signal of need.

Please reference the Guide to Supporting the Well-Being of Students and Staff and the 2020-2021 Student Engagement Success Partner Guide for additional resources.

Determine how often to evaluate an individual student’s progress, specifying the data the support team will use to identify student progress and gaps.

Quarterly support team meetings are recommended as interim progress checks for reviewing course grades, common assessments, attendance records, and teacher/mentor evaluations.

Execute individual performance criteria through the IEP process for students eligible under Act 833.

Review course schedule and student needs. Develop individual performance criteria as appropriate.
Consider outside resources for support.
Identify students who are eligible for vocational rehabilitation services from Louisiana Rehabilitation Services (LRS). LRS can provide pre-employment transition services (Pre-ETS), career interest identification, soft skills training, job development, job coaching, and job placement.

Educate school personnel and families about graduation options for all students.
Students who are eligible to take the LEAP Connect (alternate assessment) are able to pursue an alternate pathway to a high school diploma. This pathway mirrors the requirements of the traditional graduation pathway and consists of academic, assessment, workforce readiness, and transition components that the student must meet in order to receive a diploma. The diploma looks identical to a regular high school diploma, and the student’s transcript will identify whether the student took Carnegie unit courses or applied credit courses.

SELECT APPROPRIATE ACADEMIC EXPERIENCES
In Louisiana, school systems purchase instructional materials that they determine are best for their local communities. To support this process, educators and experts from across the state have reviewed a large body of resources to determine how well they align with state standards. To make the evaluation results understandable and accessible, the Department designates these programs with tiers and provides the curricular resources annotated reviews online. The Department also provides the following resources:

- Teacher toolbox
- Grade-specific libraries
- English Language Arts (ELA) Guidebooks
- Math planning resources
- Social studies planning resources
- Science planning resources

Once a school system has selected its resources, principals must support teachers with quality professional development around those materials.

PROVIDE RELEVANT CAREER AND TECHNICAL EXPERIENCES
In order to provide students with the greatest range of opportunity, schools must offer state-of-the-art career and technical education facilities, equipment, and instruction. Students who attain a high-demand credential during high school will be better prepared for continued success—regardless of the graduation pathway they ultimately pursue. Micro-Enterprise, Pre-Engineering, Digital Design and Emergent Media, and Environmental Protection and Sustainability are just a few of the high-demand Jump Start pathways that schools can make available to students.

In addition to providing access to relevant credentials, schools must give students the opportunity to learn about careers early and often. To prepare students for their options in high school, Louisiana middle schools expose students to several career exploration activities. Activities might include career interest inventories, job shadowing, field trips, guest speakers, community service activities, and other experiences that are designed to introduce students to the occupations that are in-demand in Louisiana. Students may have also taken a career development course in middle school.

All students can benefit from taking a high school-level career readiness course; students who choose a Jump Start pathway are required to complete at least one. Quest for Success (QFS) is Louisiana’s innovative career exploration course that prepares students for career and life success. Now available statewide, this high school-level course is beneficial to students in either diploma pathway. Students explore their interests, develop essential workforce skills, and research careers and industry sectors. Written by leading educators from across the state, the course is a product of the Louisiana Educator Voice Fellowship, a partnership between the Louisiana Department of Education and the national nonprofit organization America Achieves.

Schools have additional basic career readiness course options. Jobs for America’s Graduates (JAG) is a state-based national nonprofit organization dedicated to preventing dropouts among young people who have serious barriers to graduation and/or employment. The program includes a for-credit class that trains students in career development, job attainment, job survival, basic skills, leadership, and self-development. Louisiana is one of 34 states in the JAG National Network.

Agriscience arms students with knowledge of agricultural, scientific principles, agrifinance, agribusiness, and food science. Students of agriscience also learn about the history of the field and the science applications involved in that industry sector. The Agriculture Tech pathway includes career development lessons and activities that apply to a wide variety of careers.
FOCUS ON CORE ACADEMICS: 9TH AND 10TH GRADES

OVERVIEW
During the first two years of high school, students should focus on building on the knowledge and skills they gained in previous grades. Every 9th and 10th grade student will take core academic classes to pursue a diploma. At the completion of the 10th grade year, a student may choose a Jump Start TOPS Tech Pathway, the TOPS University Pathway, or both. Students, families, and educators collaborate to make these decisions based on a student’s interests, capabilities, and ambitions. These decisions are updated annually in the student’s Individual Graduation Plan (IGP).

FOCUS ON 9TH & 10TH GRADE STUDENTS
1. Determine Appropriate Placement
2. Plan for Student Engagement
3. Schedule Student Coursework
4. Select Initial Student Pathway

STEP 1: Determine Appropriate Placement

Academic Considerations
- Data indicators for student placement can include information from a variety of sources:
  - student growth measures
  - teacher SLT data
  - high-quality assessments
  - IEP goals
  - course grades
  - IGPs

Career Considerations
- Readiness – Does the student have the necessary skills to be successful in the workplace?
- Interests – What are the student’s hobbies outside of school?
- Strengths – What does the student perceive to be strengths and abilities?

STEP 2: Plan for Student Engagement

COLLEGE AND CAREER OPPORTUNITIES
Offer 9th and 10th grade college and career readiness activities that will allow students to engage with experts within the school and the community.

Career Awareness
- Career Fairs
- Workplace Visits
- Role-Play Activities
- Guest Speakers (in-person or online)
- Mentors

College Awareness
- Campus Visits
- College Fairs
- Financial Literacy Activities

Email JumpStart@la.gov for information about providing students and teachers with online access to industry experts locally and across the country with platforms such as Nepris.

STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS
Provide student organizations to support a variety of interests and endeavors.
- National Beta Club is an organization that promotes the ideals of academic achievement, character, leadership, and service among students.
- 4-H helps students develop citizenship, leadership, responsibility, and life skills through experiential learning programs and a positive youth development approach. Though typically thought of as an agriculturally-focused organization, 4-H focuses on citizenship, healthy living, science, engineering, and technology programs.
- The National FFA Organization makes a positive
difference in the lives of students by developing their potential for premier leadership, personal growth and career success through agricultural education.

- **Jobs for America's Graduates (JAG)** is a state-based, national nonprofit organization dedicated to preventing dropouts among young people who are at risk.
- **Distributive Education Clubs of America (DECA)** enhances the preparation for college and careers by providing co-curricular programs that integrate into classroom instruction, applying learning in the context of business, connecting to business and the community, and promoting competition.

**STEP 3: Schedule Student Coursework**

**COMMON COURSEWORK**

Louisiana’s 9th and 10th grade students take common coursework, irrespective of the diploma pathway they ultimately select. Per Bulletin 741, student scheduling shall be individually appropriate and flexible to allow entry into and exit from courses and course sequences that are available for meeting curricular requirements.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>SUBJECT</th>
<th>COMMON COURSEWORK FOR 9TH AND 10TH GRADE STUDENTS</th>
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<td>English</td>
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<tr>
<td>Math</td>
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<td>Social Studies</td>
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**SUPPLEMENTAL COURSES**

Schools that cannot offer all the necessary courses for every student should consider leveraging the resources of the [Course Choice Program](#). The Supplemental Course Allocation gives school districts and other public schools an allocation related to the cost of high school credit courses. Course Choice course offerings are individualized to the needs of secondary students and provided outside the traditional secondary school. Offerings include

- career and technical preparation course classes
- academic work required to achieve TOPS
- advanced coursework not available at the school
- dual enrollment courses from Louisiana postsecondary institutions
- intensive remediation for students who are not on track for graduation

Refer to the [Course Choice Reporting System](#) for Course Choice offerings.

Newcomer ELs, or those who are identified as SIFEs, may need specific supplemental classes to acquire enough language to then access the core content. Most ELs will require additional language supports in their content classes.

**INDIVIDUAL GRADUATION PLANS**

Graduation planning starts in the eighth grade. Each student’s Individual Graduation Plan (IGP) lists the courses students will take in subsequent years and identifies the diploma path they choose in 10th grade. The plan is reviewed, updated, and signed annually.

There is also a fillable IGP form designed for students who are assessed on LEAP Connect. The IGP is based on the student’s academic record, talents, interests, and postsecondary goals. With the assistance of his/her family and the school counselor, each student shall be allowed to choose the high school curriculum framework and related graduation requirements that best meets his/her postsecondary goals. The IGP is reviewed annually and updated or revised in conjunction with the student’s IEP.

The [Individual Graduation Plan Guidance Resource](#) provides guidance to schools as they support families throughout the planning process.

**CARNEGIE CREDIT AND CREDIT FLEXIBILITY**

When awarding credit based on instructional time, school systems shall provide a minimum of 7,965 instructional minutes for one Carnegie credit, and students shall be in attendance for a minimum of 7,515 minutes. In order to grant one-half Carnegie credit, school systems shall provide a minimum of 3,983 instructional minutes, and students shall be in attendance for a minimum of 3,758 minutes.

When awarding Carnegie credit that includes individual performance criteria as outlined in Act 833, school systems must ensure that IEP teams:

- Document the student’s Act 833 eligibility in SER; and
- Include goals and objectives specific to the course in the student’s IEP.

When awarding Carnegie credit based on demonstrated proficiency, school systems, on behalf of any student or group of students, must report the following information to the Department:

- the name of the examination used to measure proficiency, if nationally recognized, or a copy of the examination used to measure proficiency if locally developed, or a listing of requirements to demonstrate proficiency by portfolio submission; and
- the score required to demonstrate proficiency or a listing of requirements to demonstrate proficiency through portfolio submissions.
Proficiency in a course with a state-administered LEAP 2025 exam must be demonstrated using the LEAP 2025 exam. The Department may require revisions to assessments in order to ensure they adequately measure proficiency.

Students meeting the requirements for Carnegie credit based on proficiency shall have the course title, the year proficiency was demonstrated, grade earned, and the unit of credit earned entered on their transcript. School systems shall determine whether to award the letter grade earned on the proficiency assessment(s) or a P (pass) when a student demonstrates proficiency.

**STEP 4: Select the Initial Student Pathway**

By the end of the tenth grade, each student’s *Individual Graduation Plan (IGP)* (or IEP if applicable) will be updated to include the recommended sequence of courses for successful completion of a chosen pathway. Pathway selection should be based on the student’s postsecondary goals, academic record, talents, and interests. IGPs should be developed for all students, including those with disabilities.

**STEP 5: Evaluate Student Growth and Identify Next Steps**

- Review academic data to determine if the student is progressing.
- Assess whether the student has acclimated to the high school campus both socially and academically.
- Plan ongoing counseling and mentoring.
- Revise the *Individual Graduation Plan* based on student’s ongoing needs.
DEVELOP ADVANCED COLLEGE & WORKPLACE SKILLS: 11TH AND 12TH GRADES

Student pathways should connect with real outcomes after high school — for both college-bound students and career-bound students. The TOPS University Pathway ensures students going to four-year colleges have taken a true college preparatory curriculum while in high school and have every chance possible to receive TOPS. Students who complete a Jump Start TOPS Tech Pathway will have attained an industry credential and also be prepared to continue postsecondary opportunities.

Identifying an appropriate individualized student graduation pathway is a critical step at the end of the 10th grade year. Students can participate in one or both pathways—TOPS University or Jump Start TOPS Tech. Both pathways help students prepare for postsecondary success and gain access to scholarships. Schools receive equal accountability system rewards for both pathways.

Students selecting the TOPS University Pathway will continue to pursue core academic credits that mirror the TOPS Core curriculum. Upon completion of all core course credits, students may graduate from high school early or pursue AP®, IB®, CLEP®, Cambridge AICE, or dual enrollment credits. Students graduating on the TOPS University Pathway may also complete Jump Start courses as electives and earn an industry credential. These students may especially be interested in the Louisiana STEM Pathways. TOPS University Pathway requirements can be found on the Graduation Requirements web page.

Students pursuing the Jump Start TOPS Tech Pathway may earn basic or advanced credentials or equivalent credentials earned through dual enrollment coursework. Students graduating with a Jump Start TOPS Tech Career Diploma will be required to attain Jump Start statewide or regional credentials. See the Graduation Requirements web page for details.

DEVELOPING ADVANCED AND BASIC COLLEGE AND WORKPLACE SKILLS FOR 11TH/12TH GRADE

- Identify student interests
- Identify appropriate coursework
- Distinguish among various secondary pathways
- Explore Postsecondary Opportunities
- Assist families with financial aid planning

School systems collaborate with postsecondary institutions, business, and industry to provide career courses and workplace experiences for high school students.

The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE) approved 11 Jump Start 2.0 pathways, along with a waiver process for facilitating changes late in students’ progressions. These 11 pathways align to the National Career Clusters. Jump Start 1.0 course sequences will remain available for incoming freshmen through 2020-2021. Jump Start 2.0 course sequences will be available for incoming freshmen beginning in 2020-2021 and beyond.

Jump Start is a dynamic, adaptive program structured to evolve and grow at the pace of business. The three basic tenets of Jump Start are 1) collaboration—among districts and regional teams; 2) sharing—of best practices and innovations across districts; and 3) certification—for Jump Start students so they have the high-value industry credentials they need to attain high-wage jobs.
INDICATORS FOR STUDENT PLACEMENT

Benchmark, LEAP 2025 and WorkKeys® test results can be used to provide guidance for placement in the appropriate diploma pathway.

- **Benchmark Data**: School districts that use benchmark assessments and common assessments can use that data to guide students to the pathway where they will be most successful.
- **LEAP 2025 Data**: Students’ LEAP 2025 results may be used as a guidepost over time to select pathways for students.
- **ACT Scores and WorkKeys Results**: These standardized tests provide schools with nationally normed data that can inform several decisions.
- **Teacher/Parent Feedback**: Both teacher feedback and parental input are essential in successful placement of students in the best pathway. Schools and districts can work to develop forms that are effective at communicating best placement to school counselors.

**Step 1: Identify Student Interests**

The ACT World-of-Work Map can assist students with identifying careers. This is a system that summarizes and displays basic similarities and differences between occupations. It is visual and interactive, designed to engage users in the process of career exploration. Through the Louisiana Build Your Future website, students can research the requirements for working in a craft profession. They can research wages, learn about skills and training required for various trades, and view and apply for current job openings.

Planning appropriate high school experiences for some students with disabilities requires particular assessments and strategies. Through the guidance in “Planning Appropriate High School Experiences for Act 833 Eligible Students” and “Planning Appropriate High School Experiences for Students Eligible for Alternate Assessment,” school systems can assist students with identifying their interests and choosing coursework that will lead to postsecondary success.

**Step 2: Identify Appropriate Coursework**

Jump Start offers students flexibility by choosing a pathway and spending time in junior and senior years taking courses designed by regional teams of industry leaders, economic development organizations, community and technical colleges, and school districts whose sequences of in- and out-of-school courses and apprenticeships are designed to yield work-ready graduates. The specific credentials will vary by region, but they may include partial or full completion of an associate degree or technical diploma at a community college or receipt of a nationally-recognized career certification. Students need to meet prerequisite course/pathway requirements prior to enrollment (age, course prerequisites, PLAN®, WorkKeys®, etc.). These will vary by postsecondary partner. The various curricular, age, exam, and certifying agencies of each pathway can be found within each graduation pathway.

Students should review the entrance requirements for the colleges of interest and ensure all necessary coursework is completed. Students planning to stay in Louisiana must meet specific TOPS requirements to receive this valuable state-sponsored scholarship.

**Step 3: Explore Postsecondary Opportunities**

**Louisiana’s Community and Technical Colleges**: These are typically nonresidential and offer hundreds of two-year degrees that transfer to four-year universities and certifications that lead to high-wage careers.

**Four-Year Universities**: These are public universities, private universities, liberal arts colleges, and career colleges offering bachelor’s degrees. All fall into the category of 4-year colleges and universities. These schools offer bachelor’s degrees, which are usually completed in four years of full-time study, and some may also have a graduate school that offers advanced degrees.

**Private and Out-of-State Universities**: Using the ACT® College Search Tool students can explore private school and out-of-state college options.

**TOPS Tech Early Start Private Training Providers**: A TOPS-Tech Early Start Award may be used to fund any technical or applied course leading to an Industry-Based Certification, a Certification of Applied Science, and a Certificate of Technical Sciences offered at a Louisiana public or nonpublic postsecondary education institution, or by any Louisiana training provider recognized by the Louisiana Workforce Commission and approved by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE).
Step 4: Pursue Workplace Experiences and Early College Credit

Workplace-based learning experiences help students, master key workplace behaviors, improve communication skills, and gain exposure to industry. Workplace-based learning can include in-person or virtual workplace experiences. Jump Start seeks to help every Louisiana student gain the skills they need to attain employment in high-growth job sectors. Examples include job location visits, internships, and guest speakers—face-to-face or via the internet.

EARLY COLLEGE CREDIT

Advanced Placement (AP®) courses offer students the opportunity to earn college credit by demonstrating mastery of rigorous content through high school-based courses.
- Explore available Advanced Placement® courses.
- View the AP® Exam schedule for Advanced Placement® tests.
- Get more information on increasing AP® participation.

The new cohort graduation index recognizes a score of 3 or higher on at least one AP® exam as the highest level of achievement earned by a cohort graduate.

The International Baccalaureate (IB®) program is recognized among the world’s higher education institutions. For students, success in the IB often results in advanced standing, course credit, scholarships, and other admissions-related benefits. To offer IB programs, a school must become authorized as an IB World School.

The College-Level Examination Program (CLEP®) is a credit-by-examination program that offers students the chance to earn college credit based on prior learning by getting qualifying scores in Composition and Literature, World Languages, History and Social Sciences, Science and Mathematics, and Business categories. The 33 examinations are administered year-round at authorized CLEP® testing centers.

In the dual enrollment (DE) model, students enroll in high school and college simultaneously and receive credit on both their high school and college transcripts. Taught by a college instructor or an approved high school educator, these courses are offered by technical, community, and four-year colleges. By using SCA funds, schools give students the potential to complete college sooner and at a lower cost. Students must meet the admission standards of the college awarding the credit. The Board of Regents has updated the dual enrollment minimum requirements to include the following: 2.5 GPA and one of the identified assessment score or 2.5 GPA and a high school counselor recommendation. Schools should consult with their partner postsecondary institutes for specifics. Visit the Graduation Requirements page for the most current Dual Enrollment/Matrix Options for TOPS Core.

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary (AS) Levels and Advanced (A) Levels are subject-based qualifications usually taken in the final two years of high school. The Cambridge curriculum was created specifically for an international student body with content suited for a wide variety of schools. Cambridge International AS Level is typically a one-year program of study; Cambridge International A Level Assessments are offered at the end of each program of study. The program is administered by Cambridge Assessment International Education, a part of the University of Cambridge, and the international curriculum is recognized by universities and employers worldwide.

Step 5: Assist Families with the Financial Aid Planning Process

A high school diploma is no longer enough to earn graduates a living wage in today’s economy. Some form of postsecondary education or training is essential. A major barrier to accessing postsecondary education and training is financial resources. Financial Aid can remove the barriers to accessing four-year universities, two-year community colleges, and technical training programs. Most Louisiana high school graduates are eligible for some form of state or federal financial aid – either merit-based or need-based. State and Federal Financial Aid can be accessed by submitting the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA). This form is used to determine the amount of money a family is expected to contribute to the price of attending a postsecondary institution. The results of the FAFSA are used in determining student grants, work study, and loan amount.

See page 14 of this guidebook for information about Louisiana’s financial aid planning requirement.
FINANCIAL AID POLICY

The extent to which Louisiana’s students achieve postsecondary education and training is critically tied to the state’s economic well-being and quality of life.

Louisiana students forego tens of millions of dollars each year in federal grants, state opportunities, and other funding for postsecondary education.

In December 2015, the Board approved a revision to Bulletin 741, Louisiana Handbook for School Administrators, which requires public school students graduating spring 2018 and beyond to take one of the following steps:

1. Submit the FAFSA;*
2. Apply for TOPS;
3. Submit an opt-out non-participation form or letter; or
4. Receive a waiver through the school system.

School counselors should begin speaking to students about the benefits and financial costs associated with postsecondary education and training in their freshmen and sophomore years of high school. They should also inform students about the circumstances in which they may complete a FAFSA and receive financial aid without cooperation from a parent or guardian.

Resources for financial aid planning can be found on the LDOE Financial Aid web page.

*Students are able to submit a FAFSA for the upcoming school year as early as October 1.

FINANCIAL AID PLANNING SUPPORT

Louisiana Office of Student Financial Assistance (LOSFA)

LOSFA can help students and parents with the FAFSA application process. If you have questions or need assistance contact LOSFA:

- Email LOSFA at custserv@la.gov
- Access LOSFA via web at www.osfa.la.gov
- To speak to a representative call LOSFA at 1-800-259-5626

Office of Federal Student Aid

Federal Student Aid is responsible for managing student financial assistance programs authorized under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965.

Federal Student Aid ensures students and their families can benefit from these programs by:

- informing students and families about the availability of the federal student aid programs and the process for applying for and receiving aid from those programs;
- developing the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA®) and processing approximately 22 million FAFSA submissions each year;
- accurately disbursing, reconciling, and accounting for all federal student aid funds delivered to students each year through more than 6,200 colleges and career schools;
- managing the outstanding federal student loan portfolio and securing repayment from federal student loan borrowers;
- offering free assistance to students, parents, and borrowers throughout the entire financial aid process; and
- providing oversight and monitoring of all program participants—schools, financial entities, and students—to ensure compliance with the laws, regulations, and policies governing the federal student aid programs.

For more information go to: https://studentaid.ed.gov.
Student FAFSA Completion Data
The Louisiana Office of Student and Financial Assistance (LOSFA) has an agreement with the U.S. Department of Education that now allows LOSFA to communicate FAFSA completion rates with each school system in the state as well as with certain college access service providers, provided those school systems and service providers enter an agreement with LOSFA. LOSFA is partnering with the state’s school boards and college access providers to ensure all high school seniors have an opportunity to complete the FAFSA. If you would like to participate in this project, please contact LOSFA at custserv@osfa.la.gov with the subject line FAFSA Completion Project.

LOUISIANA PROMOTION POLICY

General Requirements
Louisiana state law (R.S. 24.4) requires local education agencies (LEAs) to establish a comprehensive pupil progression plan based on student performance on the Louisiana Educational Assessment Program with goals and objectives that are compatible with the Louisiana Competency-Based Education Program and which supplements the minimum standards approved by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE). The plan shall address student placement and promotion and shall require the student’s mastery of grade-appropriate skills before he or she can be recommended from promotion.

Promotion and Support Standard for Grades 3 through 7
At the end of each school year, local education agencies identify third and fourth grade students who have scored below “basic” achievement level in at least two core academic subjects and therefore do not demonstrate the requisite skills that would enable them to successfully transition to the next grade level. Fourth grade students who have not met such an acceptable level of performance may be retained or promoted, but in either case, shall be provided with an individual academic improvement plan.

Promotion and Support Standard for Grade 8
In 2019-2020, state assessments were cancelled. Promotion/retention should be determined by the school system based on academic records and student learning throughout the year.

Eighth grade students shall score at least at the “basic” achievement level in either English language arts or mathematics and “approaching basic” in the other subject in order to be promoted to the ninth grade. Any first-time eighth grade student who does not meet the passing standard set forth in BESE Bulletin 1566, §703, and any student not eligible for any waiver pursuant to § 707 of the bulletin, may be placed on a high school campus in transitional ninth grade. LEAs shall follow the guidelines set forth in §703 to determine, based on evidence of student learning, whether eighth grade students may be promoted to the ninth grade or placed on a high school campus in transitional ninth grade.

Credit Recovery
Credit recovery programs can be offered to Louisiana students to ensure on-time graduation, yet still provide them with a fulfilling experience. Bulletin 741 policy has recently been revised to ensure fidelity and quality.

• School system credit recovery program and policy are included in the local Pupil Progression Plan;
• Credit recovery units applied toward graduation requirements are limited to a maximum of seven, with no more than two annually;
• In order to be eligible for credit recovery, students must have previously taken and failed the course, and all attempts must be documented on the official transcript;
• Credit recovery courses are identified and labeled on the official transcript;
• Credit recovery courses are aligned with state content standards and have an aligned pre-test to identify areas in need of remediation and post-tests to demonstrate proficiency in content previously identified as deficient; and
• Online credit recovery courses have an assigned Louisiana certified teacher of record.
PLANNING SUPPORTS

Cross State High School Collaborative

The Cross State High School Redesign Collaborative (CSHSC) is a joint effort of seven participating states (Illinois, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Mississippi, New Mexico, New York, and Ohio) and supported by the Everyone Graduates Center at Johns Hopkins University School of Education, the Council of Chief School Officers, and Civic Enterprises. The resources procured and developed as a result of this collaborative are organized into four key improvement levers with;

- Organizing Adults,
- Students at the Center which addresses issues related to student engagement,
- Teaching and Learning, and
- Post Secondary Pathways

Resources for Building a Master Schedule

- Designing Quality Middle School Master Schedules
- Steps in Building a High School Schedule
- The Theory Behind Master Schedule Building and Issues

Funding Opportunities

Each school system determines what is best for its students, and which Jump Start investments help them achieve their goals and improve/sustain school performance. Note: the following funds are not limited to Jump Start courses and capabilities.

- Supplemental Course Academy
- MFP Career Development Fund
- Carl Perkins
- TOPS Tech Early Start

- Districts and schools are not limited to spending these funds on Jump Start courses and capabilities. Each school system determines what is best for its students, and which Jump Start investments help them achieve their goals and improve/sustain school performance.

Counselor Support Toolbox

A variety of school-level professional school counselor tools is available via the Department’s Counselor Support Toolbox.
JUMP START OPPORTUNITIES

Jump StartVision: students of all interests and capabilities will graduate high school with quality experiences and credentials that lead to a successful adulthood.

STEM PATHWAYS

Louisiana STEM pathways better prepare students to pursue opportunities in Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics (STEM) fields. These pathways provide students with a range of postsecondary opportunities in both the TOPS University and TOPS Tech pathways. With the Louisiana STEM pathways, TOPS University students have the opportunity to align their studies in a meaningful way, while TOPS Tech students have an opportunity to pursue a high-tech, high-engagement STEM Jump Start pathways.

K-16 BESE-approved Jump Start pathways include Pre-Engineering, Digital Design and Emergent Media, Environmental Protection and Sustainability, and Pre-Educator. Please contact JumpStart@la.gov to learn more about how your school can implement pathways that are relevant to both university-bound and career-focused students.

JUMP START SUMMERS

Funded by the Supplemental Course Allocation (SCA), Jump Start Summers is an innovative program that gives Louisiana youth the opportunity to attain high-value, industry-based credentials (IBCs); high school and/or dual enrollment course credits; important workplace behaviors, and communication skills; and a respectable summer wage.

Students who participated in the summer of 2018 earned 1553 industry-based credentials, 1371 academic credits, and an average stipend of $662. All students—university or career-focused students, students with disabilities, even recent high school graduates—can participate in the program. For full details on the overall success of the Jump Start Summers, and individual district and provider experiences, see the Jump Start Summers 2018 Evaluation Report.

Contact your network representative for help determining which Jump Start graduation pathways your school can offer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>KEY JUMP START CONCEPTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Perkins Regional Teams</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduation Pathways</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statewide Credentials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regional (Emerging) Credentials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ALTERNATE PATHWAYS TO A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

While most students with disabilities will pursue a traditional pathway to a high school diploma, some are eligible for alternate pathways.

- Under Act 833 (2014), eligible students with disabilities can pursue a standard high school diploma by meeting standard graduation requirements through alternate performance criteria.
- Students who are assessed with LEAP Connect can pursue a diploma by meeting alternate requirements.

The Graduation Pathways for Students with Disabilities Resources document can assist both educators and families with planning and implementing a successful high school experience for students with disabilities.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Course Credit (for purposes of graduation)</th>
<th>Carnegie Credit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>English</td>
<td>Applied English 1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math</td>
<td>Applied Math 1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical Education</td>
<td>Physical Education</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transition</td>
<td>Foundational Skills</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transition</td>
<td>Employment Sampling</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science</td>
<td>Applied Science 1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Studies</td>
<td>Applied Social Studies 1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electives</td>
<td>Band</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ACCOUNTABILITY GUIDANCE

INCLUSION IN HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION COHORT

Students placed in transitional 9th grade (T9) shall not be included in the high school’s graduation cohort during their first year on the high school campus. These students can enroll in high school-level classes that parents and schools deem appropriate, with a goal of keeping them on track for on-time graduation. Following one year in T9, students will enter the first-time ninth grade cohort. For instance, a student who enters T9 in 2018-2019 will enter ninth grade for the first time in 2019-2020 and will be in the 2022-2023 graduation cohort—a year later than if the student had not participated in T9 and entered ninth grade directly from eighth grade.

DROPOUT/CREDIT ACCUMULATION INDEX (DCAI)

Schools with an 8th grade earn accountability points based on the number of Carnegie credits students accumulate by the end of the 9th grade (and transitional 9th grade, when applicable). This encourages a successful transition to high school by allowing students the opportunity to earn Carnegie credits early and often. Points are awarded as follows.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CARNEGIE COURSE CREDITS (earned by the end of 9th grade)</th>
<th>DCAI POINTS PER STUDENT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7+</td>
<td>150 pts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>125 pts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>100 pts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>75 pts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>50 pts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>25 pts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 or less</td>
<td>0 pts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3-year 8th grade student</td>
<td>0 pts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dropout</td>
<td>0 pts.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Credit accumulation for transitional 9th graders includes credits earned in T9. Schools do not receive points for both the T9 and 9th grade year.

LEAP 2025: Students in T9 are required to take the assessments associated with their coursework. If they score below basic, they may retest without penalty to the school. If they score basic or higher, the score shall count toward the high school, just as it would for an 8th grader who was successful on LEAP 2025. Act 833 eligible students in grades 9-12 are required to take all assessments corresponding to the courses in which they are enrolled. Accountability points are awarded for scores of basic or higher.

Note: LEAP 2025 high school assessments and were canceled for the 2019-2020 academic year. School performance scores will not be calculated or published in 2020.
STRENGTH OF DIPLOMA INDEX

The strength of diploma index in the accountability system measures the extent to which high schools have prepared students for college or a career. The table below demonstrates how points are assigned in the accountability system for the achievements of both TOPS University Pathway and Jump Start TOPS Tech Pathway students.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INDEX POINTS</th>
<th>STUDENT RESULT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>160</td>
<td>HS Diploma plus Associate’s Degree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150</td>
<td>HS Diploma plus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) AP® score of 3 or higher, IB® Score of 4 or higher, or CLEP® score of 50 or higher OR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Advanced statewide Jump Start credential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>Students achieving both (a) and (b) will generate 160 points.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110</td>
<td>HS Diploma plus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) At least one passing course grade for TOPS core curriculum credit of the following type: AP®, college credit, dual enrollment, or IB® OR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Basic statewide Jump Start credential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>Students achieving both (a) and (b) will generate 115 points.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>Students must take the AP®/IB® exam and pass the course to earn 110 points.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td><strong>Four-year graduate</strong> (includes Career Diploma student with a regional Jump Start credential)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td><strong>Five-year graduate with any diploma</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Five-year graduates who earn an AP score of 3 or higher, an IB score of 4 or higher, a CLEP score of 50 or higher, or an Advanced statewide Jump Start credential will generate 140 points. Five-year graduates who earn an Associate’s Degree will generate 150 points.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td><strong>Six-year graduate with any diploma</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td><strong>HiSET® plus Jump Start credential</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td><strong>HiSET®</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td><strong>Non-graduate without HiSET</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ACCOUNTABILITY FAQS

PREPARING 8TH GRADE STUDENTS: T9, DCAI, and Graduation Cohort

4. What happens if state assessments indicate that an 8th grader is not ready to enter 9th grade?
Schools should refer to the transitional 9th grade policy in their Pupil Progression Plan for guidance.

Note: In 2019-2020, school systems should use a preponderance of evidence from student learning throughout the school year to determine promotion and retention.

5. Do the credits earned by transitional 9th graders count toward DCAI?
Yes, credits earned by students in T9 count toward the dropout credit accumulation index. The Carnegie credits earned by a student in T9 are analogous to that of a first-time 9th grader.

6. Do credits earned after the T9 year count toward DCAI?
Carnegie credits that are earned through the end of a student’s transitional 9th grade year count in the school’s dropout credit accumulation index. Credits earned by the transitional 9th grader during their first time in 9th grade are not included towards DCAI.

7. Do LEAP 2025 scores earned in T9 get “banked”?
LEAP 2025 scores for students in T9 are banked, or transferred, the same way that students who take LEAP 2025 exams in middle school.

8. When does a student in transitional 9th grade enter the graduation grade cohort?
A student enters the graduation cohort the year after transitional 9th grade, regardless of grade level.

9. What happens if a student drops out in T9?
If a student drops out in the transitional 9th grade year, that student is included in the cohort and earns zero points.

LEAP 2025

1. Do students in a Jump Start pathway have to take the same tests and/or courses?
All students will take a core/foundational set of academic classes in the 9th and 10th grade. All students must take the corresponding LEAP 2025 test for any course that has one. All Louisiana students must take a high-school level English and math test regardless of courses taken or graduation pathway, by their third year of high school.

Note: Waivers of assessment requirements for initial testers in 2019-2020 will be considered when third year assessment cohorts are identified in 2020-2021.

2. What happens if a student transfers from a nonpublic or out-of-state school? Do they take LEAP 2025?
The following rules apply for transfer students who are Louisiana residents transferring into the Louisiana public school district from out-of-state schools, nonpublic schools, or approved home study programs.

• A transfer student is not required to take the LEAP 2025 tests for courses he/she already successfully completed for Carnegie credit.
• A transfer student shall be required to take the LEAP 2025 test for courses he/she previously took but did not pass.
• A transfer student may choose to take the LEAP 2025 test for a course he/she has already successfully completed if he/she scored Unsatisfactory on a LEAP 2025 test in another course and the student must pass the LEAP 2025 test for one of the LEAP 2025 pairs.

3. Which score counts if a student retakes a LEAP 2025 test?
The score from an initial LEAP 2025 test is the only score that is used for accountability. If the initial test is taken in summer, the LEAP 2025 will be used for accountability calculations in the following academic year. The LEAP 2025 test score from a student in middle school is banked for use at the high school in which the student is enrolled for grade 9. If the achievement level earned on the assessment taken in middle school yields 0 points, then the high school has one additional opportunity to test the student. If the student scores proficient, the school performance score will include the higher of the two scores.
ACT® AND WORKKEYS®

1. Which scores are used to calculate accountability points?
COVID-19 Update: School performance scores will not be calculated or published in 2020.

Accountability points are based on the highest ACT score that is taken by the April test date of the student’s 12th grade year. For students who take both the ACT and WorkKeys, accountability points are based on the score that yields the higher number of index points. Students who repeat the 12th grade are not included in the ACT index if their highest score was used in a prior year. Note: The ACT/WorkKeys concordance table has changed. Please visit the Assessment Library for the most current information.

2. What if a student takes the ACT® many times?
The school and district are held accountable for the highest ACT® score a student earns through April of their 12th grade year.

3. What happens if a student takes the ACT® at a different school?
The highest score for a 12th grade student will count at the school where the student is considered full academic year for their 12th grade year regardless of where the test was taken. A student is considered full academic year in a school system if the student is enrolled on October 1 and for the date of ACT® testing. If the student counts at the school system, the student score is included in the SPS of the school at which the student was enrolled on February 1.

4. How can I learn more about ACT® and WorkKeys®?
Visit the ACT State Testing page for Louisiana.

5. When will student performance on WorkKeys® count toward accountability results?
All Louisiana 11th graders take the ACT, a nationally recognized measure of college and career readiness. In 2014-2015, the Department began work to form a concordance table using ACT and WorkKeys, a nationally recognized workforce readiness assessment. Schools earn points for the highest composite score earned by a student through the April testing date of their senior year. Workkeys is included in the ACT index for accountability using the following scale that was to be implemented in 2019-2020 and beyond.

- Platinum on WorkKeys = 27 on ACT
- Gold on WorkKeys = 22 on ACT
- Silver on WorkKeys = 18 on ACT

ELs should be given the opportunity to take both the ACT and Work Keys. There are limited EL accommodations available for both tests.

GRADUATION COHORT

1. How does the accountability system account for students who enter the school after grade 9?
If a student enters a Louisiana school for the first time as a 10th grader, the student will be placed with the cohort that is in their second year of high school. If a student enters a Louisiana school for the first time as an 11th grader, then the student will be placed with the cohort that is in their third year of high school. All students who enter the cohort at grades other than 9th are included in the cohort graduation rate if they entered the district on or before October 1 of the third cohort year. Additionally, all students who transfer within an LEA on or before October 1 of the fourth cohort year are included in the graduation rate.

2. Are students who graduate in five or six years included in the accountability system?
Yes. The cohort graduation rate measures the extent to which students graduate on time (in four years). However, students who graduate in five years are included in the graduation index for strength of diploma. Each student who graduates in five years with a regular high school diploma may earn the school 75 points in the graduation index; students who graduate in six years earn the school 50 points. Schools earn 140 points for each student who graduates in five years with an advanced credential.

3. What happens if a student graduates early?
Students are included in the graduation rate for the year in which they are expected to graduate. For instance, a student who enters 9th grade in the 2018-2019 academic year is included in the 2021-2022 cohort graduation rate—even if he graduates the year before that.
1. What are TOPS core courses and how do I find information on what counts as TOPS core courses?
The Louisiana Office of Student and Financial Aid (LOSFA) maintains current lists of Taylor Opportunity Program for Students (TOPS) requirements. Visit the [TOPS](#) web page for more information.

2. How is HiSET® different than the GED? How can I find out more information about it?
The GED was phased out as the adult education equivalency exam and replaced by the HiSET® in January 2014. Refer to the [High School Equivalency (HSE) Guidance Document](#) for more information.

3. What is the CLEP® test? How can I find out more information about it?
CLEP® is a computer-based credit by exam opportunity that offers the chance for students to be awarded college credit for knowledge gained outside of the classroom. High schools may apply to [become an authorized CLEP® testing center](#) through an application and certification process. Visit the [CLEP® exam](#) web page for a list of the tests.

4. If a student earns multiple AP®, IB®, or CLEP® scores, which one is used?
A student’s highest score is used to determine points in the graduation index. For example, if a high school graduate earned an AP® score of 5 and an IB® score of 3, the graduate would earn 150 points in the graduation index.

SCHOOL PERFORMANCE SCORES

1. How can I estimate SPS?
Due to the cancellation of assessments in 2019-2020, school performance scores will not be calculated or published, and a calculator cannot be provided.

2. Who do I contact when I have questions about SPS?
Please email [assessment@la.gov](mailto:assessment@la.gov).
ENGLISH LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY TEST

3. How are scores from the new English Language Proficiency Test (ELPT) going to be used in accountability?

The school performance score assessment index includes a growth measure on the ELPT. Student progress will be determined by comparing the current year results to a student’s baseline test. For students who participated in ELDA testing prior to the implementation of ELPT, the 2017-2018 ELPT scores will be used as baseline.

4. How much growth is expected of students each year?

The following table provides the expected growth for each English Learner based on the baseline score and the current year score, as well as the number of years between the two administrations. For example, a student whose baseline was established in 2017-2018 as Progressing Level 1 (at least one dimension score of 1 and at least one dimension score of 3) is expected to score at Progressing Level 2 in Year 3 (2019-2020). If the student meets the expected trajectory the school is awarded 100 points.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Initial ELPT Proficiency Level</th>
<th>Year 2</th>
<th>Year 3</th>
<th>Year 4</th>
<th>Year 5</th>
<th>Year 6</th>
<th>Year 7 and Beyond</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Emerging (E)</td>
<td>P1</td>
<td>P2</td>
<td>P2</td>
<td>P3</td>
<td>P3</td>
<td>T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Progressing 1 (P1)</td>
<td>P2</td>
<td>P2</td>
<td>P3</td>
<td>P3</td>
<td>T</td>
<td>T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Progressing 2 (P2)</td>
<td>P2</td>
<td>P3</td>
<td>P3</td>
<td>T</td>
<td>T</td>
<td>T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Progressing 3 (P3)</td>
<td>P3</td>
<td>T</td>
<td>T</td>
<td>T</td>
<td>T</td>
<td>T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transitioning (T)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. How is the assessment index affected by the new points awarded for growth in English language proficiency?

The school is assigned points for the progress of English Learners who meet the full academic year requirement as outlined in the table below. For high school students, the points carry a minimum weight of 2 in the assessment index. For students who take more than two initial high school assessments, the weight is equal to the number of initial high school assessments taken in the current year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ELPT PROGRESS ASSESSMENT INDEX POINTS</th>
<th>Outcome</th>
<th>Index Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ELPT level exceeds trajectory</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ELPT level meets trajectory</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ELPT level is at least one above the prior year</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ELPT level is the same or lower than the prior year</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## APPENDIX I: COURSE REQUIREMENTS CHART

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SUBJECTS</th>
<th>TOPS UNIVERSITY DIPLOMA</th>
<th>CAREER DIPLOMA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong># Units</strong></td>
<td><strong>Courses</strong></td>
<td><strong># Units</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>One of the following: Algebra I, English Language Part 1: Cambridge IGCE, or English Literature Part 1: Cambridge IGCE</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>One of the following: Geometry</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Algebra II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Science</strong></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Biology I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Chemistry I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Two units chosen from the following: (a) Earth Science; (b) one of Environmental Science, Environmental Awareness; (c) one of Physical Science, Principles of Engineering, PLTW Principles of Engineering, Principles of Engineering (LSU Partnership); (d) Agriscience II; (e) one of Chemistry II, AP Chemistry, IB Chemistry I, IB Chemistry or Chemistry II: Cambridge AICE—AS (Hons); (f) one of AP Environmental Science, IB Environmental Systems; (g) one of Physics I, IB Physics I, IB Physics II, Physics I: Cambridge IGCE; or (h) one of AP Physics C: Electricity and Magnetism, AP Physics C: Mechanics, IB Physics II, AP Physics II, or Physics II: Cambridge AICE—AS (Hons); (i) one of Biology II, AP Biology, IB Biology I, IB Biology II, Biology II: Cambridge AICE—AS (Hons), or Human Anatomy and Physiology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The elective course Agriscience I is a prerequisite for Agriscience II.

| **Social Studies** | 1 | One of the following: U.S. History, AP U.S. History, or IB History of the Americas I | 1 | One of the following: U.S. History, AP U.S. History, or IB History of the Americas I |
| 1 | One of the following: Civics, American Government, AP U.S. Government and Politics; Comparative, or AP U.S. Government and Politics; United States | 1 | One of the following: Civics, American Government, AP U.S. Government and Politics; Comparative, or AP U.S. Government and Politics; United States |
| 2 | Two units chosen from the following: (a) one of European History, AP European History, Western Civilization, or History (European): Cambridge AICE—AS (Hons); (b) one of World Geography, AP Human Geography, IB Geography, Physical Geography, or Geography: Cambridge AICE—AS (Hons); (c) one of World History, AP World History, IB History of the Americas II, or History (International): Cambridge AICE—AS (Hons); (d) History of Religion; (e) one of IB Economics, Economics, AP Macroeconomics, or Economics: Cambridge AICE—AS (Hons); (f) AP Psychology, History of Religion | | |

**Health and Physical Education**

| 0.5 | Health Education | 0.5 | Health Education |
| 1.5 | Physical Education I and II; Adapted Physical Education I and II for eligible students in special education; JROTC I, II, III, or IV; or Physical Education I (1 unit) and 1/2 unit of Marching Band, extracurricular sports, Cheerleading, or Dance Team | 1.5 | Physical Education I and one half unit from among the following: Physical Education II, Marching Band, extracurricular sports, Cheerleading, Dance Team |

**Foreign Language**

| 2 | Two units from the same language (§2345) | | |

**Art**

| 1 | Art (§2333), Music (§2355), Dance (§2357), Theatre (§2369), Speech III and IV (one unit combined), Fine Arts Survey, Drafting, Media Arts (§2354), Photography I/II, Digital Photography, or Digital Design (§ 2358) | | |

**Electives/ Jump Start**

| 3 | Electives | 9 | Jump Start course sequence, workplace experiences, and approved credentials (a minimum of one industry-based credential is required for graduation) |

**Total Units**

| 24 | 23 | | |

Refer to Bulletin 741 for a comprehensive list of approved courses and the most current graduation requirements. REVISED MAY 18, 2020
# APPENDIX II: SAMPLE INDIVIDUAL GRADUATION PLAN FORM

## BASIC INFORMATION

- **Name:**
- **9th Grade Entry Date:**
- **High School Attending:**
- **Originating Middle School:**

## EDUCATION GOALS

- **Diploma Type:**
  - [ ] TOPS University Diploma
  - [ ] Jump Start TOPS Tech (Career) Diploma
- **Diploma Curriculum:**
  - [ ] TOPS University
  - [ ] Jump Start TOPS Tech
- **Diploma Endorsements:**
  - [ ] Community Service Diploma Endorsement
  - [ ] State Seal of Biliteracy
  - [ ] STEM Diploma Seal
- **Financial Aid & Scholarships:**
  - [ ] TOPS Honors
  - [ ] TOPS Performance
  - [ ] TOPS Opportunity
  - [ ] TOPS Tech Early Start
  - [ ] TOPS Tech
  - **Financial Aid Completion Date:**

## COLLEGE & CAREER GOALS

- **Career Specialty/Occupation (Option 1):**
- **Career Cluster® (Option 1):**
- **Jump Start Graduation Pathway:**
  - [ ] Choose one
- **Career Specialty/Occupation (Option 2):**
- **Career Cluster® (Option 2):**
- **Jump Start Graduation Pathway:**
  - [ ] Choose one
- **Post-High School Workforce Plans:**
  - [ ] On-the-Job Training
  - [ ] Military
  - [ ] Employment
  - **Certifications:**
    - [ ] Statewide
    - [ ] Regional
    - [ ] Complementary

## COURSE SELECTIONS FOR CHOSEN PATHWAY

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<tr>
<th>Subjects</th>
<th>6th–8th/T9 Grade</th>
<th>9th Grade</th>
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## EXTRACURRICULAR & EMPLOYMENT ACTIVITIES

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<th>Awards/Industry-Based Certifications</th>
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## ASSESSMENTS

### Academic

- **College & Career Readiness**
  - English
  - English I
  - English II
  - Math
  - Algebra I
  - Geometry
  - Science
  - Biology
  - Social Studies

- **LEAP 2025**
  - English
  - English I
  - English II
  - Math
  - Algebra I
  - Geometry
  - Science
  - Biology
  - Social Studies

- **Diagnostic**
  - Career Readiness
  - Early Childhood
  - English
  - Math
  - Science

### Personal

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## Gifted & Talented Courses

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## AP, IB, & Cambridge Courses

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## CLEP Exams

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## Articulated Credit/Dual Enrollment Courses

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## SIGNATURE APPROVALS

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<th>10th Date</th>
<th>11th Date</th>
<th>12th Date</th>
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</thead>
</table>

- **Student**
- **Parent**
- **Counselor/Advisor**

REVISED MAY 18, 2020