Original Posting Date: 02/21/2014 Updated: 09/22/2023



Instructional Materials Evaluation Tool - Act 517 Review for Alignment in ELA Grades K-5 (IMET)



On June 21, 2022, Louisiana lawmakers signed Act 517 into law to ensure that all textbooks and instructional materials used to teach students to read are high-quality, fully aligned to state content standards, and based on literacy strategies that are scientifically researched with proven results in teaching phonological awareness, letter formation, phonics, decoding, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. As part of the Louisiana Department of Education's support for a seamless transition to textbooks and instructional materials that are based on scientifically-researched literacy strategies, the LDOE identified the criterion and indicators used to review instructional materials that were impacted as a result of this legislation.

Title: Core Knowledge Language Arts Skills Strand Grade: K-2

Publisher: Core Knowledge Foundation Copyright: 2013

Overall Rating: **Tier 1, Exemplifies quality**

This English Language Arts review has been examined for the following changes in alignment resulting from Act 517:

- Instructional materials and embedded assessments do not require or encourage the three-cueing system model of reading (students gaining meaning from print through Semantic, Syntactic, or Grapho-phonic cues) in reading instruction;
- Instructional materials and embedded assessments do not require or encourage visual memory as the primary basis for word recognition; and/or
- Instructional materials and embedded assessments do not require or encourage MSV (Meaning, Structure, and Visual) cues in reading instruction.

This review **remains a Tier 1 rating.** As a result of these changes, the following chart identifies the potential impact of Act 517 on specific elements of the current review. The LDOE recommends that district curriculum staff, principals, and teachers take these findings into consideration when selecting and using instructional materials.

Non-negotiable

CRITERION 4. FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS:

Materials provide instruction and diagnostic support in concepts of print, phonological awareness, phonics, vocabulary, development, syntax, and fluency in a logical and transparent progression. These foundational skills are necessary and central components of an effective, comprehensive reading program designed to develop proficient readers with the capacity to comprehend texts across a range of types and disciplines.

| INDICATOR | What does the current review say? | Do the materials align with expectations of Act 517? | What is the impact on this review? |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Required | Materials follow a sequence of | | Materials meet the requirements of Act 517 and |
| *Indicator for grades K-5 only | foundational skills instruction with less | Does not use three-cueing * | remain a Tier 1 rating. |
| | emphasis on letter names and more on | | |



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| 1a) Materials follow a sequence of foundational skills instruction indicated by the standards and beginning on page 17 of Appendix A, while providing abundant opportunities for every student to become proficient in each of the foundational skills. | phonemes & phonemic awareness. There are 150 lessons that begin with objectives focused on special sounds, spellings, tricky words, and/or concepts that the students are expected to learn. | ✓ Does not use visual memory ✓ ✓ Does not use MSV ✓ | |
|---|--|---|--|
| Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 1b) Materials include student texts that allow for systematic, regular and frequent practice of foundational skills as they are introduced. | Grade K offers 12 themes (i.e., domains) that provide multiple practice opportunities. | ✓ Does not use three-cueing ✓ ✓ Does not use visual memory ✓ ✓ Does not use MSV ✓ | Materials meet the requirements of Act 517 and remain a Tier 1 rating. |
| Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 1d) Materials provide regular practice in encoding (spelling) the sound symbol relationships of English | Materials provide regular practice in spelling with emphasis placed on phonemes, rather than individual letters through the use of a workbook. | ✓ Does not use three-cueing ✓ ✓ Does not use visual memory ✓ ✓ Does not use MSV ✓ | Materials meet the requirements of Act 517 and remain a Tier 1 rating. |
| Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only | Materials provide grade-level appropriate practice in spelling. Students are taught to read by blending. Multiple cueing strategies, pictures as a primary | ✓ Does not use three-cueing ✓ ✓ Does not use visual memory ✓ | Materials meet the requirements of Act 517 and remain a Tier 1 rating. |



Instructional Materials Evaluation Tool - Act 517 Review for Alignment in ELA Grades K-5 (IMET)



| 1e) Materials provide instruction and practice in word study including pronunciation, roots, prefixes, suffixes and spelling/sound patterns, as well as decoding of grade-level words by using sound-symbol knowledge and knowledge of syllabication. | resource in decoding and part-word guessing are not used. | ✓ Does not use MSV → | |
|---|--|---|--|
| *Indicator for grades K-2 only 1g) Materials provide opportunities for educators to monitor student progress on every aspect of the foundational skills through diagnostic assessments offered at regular intervals. Monitoring must also allow for students to receive regular feedback on their oral reading fluency in the specific areas of appropriate rate, expressiveness and accuracy. | Opportunities exist for educators to monitor student progress in areas of foundational skills and fluency and comprehension through the use of the Assessment and Remediation Skills Book which has 6 units. | Does not use three-cueing Does not use visual memory Does not use MSV Does not use MSV | Materials meet the requirements of Act 517 and remain a Tier 1 rating. |



Instructional Materials Evaluation - Student Standards Review

Original Posting Date: 2/21/2014

Updated on: 6/17/2016

Louisiana educators engaged in a professional review of the state's academic standards for English language arts (ELA) and mathematics to ensure they continue to maintain strong expectations for teaching and learning aligned with college and workplace demands. The new ELA and math standards will be effective beginning with the 2016-2017 school year. As part of the Louisiana Department of Education's support for a seamless transition to these new standards, the LDOE identified the major changes of the standards and their potential impact upon criteria used to review instructional materials.

Title: Core Knowledge ELA Skills Strand, Grades K-2

Grade: **K-2**

Publisher: **Core Knowledge**

Copyright: 2013

Overall Rating: Tier 1, Exemplifies quality

This English Language Arts review has been examined for the following changes in alignment resulting from the Louisiana Student Standards Review:

- Materials do not contain references to specific authors and texts
- Include citing relevant textual evidence beginning in grade 6
- Include an awareness of audience when making speeches and delivering presentations

This review remains a Tier 1 rating. As a result of these changes, the following chart identifies the potential impact on specific elements in the current review. The LDOE recommends that district curriculum staff, principals, and teachers take these findings into consideration when using these instructional materials.

| Criteria | Currently in the Rubric | Next Steps for Educators |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Quality of Texts (Non-Negotiable) | N/A | N/A |
| Text-Dependent Questions (Non-Negotiable) | N/A | N/A |
| Speaking and Listening | N/A | N/A |





Instructional Materials Review for CCSS Alignment in ELA Grades K-2

The goal for ELA students is that they can read and understand grade-level texts independently, as demonstrated through writing and speaking about those texts. A strong ELA classroom is structured with the below components.



Title: Core Knowledge (ELA) Skills Strand Only Grade: K-2

(This is NOT a review of the full K-2 Core Knowledge curriculum)

Publisher: <u>Core Knowledge</u> Copyright: <u>2013</u>

Overall Rating: <u>Tier I, Exemplifies quality</u>

Tier I, Tier II, Tier III elements of this review:

| STRONG | WEAK |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Foundational Skills (Non-Negotiable*) | |
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Each set of submitted materials was evaluated for alignment with the standards beginning with a review of the indicators for the non-negotiable criteria. If those criteria were met, a review of the other criteria ensued.

Tier 1 ratings received a "Yes" for all Criteria 1-10.

Tier 2 ratings received a "Yes" for all non-negotiable criteria (Foundational Skills (as applicable), Complexity of Texts, Quality of Texts, and Text-Dependent Questions), but at least one "No" for the remaining criteria.

Tier 3 ratings received a "No" for at least one of the non-negotiable criteria.

Click below for complete grade-level reviews:

Grade K (Tier 1)

Grade 1 (Tier 1)

Grade 2 (Tier 1)



The goal for ELA students is that they can read and understand grade-level texts independently, as demonstrated through writing and speaking about those texts. A strong ELA classroom is structured with the below components.



Title: Core Knowledge (ELA) Skills Strand Only Grade: K

Publisher: Core Knowledge Copyright: 2013

Overall Rating: Tier I, Exemplifies quality

Tier I, Tier II, Tier III elements of this review:

| STRONG | WEAK |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Foundational Skills (Non-Negotiable*) | |
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To evaluate each set of submitted materials for alignment with the <u>standards</u>, begin by reviewing Column 2 for the non-negotiable criteria. If there is a "Yes" for all required indicators in Column 2, then the materials receive a "Yes" in Column 1. If there is a "No" for any required indicators in Column 2, then the materials receive a "No" in Column 1. (Note: If materials do not represent a full curricula, then some of Criteria 1-10 may not apply.)

Tier 1 ratings receive a "Yes" in Column 1 for Criteria 1-10.

Tier 2 ratings receive a "Yes" in Column 1 for all non-negotiable criteria (Foundational Skills (as applicable), Complexity of Texts, Quality of Texts, and Text-Dependent Questions), but at least one "No" in Column 1 for the remaining criteria.

Tier 3 ratings receive a "No" in Column 1 for at least one of the non-negotiable criteria.



| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|--|---|---------------------|--|
| I. Foundational Skills (including criter | ia specific to student reading materials in grades K and 1) | | |
| Tier 1 and 2 Non-Negotiable* 1. FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS: Materials address grade-level foundational skills by providing instruction in concepts of print, phonological awareness, phonics, word awareness, and reading fluency in | REQUIRED 1a) Materials follow a sequence of foundational skills instruction indicated by the standards and beginning on page 17 of Appendix A, while providing abundant opportunities for every student to become proficient in each of the foundational skills. | Yes | Materials follow sequence of foundational skills instruction with less emphasis on letter names and more on phonemes & phonemic awareness. There are 150 lessons that begin with objectives focused on special sounds, spellings, tricky words, and/or concepts that the students are expected to learn. |
| a logical and transparent progression. These foundational skills are necessary and central components of an | REQUIRED 1b) Materials include student texts that allows for systematic, regular and frequent practice of foundational skills as they are introduced. | Yes | Grade K offers 12 themes (i.e., domains) that provide multiple practice opportunities. |
| effective, comprehensive reading program designed to develop proficient readers with the capacity to comprehend texts across a range of | REQUIRED 1c) Materials are designed so there are regular opportunities for students to practice reading fluency both orally and silently with appropriate texts of a wide variety of types. | Yes | Stories are handled through a read-aloud anthology. Students read aloud orally, after prompting from the teacher. |
| types and disciplines. | REQUIRED 1d) Materials provide regular practice in encoding (spelling) the sound symbol relationships of English. | Yes | Materials provide regular practice in spelling with emphasis placed on phonemes, rather than individual letters through the use of a workbook. |
| *As applicable (e.g., when the scope of the materials is comprehensive and considered a full program) | REQUIRED 1e) Materials provide instruction and practice in word study including pronunciation, roots, prefixes, suffixes and spelling/sound patterns, as well as decoding of grade-level words by using sound-symbol knowledge and knowledge of syllabication. | Yes | Materials provide grade-level appropriate practice in spelling. Students are taught to read by blending. Multiple cueing strategies, pictures as a primary resource in decoding and part-word guessing are not used. |
| | REQUIRED 1f) Materials guide students to read with purpose and understanding and to make frequent connections between acquisition of foundation skills and making meaning from reading. | Yes | Materials allow students to gain purpose and understanding by making connections through the use of read-alouds and picture cards. Phonics instruction begins with sounds. Big books provide exact replicas of student readers |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|--|---|---------------------------|--|
| I. Foundational Skills (including criter | ia specific to student reading materials in grades K and 1) | | |
| | 1g) Materials provide opportunities for educators to monitor student progress on every aspect of the foundational skills through diagnostic assessments offered at regular intervals. Monitoring must also allow for students to receive regular feedback on their oral reading fluency in the specific areas of appropriate rate, expressiveness and accuracy. | Yes | Opportunities exist for educators to monitor student progress in areas of foundational skills and fluency and comprehension through the use of the Assessment and Remediation Skills Book which has 6 units. |
| | 1h) Submissions provide abundant and easily implemented materials so teachers can readily provide more time, attention and practice for those students who need it. | Yes | Materials are readily available for educators to monitor student progress and remediate and enrich as necessary. Materials are easily implemented and understood. |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|--|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| II. Text Selection | | | |
| Tier 1 and 2 Non-Negotiable | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| 2. COMPLEXITY OF TEXTS: Materials | 2a) Beginning in grade 2, materials provide texts that fall | | |
| present a progression of texts as stated by | within grade-level complexity bands, indicating that | | |
| Reading Standard 10 ¹ and Reading | quantitative measures and qualitative analysis ² were used in | | |
| Foundational Standard 4. | selection of texts. Poetry and drama are analyzed only using | | |
| | qualitative measures. In all grades, extensive read-aloud | | |
| (Note: In K and 1, Reading Standard 10 | texts allow sufficient opportunity for engagement with text | | |
| refers to read-aloud material, which is | more complex than students could read themselves. | | |
| typically from grades 2+. Reading | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| Foundational Standard 4 applies to | 2b) Texts for each grade align with the requirements | | |
| student-read texts. Complexity standards | outlined in the standards and with the complexity of | | |
| for student-read texts are applicable for | exemplars provided in <u>Appendix B</u> . | | |
| grades 2+.) | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| | 2c) Texts increase in complexity as materials progress across | | |
| \square \square | grade bands. Read-aloud texts follow the same trend, | | |
| Yes No | although they may have greater variability because listening | | |
| | skills in elementary school generally outpace reading skills. | | |
| Tier 1 and 2 Non-Negotiable | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| 3. QUALITY OF TEXTS: | 3a) Nearly all texts are worth reading in the particular grade | | |
| Texts are of sufficient scope and quality to | (i.e., serve an instructional purpose); they are content rich | | |
| provide text-centered and integrated | and well crafted, representing the quality of writing that is | | |
| learning that is sequenced and scaffolded | produced by authorities in the discipline and include texts | | |
| to advance students toward independent | from history/social studies, science, technical subjects, and | | |
| reading of grade-level texts and build | the arts. | | |

¹ Grades K-2 Example: Student-read texts include the introduction of additional phonic patterns, increasing sentence length, etc. Read-aloud texts fall within the grades 2-5 band and are similar to exemplars in <u>Appendix B</u>.

² The process for determining quantitative and qualitative measures is described in the <u>Supplement to Appendix A</u>. Grade band conversions for quantitative measures are determined using the chart on page 4 of the document. A description of the criteria for analyzing the qualitative features of the text is located on pages 4-6 of the document.

| content knowledge (ELA, social studies, science and technical subjects, and the arts). The quality of texts is high—they support multiple readings for various purposes and exhibit exceptional craft and thought and/or provide useful information. | REQUIRED 3b) Materials provide a sequence or collection of texts that build knowledge systematically through reading, writing, listening and speaking about topics or ideas under study. The inclusion of read-aloud texts in addition to what students can read themselves ensures that all students can build knowledge about the world through engagement with text. | N/A | |
|--|---|-----|--|
| (Note: In K and 1 this refers generally to read-aloud material and some student-read texts after midyear in grade 1. Complexity standards for student-read | REQUIRED 3c) Within a sequence or collection of texts, specific complex anchor texts are selected for multiple, careful readings. | N/A | |
| texts are applicable for grades 2+.) Yes No | 3d) Nearly all texts are previously published rather than "commissioned." | N/A | |
| 4. RANGE AND VOLUME OF TEXTS: Materials reflect the distribution of text types and genres suggested by the standards: Text types and genres generally | REQUIRED 4a) In grades K-12, ELA materials seek a balance in instructional time between 50% literature/ 50% informational texts. | N/A | |
| reflect the definitions provided on page 31 of the <u>standards</u> and included in the text of the standards (e.g., <u>RL.K.9</u> , <u>RI.1.9</u> , or <u>RI.2.3</u>). | REQUIRED 4c) Materials include texts of different formats (e.g., print and non-print, including film, art, music, charts, etc.) and lengths. | N/A | |
| Yes No | 4b) Materials include many informational texts with an informational text structure rather than a narrative structure. | N/A | |
| | 4d) Materials increase the opportunity for regular, accountable independent reading of texts that appeal to students' interests to build reading stamina, confidence, motivation, and enjoyment and connect to classroom concepts or topics to develop knowledge. | N/A | |

| III. Questions and Tasks Tier 1 and 2 Non-Negotiable 5. TEXT-DEPENDENT QUESTIONS: Text-dependent questions reflect the requirements of Reading Standard 1 by requiring the use of textual details in support of meeting other grade-specific standards. (Note: In K and 1 this refers to read- aloud material, which is typically from grades 2+.) Yes No No No No REQUIRED Sa) At least 80% of all questions in the materials are text-dependent questions; student ideas are expressed through both written and spoken responses. REQUIRED Sb) Coherent sequences of text-dependent questions elicit sustained attention to the text and its illustrations, its impact (including the building of knowledge), and its connection to other texts. REQUIRED Sc) Questions include the language of the standards, and assess the depth and complexity required by the standards at each grade over time to advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Not every standard must be assessed with every text.) Sd) Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. Se) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. 6a. ASSESSMENT: Materials offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards REQUIRED 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|--|---|---|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 5. TEXT-DEPENDENT QUESTIONS: Text-dependent questions reflect the requirements of Reading Standard 1 by requiring the use of textual details in support of meeting other grade-specific standards. (Note: In K and 1 this refers to read- aloud material, which is typically from grades 2+.) Yes No | III. Questions and Tasks | | | |
| Text-dependent questions reflect the requirements of Reading Standard 1 by requiring the use of textual details in support of meeting other grade-specific standards. (Note: In K and 1 this refers to read-aloud material, which is typically from grades 2+.) Yes No No Sol Questions include the language of the standards at each grade over time to advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Note every standard must be assessed with every text.) Sol Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. Sel Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. REQUIRED Sol Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. Sel Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. REQUIRED 6. ASSESSMENT: Materials offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards REQUIRED 6a) Measurement of progress via assessments should include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards | Tier 1 and 2 Non-Negotiable | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| spoken responses. REQUIRED 5b) Coherent sequences of text-dependent questions elicit sustained attention to the text and its illustrations, its impact (including the building of knowledge), and its connection to other texts. (Note: In K and 1 this refers to read-aloud material, which is typically from grades 2+.) Yes No No REQUIRED 5c) Questions include the language of the standards, and assess the depth and complexity required by the standards at each grade over time to advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Not every standard must be assessed with every text.) 5d) Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. 5e) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. REQUIRED 6a) Measurement of progress via assessments should include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards REQUIRED 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | 5. TEXT-DEPENDENT QUESTIONS: | · · | | |
| Standard 1 by requiring the use of textual details in support of meeting other grade-specific standards. REQUIRED Sb) Coherent sequences of text-dependent questions elicit sustained attention to the text and its illustrations, its impact (including the building of knowledge), and its connection to other texts. | Text-dependent questions reflect | questions; student ideas are expressed through both written and | | |
| textual details in support of meeting other grade-specific standards. Note: In K and 1 this refers to read-aloud material, which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material, which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material, which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material, which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material, which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material, which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material with the second material which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material which is typically from grades 2+.) Selection with the second material was a second with every text.) Selection with the second material was a second material was a second with every text. Selection with the second material was a second with every text. Selection with the second material was a second with every text. Selection with the second material was a second with every text. Selection with the second material was a second with every text. Selection with the second material was a second with every text. Selection with the second material was a secon | • | spoken responses. | | |
| meeting other grade-specific standards. (Note: In K and 1 this refers to read-aloud material, which is typically from grades 2+.) Yes No | Standard 1 by requiring the use of | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| standards. (Note: In K and 1 this refers to read- aloud material, which is typically from grades 2+.) Yes No No Yes No No Se) Questions include the language of the standards, and assess the depth and complexity required by the standards at each grade over time to advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Not every standard must be assessed with every text.) Sd) Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. Se) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. REQUIRED 6. ASSESSMENT: Materials offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards REQUIRED N/A Sh) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | • | 5b) Coherent sequences of text-dependent questions elicit sustained | | |
| REQUIRED Sc) Questions include the language of the standards, and assess the depth and complexity required by the standards at each grade over time to advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Not every standard must be assessed with every text.) Sd) Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. Se) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. REQUIRED 6. ASSESSMENT: Materials offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards REQUIRED N/A Sc) Questions sinclude the language of the standards, and assess the depth and complexity required by the standards at each grade over time to advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Not every standard seach grade over time to advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Not every standard seach grade over time to advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Not every standard seach grade over time to advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Not every standard seach grade over time to advance and deepen student in earning. (Note: Not every standard seach grade over time to advance and deepen student in earning. (Note: Not every standard seach grade over time to advance and deepen student in earning. (Note: Not every standard seach grade over time to advance and deepen student in earning. (Note: Not every standard seach grade over time to advance and deepen student in earning. (Note: Not every standard seach grade over time to advance and deepen students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. REQUIRED Sc) Questions support students in unpacking the academic la | meeting other grade-specific | attention to the text and its illustrations, its impact (including the | | |
| Sc) Questions include the language of the standards, and assess the depth and complexity required by the standards at each grade over time to advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Not every standard must be assessed with every text.) Sol Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. Sel Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. Sel Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. Sel Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. Sel Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. Sel Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. Sel Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. Sel Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. Sel Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. Sel Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. Sel Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on inter | standards. | building of knowledge), and its connection to other texts. | | |
| depth and complexity required by the standards at each grade over time to advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Not every standard must be assessed with every text.) 5d) Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. 5e) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. 6. ASSESSMENT: Materials offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards depth and complexity required by the standards at each grade over time to advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Not every standard suits every text.) N/A 6d) Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. Se) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary from every reading opportunity. REQUIRED 6a) Measurement of progress via assessments should include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. REQUIRED 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| time to advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Not every standard must be assessed with every text.) 5d) Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. 5e) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. 6. ASSESSMENT: Materials offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards time to advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Not every standard support text.) N/A Se) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary from every reading opportunity. REQUIRED N/A 6a) Measurement of progress via assessments should include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. REQUIRED 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | (Note: In K and 1 this refers to read- | 5c) Questions include the language of the standards, and assess the | | |
| standard must be assessed with every text.) 5d) Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. 5e) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. 6. ASSESSMENT: Materials offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards REQUIRED 6a) Measurement of progress via assessments should include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. REQUIRED 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | aloud material, which is typically | depth and complexity required by the standards at each grade over | | |
| Yes No Se) Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. Se) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. 6. ASSESSMENT: Materials offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards Sd) Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. N/A N/A N/A Se) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. N/A Se) Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing on interpretation or evaluation. N/A Se) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. N/A Se) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary from every reading opportunity. N/A Se) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary from every reading opportunity. N/A Se) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary from every reading opportunity. N/A Se) Questions of evaluation. N/A Se) Also Also Also Also Also Also Also Also | from grades 2+.) | time to advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Not every | | |
| focusing on interpretation or evaluation. 5e) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. 6. ASSESSMENT: Materials offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards focusing on interpretation or evaluation. N/A REQUIRED Solutions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. N/A Solutions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. REQUIRED Solutions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. N/A Solutions according to the cademic language (vocabulary from every reading opportunity. N/A Solutions according to the cademic language (vocabulary from every reading opportunity. N/A Solutions according to the cademic language (vocabulary from every reading opportunity. N/A Solutions according to the cademic language (vocabulary from every reading opportunity. N/A Solutions according to the cademic language (vocabulary from every reading opportunity. N/A Solutions according to the cademic language (vocabulary from every reading opportunity. N/A Solutions according to the cademic language (vocabulary from every reading opportunity. N/A Solutions according to the cademic language (vocabulary from every reading opportunity. Solutions according to the cademic language (vocabulary from every reading opportunity). Solutions according to t | | standard must be assessed with every text.) | | |
| 5e) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. 6. ASSESSMENT: Materials offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards FeQUIRED REQUIRED N/A 6a) Measurement of progress via assessments should include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. REQUIRED N/A 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | | 5d) Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before | N/A | |
| (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. 6. ASSESSMENT: Materials offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. N/A 6a) Measurement of progress via assessments should include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. REQUIRED N/A 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | Yes No | focusing on interpretation or evaluation. | | |
| meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. 6. ASSESSMENT: Materials offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. REQUIRED 6a) Measurement of progress via assessments should include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. REQUIRED 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | | 5e) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language | N/A | |
| reading opportunity. 6. ASSESSMENT: Materials offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards reading opportunity. REQUIRED 6a) Measurement of progress via assessments should include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. REQUIRED 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | | (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine | | |
| 6. ASSESSMENT: Materials offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards REQUIRED 6a) Measurement of progress via assessments should include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. REQUIRED 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | | meaning from text and in learning new vocabulary from every | | |
| assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards 6a) Measurement of progress via assessments should include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. REQUIRED 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | | reading opportunity. | | |
| genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. REQUIRED 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | 6. ASSESSMENT: Materials offer | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards independent abilities. REQUIRED 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | assessment opportunities that | 6a) Measurement of progress via assessments should include | | |
| the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards REQUIRED 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | genuinely measure progress and | gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their | | |
| independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | elicit direct, observable evidence of | independent abilities. | | |
| assessed grade-specific standards or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | the degree to which students can | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| | independently demonstrate the | 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides | | |
| | assessed grade-specific standards | or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient | | |
| with grade-level text(s). guidance for interpreting student performance. | with grade-level text(s). | guidance for interpreting student performance. | | |
| REQUIRED N/A | | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| Yes No Gc) Materials use varied modes of assessment, including a range of | Yes No | 6c) Materials use varied modes of assessment, including a range of | | |
| pre-, formative, summative and self-assessment measures. | | pre-, formative, summative and self-assessment measures. | | |
| 6d) Materials assess student proficiency using methods that are N/A | | 6d) Materials assess student proficiency using methods that are | N/A | |
| unbiased and accessible to all students. | | unbiased and accessible to all students. | | |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|--------------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------------|
| III. Questions and Tasks | | | |
| | 6e) When assessments indicate students do not understand what they hear or read, materials should provide suggestions for reteaching and additional student learning opportunities. These materials must be easily implemented. | N/A | |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|---|---|---------------------|-------------------------|
| IV. Scaffolding and Support | | | |
| 7. SCAFFOLDING AND SUPPORT: | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| Materials provide all students, | 7a) Pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher | | |
| including those who read below grade | scaffolding are focused and engage students with understanding | | |
| level, with extensive opportunities and | the text itself. Pre-reading activities should be no more than 10% | | |
| support to encounter and comprehend | of time devoted to any reading instruction. | | |
| grade-level complex text (either | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| listened to or read) as required by the | 7b) Read aloud materials must have the goal of students gaining | | |
| standards at each grade. | full comprehension of complex text and do not confuse or | | |
| | substitute mastery of strategies for full comprehension of text; | | |
| | reading strategies support comprehension of specific texts and | | |
| Yes No | focus on building knowledge and insight. Texts must not serve as | | |
| | platforms to practice discrete strategies. | | |
| | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| | 7c) Materials regularly direct teachers to return to focused parts | | |
| | of the text to guide students through rereading, discussion and | | |
| | writing about the ideas, events, and information found there. | | |
| | 7d) Appropriate suggestions and materials are provided for | N/A | |
| | supporting varying student needs at the unit and lesson level | | |
| | (e.g., alternate teaching approaches, pacing, instructional | | |
| | delivery options, suggestions for addressing common student | | |
| | difficulties to meet standards, remediation strategies or | | |
| | suggestions for supporting texts, suggestions for more advanced | | |
| | texts for extension, etc.). | N/A | |
| | 7f) The materials are easy to use and cleanly laid out for students and teachers. The reading selections are centrally | IV/A | |
| | located within the materials and obviously the center of focus. | | |
| | 7e) The content can be reasonably completed within a regular | N/A | |
| | school year and the pacing of content allows for maximum | IV/ A | |
| | student understanding. The materials provide guidance about | | |
| | the amount of time a task might reasonably take. | | |
| | the amount of time a task might reasonably take. | | |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|---|---|---------------------|-------------------------|
| V. Writing to Sources and Research | | | |
| 8. WRITING TO SOURCES: The majority of written tasks are text-dependent (based on what has been read or heard) and reflect the writing genres named in the standards. | REQUIRED 8a) Students engage in a full range of writing as outlined by the standards at each grade level and materials include multiple writing tasks. This includes writing about what they are hearing or reading, writing narratives (both real and imagined), writing to inform or explain, and writing opinions. | N/A | |
| Writing assignments are prominent and varied and ask students to draw on their experience, imagination, current capacities, and most frequently, the texts they encounter through reading | REQUIRED 8b) Writing opportunities for students are prominent and varied in length and time demands (e.g., notes, summaries, shortanswer responses, whole-class shared writing, on-demand and process writing, etc.). | N/A | |
| or read-alouds as source material. As a means to such expression, materials provide sufficient opportunities for all students to practice newly acquired foundational skills as well as other forms of self-expression. | REQUIRED 8c) Materials build in opportunities for connections between writing, speaking and listening, reading, and the language standards. For example, students listen to a text being read, work collaboratively to develop a plan for writing, write independently filling out an answer frame, and then share their writing with a peer who reviews the writing against a word wall to ensure high frequency words are spelled correctly. | N/A | |
| Yes No | REQUIRED 8d) Submissions address grade-level foundation standards that require students in the early grades to know their letters, phonetic conventions, sentence structures, and spelling. | N/A | |
| | 8e) Materials provide opportunities for educators to monitor student progress in the development of these foundational skills and respond to the needs of individual students. This monitoring should include attention to invented spelling as appropriate for its diagnostic value. | N/A | |
| | 8f) Materials engage students in shared research projects to develop the skills needed to conduct research independently in later grades. | N/A | |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|---|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| VI. Speaking and Listening | | | |
| 9. SPEAKING AND LISTENING: | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| Materials should promote frequent and | 9a) Texts used in speaking and listening questions and tasks | | |
| regular discussions about texts | must meet the criteria for complexity, range, and quality of texts | | |
| students have heard or read. Oral tasks | (Criteria 2, 3, and 4). | | |
| must be text-dependent and materials | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| for speaking and listening must reflect | 9b) As a regular part of comprehension instruction materials | | |
| true communication skills required for | build in frequent opportunities for a range of conversations and | | |
| appropriate interactions and | collaborations with peers about texts listened to or read. | | |
| conversations with a variety of | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| audiences in and out of the classroom. | 9c) Materials build in frequent opportunities for connections and | | |
| | alignment between speaking and listening, reading, writing, and | | |
| | the language standards. For example, through directions and | | |
| Yes No | modeling, materials encourage students to use academic | | |
| | language and grade-appropriate oral language conventions. | | |
| | 9d) Materials develop active listening skills, such as taking notes, | N/A | |
| | asking relevant questions, and elaborating on remarks of others. | | |
| | 9e) Materials include a variety of authentic speaking and | N/A | |
| | listening activities for student practice. | | |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| VII. Language | | | |
| 10. LANGUAGE: Materials must | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| adequately address the Language | 10a) Materials address the grammar and language conventions | | |
| standards for the grade, including | specified by the Language standards at each grade level. | | |
| through unpacking the vocabulary and | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| syntax of text(s) (indicator 5e) as | 10c) Materials create opportunities for students to discover | | |
| models of language use. | accurate usage patterns, compare them with their own (oral and | | |
| | written), and develop proficiency in usage and language | | |
| | conventions that build from one grade to the next. | | |
| Yes No | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| | 10d) Materials encourage students to examine the language of | | |
| | texts (vocabulary, sentences, structure) and model their own | | |
| | writing after texts they are listening to or reading as a way to | | |
| | develop more complex sentence structure and language usage. | | |
| | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| | 10e) Materials build in frequent opportunities for connections | | |
| | and alignment between the language standards, writing, | | |
| | reading, and speaking and listening. For example, through | | |
| | directions and modeling, materials encourage students to use | | |
| | grade-appropriate language conventions when speaking and | | |
| | writing about texts. | | |
| | 10b) Materials provide real-world activities for student practice | N/A | |
| | with natural language (e.g. mock interviews, presentations). | | |

Tier 1 ratings receive a "Yes" in Column 1 for Criteria 1-10.

Tier 2 ratings receive a "Yes" in Column 1 for all non-negotiable criteria (Foundational Skills (as applicable), Complexity of Texts, Quality of Texts, and Text-Dependent Questions), but at least one "No" in Column 1 for the remaining criteria.

Tier 3 ratings receive a "No" in Column 1 for at least one of the non-negotiable criteria.

FINAL EVALUATION Compile the results for Sections I-VII to make a final decision for the material under review. Section Y/N **Final Justification/Comments** Criteria Stories are handled through read-aloud anthology. Students read aloud orally, after prompting from the teacher. The materials 1. Foundational Skills (Non-Negotiable*) I: Foundational Skills Yes however, are weak in delineating student opportunities for silent reading practice. N/A 2. Complexity of Texts (Non-Negotiable) N/A II: Text Selection 3. Quality of Texts (Non-Negotiable) N/A 4. Range and Volume of Texts N/A 5. Text-Dependent Questions (Non-Negotiable) III: Text-Dependent Questions and N/A Tasks 6. Assessment N/A IV: Scaffolding and Support 7. Scaffolding and Support N/A V: Writing to Sources and Research 8. Writing to Sources N/A VI: Speaking and Listening 9. Speaking and Listening N/A VII: Language 10. Language FINAL DECISION FOR THIS MATERIAL: Tier I, Exemplifies quality

^{*}As applicable (e.g., when the scope of the materials is comprehensive and considered a full program)



The goal for ELA students is that they can read and understand grade-level texts independently, as demonstrated through writing and speaking about those texts. A strong ELA classroom is structured with the below components.



Title: Core Knowledge (ELA) Skills Strand Only Grade: 1

Publisher: Core Knowledge Copyright: 2013

Overall Rating: Tier I, Exemplifies quality

Tier I, Tier II, Tier III elements of this review:

| STRONG | WEAK |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Foundational Skills (Non-Negotiable*) | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
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| | |
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| | |
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| | |

To evaluate each set of submitted materials for alignment with the <u>standards</u>, begin by reviewing Column 2 for the non-negotiable criteria. If there is a "Yes" for all required indicators in Column 2, then the materials receive a "Yes" in Column 1. If there is a "No" for any required indicators in Column 2, then the materials receive a "No" in Column 1. (Note: If materials do not represent a full curricula, then some of Criteria 1-10 may not apply.)

Tier 1 ratings receive a "Yes" in Column 1 for Criteria 1-10.

Tier 2 ratings receive a "Yes" in Column 1 for all non-negotiable criteria (Foundational Skills (as applicable), Complexity of Texts, Quality of Texts, and Text-Dependent Questions), but at least one "No" in Column 1 for the remaining criteria.

Tier 3 ratings receive a "No" in Column 1 for at least one of the non-negotiable criteria.



| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|---|---|---------------------|--|
| I. Foundational Skills (including criter | ia specific to student reading materials in grades K and 1) | | |
| Tier 1 and 2 Non-Negotiable* 1. FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS: Materials address grade-level foundational skills by providing instruction in concepts of print, phonological awareness, phonics, | REQUIRED 1a) Materials follow a sequence of foundational skills instruction indicated by the standards and beginning on page 17 of Appendix A, while providing abundant opportunities for every student to become proficient in each of the foundational skills. | Yes | The materials follow the sequence of foundational skills instruction. There are 155 lessons that begin with objectives focused on special sounds, spellings, tricky words, and/or concepts that the students are expected to learn. |
| word awareness, and reading fluency in a logical and transparent progression. These foundational skills are necessary | REQUIRED 1b) Materials include student texts that allows for systematic, regular and frequent practice of foundational skills as they are introduced. | Yes | Grade 1 offers 11 themes (i.e., domains) that provide multiple practice opportunities. |
| and central components of an effective, comprehensive reading program designed to develop proficient readers with the capacity to comprehend texts across a range of types and disciplines. | REQUIRED 1c) Materials are designed so there are regular opportunities for students to practice reading fluency both orally and silently with appropriate texts of a wide variety of types. | Yes | Opportunities are provided for reading favorite traditional read alouds, literacy based centers, and immersion in text, where teachers facilitate student choice from existing leveled libraries based on interest, availability, and readability. |
| Yes No | REQUIRED 1d) Materials provide regular practice in encoding (spelling) the sound symbol relationships of English. | Yes | Materials provide regular practice in encoding. |
| *As applicable (e.g., when the scope of the materials is comprehensive and considered a full program) | REQUIRED 1e) Materials provide instruction and practice in word study including pronunciation, roots, prefixes, suffixes and spelling/sound patterns, as well as decoding of grade-level words by using sound-symbol knowledge and knowledge of syllabication. | Yes | Materials provide grade-level appropriate practice in spelling and decoding of words. In addition to phonics, students are taught spelling, grammar, and writing. |
| | REQUIRED 1f) Materials guide students to read with purpose and understanding and to make frequent connections between acquisition of foundation skills and making meaning from reading. | Yes | Materials allow students to gain purpose and understanding by making connections through the use of read-alouds and picture cards. |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|--|---|---------------------|--|
| I. Foundational Skills (including criter | ia specific to student reading materials in grades K and 1) | | |
| | 1g) Materials provide opportunities for educators to monitor student progress on every aspect of the foundational skills through diagnostic assessments offered at regular intervals. Monitoring must also allow for students to receive regular feedback on their oral reading fluency in the specific areas of appropriate rate, expressiveness and accuracy. | Yes | Opportunities exist for educators to monitor student progress in areas of foundational skills and fluency and comprehension through the use of the Assessment and Remediation Skills Book which has 6 units. <i>Pausing Points</i> are used when it makes sense to pause and spend one to two days reviewing, reinforcing, or extending the material taught. |
| | 1h) Submissions provide abundant and easily implemented materials so teachers can readily provide more time, attention and practice for those students who need it. | Yes | Materials are readily available for educators to monitor student progress, remediate and enrich as necessary. Materials are easily implemented and understood. |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|---|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| II. Text Selection | | | |
| Tier 1 and 2 Non-Negotiable | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| 2. COMPLEXITY OF TEXTS: Materials | 2a) Beginning in grade 2, materials provide texts that fall | | |
| present a progression of texts as stated | within grade-level complexity bands, indicating that | | |
| by Reading Standard 10 ¹ and Reading | quantitative measures and qualitative analysis ² were used in | | |
| Foundational Standard 4. | selection of texts. Poetry and drama are analyzed only using | | |
| | qualitative measures. In all grades, extensive read-aloud | | |
| (Note: In K and 1, Reading Standard 10 | texts allow sufficient opportunity for engagement with text | | |
| refers to read-aloud material, which is | more complex than students could read themselves. | | |
| typically from grades 2+. Reading | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| Foundational Standard 4 applies to | 2b) Texts for each grade align with the requirements | | |
| student-read texts. Complexity | outlined in the standards and with the complexity of | | |
| standards for student-read texts are | exemplars provided in Appendix B. | | |
| applicable for grades 2+.) | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| | 2c) Texts increase in complexity as materials progress across | | |
| | grade bands. Read-aloud texts follow the same trend, | | |
| Yes No | although they may have greater variability because listening | | |
| | skills in elementary school generally outpace reading skills. | | |
| Tier 1 and 2 Non-Negotiable | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| 3. QUALITY OF TEXTS: | 3a) Nearly all texts are worth reading in the particular grade | | |
| Texts are of sufficient scope and quality | (i.e., serve an instructional purpose); they are content rich | | |
| to provide text-centered and integrated | and well crafted, representing the quality of writing that is | | |
| learning that is sequenced and | produced by authorities in the discipline and include texts | | |
| scaffolded to advance students toward | from history/social studies, science, technical subjects, and | | |
| independent reading of grade-level texts | the arts. | | |

¹ Grades K-2 Example: Student-read texts include the introduction of additional phonic patterns, increasing sentence length, etc. Read-aloud texts fall within the grades 2-5 band and are similar to exemplars in <u>Appendix B</u>.

² The process for determining quantitative and qualitative measures is described in the <u>Supplement to Appendix A</u>. Grade band conversions for quantitative measures are determined using the chart on page 4 of the document. A description of the criteria for analyzing the qualitative features of the text is located on pages 4-6 of the document.

| and build content knowledge (ELA, social studies, science and technical subjects, and the arts). The quality of texts is high—they support multiple readings for various purposes and exhibit exceptional craft and thought and/or provide useful information. | REQUIRED 3b) Materials provide a sequence or collection of texts that build knowledge systematically through reading, writing, listening and speaking about topics or ideas under study. The inclusion of read-aloud texts in addition to what students can read themselves ensures that all students can build knowledge about the world through engagement with text. | N/A | |
|--|--|-----|--|
| (Note: In K and 1 this refers generally to read-aloud material and some student-read texts after midyear in grade 1. Complexity standards for student-read | REQUIRED 3c) Within a sequence or collection of texts, specific complex anchor texts are selected for multiple, careful readings. | N/A | |
| texts are applicable for grades 2+.) Yes No | 3d) Nearly all texts are previously published rather than "commissioned." | N/A | |
| 4. RANGE AND VOLUME OF TEXTS: Materials reflect the distribution of text types and genres suggested by the standards: Text types and genres | REQUIRED 4a) In grades K-12, ELA materials seek a balance in instructional time between 50% literature/ 50% informational texts. | N/A | |
| generally reflect the definitions provided on page 31 of the <u>standards</u> and included in the text of the standards (e.g., <u>RL.K.9</u> , <u>RI.1.9</u> , or <u>RI.2.3</u>). | REQUIRED 4c) Materials include texts of different formats (e.g., print and non-print, including film, art, music, charts, etc.) and lengths. | N/A | |
| Yes No | 4b) Materials include many informational texts with an informational text structure rather than a narrative structure. | N/A | |
| | 4d) Materials increase the opportunity for regular, accountable independent reading of texts that appeal to students' interests to build reading stamina, confidence, motivation, and enjoyment and connect to classroom concepts or topics to develop knowledge. | N/A | |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|---------------------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------------|
| III. Questions and Tasks | | | |
| Tier 1 and 2 Non-Negotiable | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| 5. TEXT-DEPENDENT | 5a) At least 80% of all questions in the materials are text-dependent | | |
| QUESTIONS: Text- | questions; student ideas are expressed through both written and spoken | | |
| dependent questions reflect | responses. | | |
| the requirements of Reading | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| Standard 1 by requiring the | 5b) Coherent sequences of text-dependent questions elicit sustained | | |
| use of textual details in | attention to the text and its illustrations, its impact (including the building of | | |
| support of meeting other | knowledge), and its connection to other texts. | | |
| grade-specific standards. | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| | 5c) Questions include the language of the standards, and assess the depth | | |
| (Note: In K and 1 this refers | and complexity required by the standards at each grade over time to | | |
| to read-aloud material, | advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Not every standard must be | | |
| which is typically from | assessed with every text.) | | |
| grades 2+.) | 5d) Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing | N/A | |
| | on interpretation or evaluation. | | |
| | 5e) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language | N/A | |
| Yes No | (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning | | |
| | from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. | | |
| 6. ASSESSMENT: Materials | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| offer assessment | 6a) Measurement of progress via assessments should include gradual | | |
| opportunities that genuinely | release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent | | |
| measure progress and elicit | abilities. | | |
| direct, observable evidence | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| of the degree to which | 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or | | |
| students can independently | student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient guidance for | | |
| demonstrate the assessed | interpreting student performance. | | |
| grade-specific standards | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| with grade-level text(s). | 6c) Materials use varied modes of assessment, including a range of pre-, | | |
| | formative, summative and self-assessment measures. | | |
| Yes No | 6d) Materials assess student proficiency using methods that are unbiased | N/A | |
| | and accessible to all students. | | |
| | 6e) When assessments indicate students do not understand what they hear | N/A | |
| | or read, materials should provide suggestions for reteaching and additional | | |
| | student learning opportunities. These materials must be easily implemented. | | |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|---|---|---------------------|-------------------------|
| IV. Scaffolding and Support | | | |
| 7. SCAFFOLDING AND SUPPORT: | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| Materials provide all students, | 7a) Pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher | | |
| including those who read below grade | scaffolding are focused and engage students with understanding | | |
| level, with extensive opportunities and | the text itself. Pre-reading activities should be no more than 10% | | |
| support to encounter and comprehend | of time devoted to any reading instruction. | | |
| grade-level complex text (either | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| listened to or read) as required by the | 7b) Read aloud materials must have the goal of students gaining | | |
| standards at each grade. | full comprehension of complex text and do not confuse or | | |
| | substitute mastery of strategies for full comprehension of text; | | |
| | reading strategies support comprehension of specific texts and | | |
| Yes No | focus on building knowledge and insight. Texts must not serve as | | |
| | platforms to practice discrete strategies. | | |
| | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| | 7c) Materials regularly direct teachers to return to focused parts | | |
| | of the text to guide students through rereading, discussion and | | |
| | writing about the ideas, events, and information found there. | | |
| | 7d) Appropriate suggestions and materials are provided for | N/A | |
| | supporting varying student needs at the unit and lesson level | | |
| | (e.g., alternate teaching approaches, pacing, instructional | | |
| | delivery options, suggestions for addressing common student | | |
| | difficulties to meet standards, remediation strategies or | | |
| | suggestions for supporting texts, suggestions for more advanced | | |
| | texts for extension, etc.). | | |
| | 7f) The materials are easy to use and cleanly laid out for | N/A | |
| | students and teachers. The reading selections are centrally | | |
| | located within the materials and obviously the center of focus. | | |
| | 7e) The content can be reasonably completed within a regular | N/A | |
| | school year and the pacing of content allows for maximum | | |
| | student understanding. The materials provide guidance about | | |
| | the amount of time a task might reasonably take. | | |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|---|---|---------------------|-------------------------|
| V. Writing to Sources and Research | | | |
| 8. WRITING TO SOURCES: The majority of written tasks are text-dependent (based on what has been read or heard) and reflect the writing genres named in the standards. | REQUIRED 8a) Students engage in a full range of writing as outlined by the standards at each grade level and materials include multiple writing tasks. This includes writing about what they are hearing or reading, writing narratives (both real and imagined), writing to inform or explain, and writing opinions. | N/A | |
| Writing assignments are prominent and varied and ask students to draw on their experience, imagination, current capacities, and most frequently, the texts they encounter through reading | REQUIRED 8b) Writing opportunities for students are prominent and varied in length and time demands (e.g., notes, summaries, shortanswer responses, whole-class shared writing, on-demand and process writing, etc.). | N/A | |
| or read-alouds as source material. As a means to such expression, materials provide sufficient opportunities for all students to practice newly acquired foundational skills as well as other forms of self-expression. | REQUIRED 8c) Materials build in opportunities for connections between writing, speaking and listening, reading, and the language standards. For example, students listen to a text being read, work collaboratively to develop a plan for writing, write independently filling out an answer frame, and then share their writing with a peer who reviews the writing against a word wall to ensure high frequency words are spelled correctly. | N/A | |
| Yes No | REQUIRED 8d) Submissions address grade-level foundation standards that require students in the early grades to know their letters, phonetic conventions, sentence structures, and spelling. | N/A | |
| | 8e) Materials provide opportunities for educators to monitor student progress in the development of these foundational skills and respond to the needs of individual students. This monitoring should include attention to invented spelling as appropriate for its diagnostic value. | N/A | |
| | 8f) Materials engage students in shared research projects to develop the skills needed to conduct research independently in later grades. | N/A | |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|---|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| VI. Speaking and Listening | | | |
| 9. SPEAKING AND LISTENING: | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| Materials should promote frequent and | 9a) Texts used in speaking and listening questions and tasks | | |
| regular discussions about texts | must meet the criteria for complexity, range, and quality of texts | | |
| students have heard or read. Oral tasks | (Criteria 2, 3, and 4). | | |
| must be text-dependent and materials | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| for speaking and listening must reflect | 9b) As a regular part of comprehension instruction materials | | |
| true communication skills required for | build in frequent opportunities for a range of conversations and | | |
| appropriate interactions and | collaborations with peers about texts listened to or read. | | |
| conversations with a variety of | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| audiences in and out of the classroom. | 9c) Materials build in frequent opportunities for connections and | | |
| | alignment between speaking and listening, reading, writing, and | | |
| | the language standards. For example, through directions and | | |
| Yes No | modeling, materials encourage students to use academic | | |
| | language and grade-appropriate oral language conventions. | | |
| | 9d) Materials develop active listening skills, such as taking notes, | N/A | |
| | asking relevant questions, and elaborating on remarks of others. | | |
| | 9e) Materials include a variety of authentic speaking and | N/A | |
| | listening activities for student practice. | | |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|--|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| VII. Language | | | |
| 10. LANGUAGE: Materials must adequately address the Language standards for the grade, including through unpacking the vocabulary and syntax of text(s) (indicator 5e) as models of language use. | REQUIRED 10a) Materials address the grammar and language conventions specified by the Language standards at each grade level. REQUIRED 10c) Materials create opportunities for students to discover accurate usage patterns, compare them with their own (oral and | N/A N/A | |
| Yes No | written), and develop proficiency in usage and language conventions that build from one grade to the next. REQUIRED 10d) Materials encourage students to examine the language of texts (vocabulary, sentences, structure) and model their own writing after texts they are listening to or reading as a way to develop more complex sentence structure and language usage. | N/A | |
| | REQUIRED 10e) Materials build in frequent opportunities for connections and alignment between the language standards, writing, reading, and speaking and listening. For example, through directions and modeling, materials encourage students to use grade-appropriate language conventions when speaking and writing about texts. 10b) Materials provide real-world activities for student practice | N/A | |
| | with natural language (e.g. mock interviews, presentations). | IN/A | |

Tier 1 ratings receive a "Yes" in Column 1 for Criteria 1-10.

Tier 2 ratings receive a "Yes" in Column 1 for all non-negotiable criteria (Foundational Skills (as applicable), Complexity of Texts, Quality of Texts, and Text-Dependent Questions), but at least one "No" in Column 1 for the remaining criteria.

Tier 3 ratings receive a "No" in Column 1 for at least one of the non-negotiable criteria.

FINAL EVALUATION Compile the results for Sections I-VII to make a final decision for the material under review. Section Y/N **Final Justification/Comments** Criteria Opportunities are provided for reading favorite traditional read alouds, literacy based centers, and immersion in text. Students 1. Foundational Skills (Non-Negotiable*) I: Foundational Skills Yes are able to choose from leveled libraries based on interest, availability, and readability. N/A 2. Complexity of Texts (Non-Negotiable) N/A II: Text Selection 3. Quality of Texts (Non-Negotiable) N/A 4. Range and Volume of Texts N/A 5. Text-Dependent Questions (Non-Negotiable) III: Text-Dependent Questions and N/A Tasks 6. Assessment N/A IV: Scaffolding and Support 7. Scaffolding and Support N/A V: Writing to Sources and Research 8. Writing to Sources N/A VI: Speaking and Listening 9. Speaking and Listening N/A VII: Language 10. Language FINAL DECISION FOR THIS MATERIAL: Tier I, Exemplifies quality

^{*}As applicable (e.g., when the scope of the materials is comprehensive and considered a full program)



The goal for ELA students is that they can read and understand grade-level texts independently, as demonstrated through writing and speaking about those texts. A strong ELA classroom is structured with the below components.



Title: Core Knowledge (ELA) Skills Strand Only Grade: 2

Publisher: Core Knowledge Copyright: 2013

Overall Rating: Tier I, Exemplifies quality

Tier I, Tier II, Tier III elements of this review:

| STRONG | WEAK |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Foundational Skills (Non-Negotiable*) | |
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To evaluate each set of submitted materials for alignment with the <u>standards</u>, begin by reviewing Column 2 for the non-negotiable criteria. If there is a "Yes" for all required indicators in Column 2, then the materials receive a "Yes" in Column 1. If there is a "No" for any required indicators in Column 2, then the materials receive a "No" in Column 1. (Note: If materials do not represent a full curricula, then some of Criteria 1-10 may not apply.)

Tier 1 ratings receive a "Yes" in Column 1 for Criteria 1-10.

Tier 2 ratings receive a "Yes" in Column 1 for all non-negotiable criteria (Foundational Skills (as applicable), Complexity of Texts, Quality of Texts, and Text-Dependent Questions), but at least one "No" in Column 1 for the remaining criteria.

Tier 3 ratings receive a "No" in Column 1 for at least one of the non-negotiable criteria.



| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS | | |
|---|---|---------------------|---|--|--|
| I. Foundational Skills (including criter | I. Foundational Skills (including criteria specific to student reading materials in grades K and 1) | | | | |
| Tier 1 and 2 Non-Negotiable* 1. FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS: Materials address grade-level foundational skills by providing instruction in concepts of print, phonological awareness, phonics, | REQUIRED 1a) Materials follow a sequence of foundational skills instruction indicated by the standards and beginning on page 17 of Appendix A, while providing abundant opportunities for every student to become proficient in each of the foundational skills. | Yes | The materials follow the sequence of foundational skills instruction. Lessons begin with core content and ELA objectives focused on spellings, tricky words, read alouds, questioning, important concepts, extension and writing activities that engage students. | | |
| word awareness, and reading fluency in a logical and transparent progression. These foundational skills are necessary | REQUIRED 1b) Materials include student texts that allows for systematic, regular and frequent practice of foundational skills as they are introduced. | Yes | Grade 2 offers 12 themes (i.e., domains) that provide multiple practice opportunities. | | |
| and central components of an effective, comprehensive reading program designed to develop proficient readers with the capacity to comprehend texts across a range of types and disciplines. | REQUIRED 1c) Materials are designed so there are regular opportunities for students to practice reading fluency both orally and silently with appropriate texts of a wide variety of types. | Yes | Opportunities are provided for reading favorite traditional read alouds, literacy based centers, and immersion in text, where teachers facilitate student choice from existing leveled libraries based on interest, availability, and readability. | | |
| Yes No | REQUIRED 1d) Materials provide regular practice in encoding (spelling) the sound symbol relationships of English. | Yes | Materials provide regular practice in encoding | | |
| *As applicable (e.g., when the scope of the materials is comprehensive and considered a full program) | REQUIRED 1e) Materials provide instruction and practice in word study including pronunciation, roots, prefixes, suffixes and spelling/sound patterns, as well as decoding of grade-level words by using sound-symbol knowledge and knowledge of syllabication. | Yes | Materials provide grade-level appropriate practice in spelling and decoding of words. In addition to phonics, students are taught spelling, grammar, and writing. | | |
| | REQUIRED 1f) Materials guide students to read with purpose and understanding and to make frequent connections between acquisition of foundation skills and making meaning from reading. | Yes | Materials allow students to gain purpose and understanding by making connections through the use of read-alouds, picture cards, and flip charts. | | |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|--|---|---------------------|--|
| I. Foundational Skills (including criter | ia specific to student reading materials in grades K and 1) | | |
| | 1g) Materials provide opportunities for educators to monitor student progress on every aspect of the foundational skills through diagnostic assessments offered at regular intervals. Monitoring must also allow for students to receive regular feedback on their oral reading fluency in the specific areas of appropriate rate, expressiveness and accuracy. | Yes | Opportunities exist for educators to monitor student progress in areas of foundational skills and fluency and comprehension through the use of the Assessment and Remediation Skills Book which has 6 units. <i>Pausing Points</i> are used when it makes sense to pause and spend one to two days reviewing, reinforcing, or extending the material taught. |
| | 1h) Submissions provide abundant and easily implemented materials so teachers can readily provide more time, attention and practice for those students who need it. | Yes | Materials are readily available for educators to monitor student progress, remediate and enrich as necessary. Materials are easily implemented and understood. |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|--|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| II. Text Selection | | | |
| Tier 1 and 2 Non-Negotiable 2. COMPLEXITY OF TEXTS: Materials present a progression of texts as stated by Reading Standard 10 ¹ and Reading Foundational Standard 4. (Note: In K and 1, Reading Standard 10 refers to read-aloud material, which is | REQUIRED 2a) Beginning in grade 2, materials provide texts that fall within grade-level complexity bands, indicating that quantitative measures and qualitative analysis ² were used in selection of texts. Poetry and drama are analyzed only using qualitative measures. In all grades, extensive readaloud texts allow sufficient opportunity for engagement with text more complex than students could read themselves. | N/A | |
| typically from grades 2+. Reading Foundational Standard 4 applies to student-read texts. Complexity standards for student-read texts are applicable for grades 2+.) | REQUIRED 2b) Texts for each grade align with the requirements outlined in the standards and with the complexity of exemplars provided in Appendix B. | N/A | |
| Yes No | REQUIRED 2c) Texts increase in complexity as materials progress across grade bands. Read-aloud texts follow the same trend, although they may have greater variability because listening skills in elementary school generally outpace reading skills. | N/A | |
| Tier 1 and 2 Non-Negotiable 3. QUALITY OF TEXTS: Texts are of sufficient scope and quality to provide text-centered and integrated learning that is sequenced and scaffolded to advance students toward independent reading of grade-level texts and build | REQUIRED 3a) Nearly all texts are worth reading in the particular grade (i.e., serve an instructional purpose); they are content rich and well crafted, representing the quality of writing that is produced by authorities in the discipline and include texts from history/social studies, science, technical subjects, and the arts. | N/A | |

¹ Grades K-2 Example: Student-read texts include the introduction of additional phonic patterns, increasing sentence length, etc. Read-aloud texts fall within the grades 2-5 band and are similar to exemplars in Appendix B.

² The process for determining quantitative and qualitative measures is described in the <u>Supplement to Appendix A</u>. Grade band conversions for quantitative measures are determined using the chart on page 4 of the document. A description of the criteria for analyzing the qualitative features of the text is located on pages 4-6 of the document.

| content knowledge (ELA, social studies, science and technical subjects, and the arts). The quality of texts is high—they support multiple readings for various purposes and exhibit exceptional craft and thought and/or provide useful information. | REQUIRED 3b) Materials provide a sequence or collection of texts that build knowledge systematically through reading, writing, listening and speaking about topics or ideas under study. The inclusion of read-aloud texts in addition to what students can read themselves ensures that all students can build knowledge about the world through engagement with text. | N/A | |
|--|--|-----|--|
| (Note: In K and 1 this refers generally to read-aloud material and some student-read texts after midyear in grade 1. Complexity standards for student-read | REQUIRED 3c) Within a sequence or collection of texts, specific complex anchor texts are selected for multiple, careful readings. | N/A | |
| texts are applicable for grades 2+.) Yes No | 3d) Nearly all texts are previously published rather than "commissioned." | N/A | |
| 4. RANGE AND VOLUME OF TEXTS: Materials reflect the distribution of text types and genres suggested by the standards: Text types and genres generally | REQUIRED 4a) In grades K-12, ELA materials seek a balance in instructional time between 50% literature/ 50% informational texts. | N/A | |
| reflect the definitions provided on page 31 of the <u>standards</u> and included in the text of the standards (e.g., <u>RL.K.9</u> , <u>RI.1.9</u> , or <u>RI.2.3</u>). | REQUIRED 4c) Materials include texts of different formats (e.g., print and non-print, including film, art, music, charts, etc.) and lengths. | N/A | |
| Yes No | 4b) Materials include many informational texts with an informational text structure rather than a narrative structure. | N/A | |
| | 4d) Materials increase the opportunity for regular, accountable independent reading of texts that appeal to students' interests to build reading stamina, confidence, motivation, and enjoyment and connect to classroom concepts or topics to develop knowledge. | N/A | |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|---------------------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------------|
| III. Questions and Tasks | | | |
| Tier 1 and 2 Non-Negotiable | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| 5. TEXT-DEPENDENT | 5a) At least 80% of all questions in the materials are text-dependent | | |
| QUESTIONS: Text- | questions; student ideas are expressed through both written and spoken | | |
| dependent questions reflect | responses. | | |
| the requirements of Reading | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| Standard 1 by requiring the | 5b) Coherent sequences of text-dependent questions elicit sustained | | |
| use of textual details in | attention to the text and its illustrations, its impact (including the building of | | |
| support of meeting other | knowledge), and its connection to other texts. | | |
| grade-specific standards. | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| | 5c) Questions include the language of the standards, and assess the depth | | |
| (Note: In K and 1 this refers | and complexity required by the standards at each grade over time to | | |
| to read-aloud material, | advance and deepen student learning. (Note: Not every standard must be | | |
| which is typically from | assessed with every text.) | | |
| grades 2+.) | 5d) Questions often begin with comprehension of the text before focusing | N/A | |
| | on interpretation or evaluation. | | |
| | 5e) Questions support students in unpacking the academic language | N/A | |
| Yes No | (vocabulary and syntax) prevalent in complex texts to determine meaning | | |
| | from text and in learning new vocabulary from every reading opportunity. | | |
| 6. ASSESSMENT: Materials | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| offer assessment | 6a) Measurement of progress via assessments should include gradual | | |
| opportunities that genuinely | release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent | | |
| measure progress and elicit | abilities. | | |
| direct, observable evidence | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| of the degree to which | 6b) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or | | |
| students can independently | student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient guidance for | | |
| demonstrate the assessed | interpreting student performance. | | |
| grade-specific standards | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| with grade-level text(s). | 6c) Materials use varied modes of assessment, including a range of pre-, | | |
| | formative, summative and self-assessment measures. | | |
| Yes No | 6d) Materials assess student proficiency using methods that are unbiased | N/A | |
| | and accessible to all students. | | |
| | 6e) When assessments indicate students do not understand what they hear | N/A | |
| | or read, materials should provide suggestions for reteaching and additional | | |
| | student learning opportunities. These materials must be easily implemented. | | |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|---|---|---------------------|-------------------------|
| IV. Scaffolding and Support | | | |
| 7. SCAFFOLDING AND SUPPORT: | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| Materials provide all students, | 7a) Pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher | | |
| including those who read below grade | scaffolding are focused and engage students with understanding | | |
| level, with extensive opportunities and | the text itself. Pre-reading activities should be no more than 10% | | |
| support to encounter and comprehend | of time devoted to any reading instruction. | | |
| grade-level complex text (either | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| listened to or read) as required by the | 7b) Read aloud materials must have the goal of students gaining | | |
| standards at each grade. | full comprehension of complex text and do not confuse or | | |
| | substitute mastery of strategies for full comprehension of text; | | |
| | reading strategies support comprehension of specific texts and | | |
| Yes No | focus on building knowledge and insight. Texts must not serve as | | |
| | platforms to practice discrete strategies. | | |
| | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| | 7c) Materials regularly direct teachers to return to focused parts | | |
| | of the text to guide students through rereading, discussion and | | |
| | writing about the ideas, events, and information found there. | | |
| | 7d) Appropriate suggestions and materials are provided for | N/A | |
| | supporting varying student needs at the unit and lesson level | | |
| | (e.g., alternate teaching approaches, pacing, instructional | | |
| | delivery options, suggestions for addressing common student | | |
| | difficulties to meet standards, remediation strategies or | | |
| | suggestions for supporting texts, suggestions for more advanced | | |
| | texts for extension, etc.). | N/A | |
| | 7f) The materials are easy to use and cleanly laid out for students and teachers. The reading selections are centrally | IV/A | |
| | located within the materials and obviously the center of focus. | | |
| | 7e) The content can be reasonably completed within a regular | N/A | |
| | school year and the pacing of content allows for maximum | IV/ A | |
| | student understanding. The materials provide guidance about | | |
| | the amount of time a task might reasonably take. | | |
| | the amount of time a task might reasonably take. | | |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|---|---|---------------------|-------------------------|
| V. Writing to Sources and Research | | | |
| 8. WRITING TO SOURCES: The majority of written tasks are text-dependent (based on what has been read or heard) and reflect the writing genres named in the standards. | REQUIRED 8a) Students engage in a full range of writing as outlined by the standards at each grade level and materials include multiple writing tasks. This includes writing about what they are hearing or reading, writing narratives (both real and imagined), writing to inform or explain, and writing opinions. | N/A | |
| Writing assignments are prominent and varied and ask students to draw on their experience, imagination, current capacities, and most frequently, the texts they encounter through reading | REQUIRED 8b) Writing opportunities for students are prominent and varied in length and time demands (e.g., notes, summaries, shortanswer responses, whole-class shared writing, on-demand and process writing, etc.). | N/A | |
| or read-alouds as source material. As a means to such expression, materials provide sufficient opportunities for all students to practice newly acquired foundational skills as well as other forms of self-expression. | REQUIRED 8c) Materials build in opportunities for connections between writing, speaking and listening, reading, and the language standards. For example, students listen to a text being read, work collaboratively to develop a plan for writing, write independently filling out an answer frame, and then share their writing with a peer who reviews the writing against a word wall to ensure high frequency words are spelled correctly. | N/A | |
| Yes No | REQUIRED 8d) Submissions address grade-level foundation standards that require students in the early grades to know their letters, phonetic conventions, sentence structures, and spelling. | N/A | |
| | 8e) Materials provide opportunities for educators to monitor student progress in the development of these foundational skills and respond to the needs of individual students. This monitoring should include attention to invented spelling as appropriate for its diagnostic value. | N/A | |
| | 8f) Materials engage students in shared research projects to develop the skills needed to conduct research independently in later grades. | N/A | |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|---|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| VI. Speaking and Listening | | | |
| 9. SPEAKING AND LISTENING: | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| Materials should promote frequent and | 9a) Texts used in speaking and listening questions and tasks | | |
| regular discussions about texts | must meet the criteria for complexity, range, and quality of texts | | |
| students have heard or read. Oral tasks | (Criteria 2, 3, and 4). | | |
| must be text-dependent and materials | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| for speaking and listening must reflect | 9b) As a regular part of comprehension instruction materials | | |
| true communication skills required for | build in frequent opportunities for a range of conversations and | | |
| appropriate interactions and | collaborations with peers about texts listened to or read. | | |
| conversations with a variety of | REQUIRED | N/A | |
| audiences in and out of the classroom. | 9c) Materials build in frequent opportunities for connections and | | |
| | alignment between speaking and listening, reading, writing, and | | |
| | the language standards. For example, through directions and | | |
| Yes No | modeling, materials encourage students to use academic | | |
| | language and grade-appropriate oral language conventions. | | |
| | 9d) Materials develop active listening skills, such as taking notes, | N/A | |
| | asking relevant questions, and elaborating on remarks of others. | | |
| | 9e) Materials include a variety of authentic speaking and | N/A | |
| | listening activities for student practice. | | |

| CRITERIA | INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY | MEETS METRICS (Y/N) | JUSTIFICATION/ COMMENTS |
|--|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| VII. Language | | | |
| 10. LANGUAGE: Materials must adequately address the Language standards for the grade, including through unpacking the vocabulary and syntax of text(s) (indicator 5e) as models of language use. | REQUIRED 10a) Materials address the grammar and language conventions specified by the Language standards at each grade level. REQUIRED 10c) Materials create opportunities for students to discover accurate usage patterns, compare them with their own (oral and written), and develop proficiency in usage and language | N/A N/A | |
| Yes No | conventions that build from one grade to the next. REQUIRED 10d) Materials encourage students to examine the language of texts (vocabulary, sentences, structure) and model their own writing after texts they are listening to or reading as a way to develop more complex sentence structure and language usage. | N/A | |
| | REQUIRED 10e) Materials build in frequent opportunities for connections and alignment between the language standards, writing, reading, and speaking and listening. For example, through directions and modeling, materials encourage students to use grade-appropriate language conventions when speaking and writing about texts. | N/A | |
| | 10b) Materials provide real-world activities for student practice with natural language (e.g. mock interviews, presentations). | N/A | |

Tier 1 ratings receive a "Yes" in Column 1 for Criteria 1-10.

Tier 2 ratings receive a "Yes" in Column 1 for all non-negotiable criteria (Foundational Skills (as applicable), Complexity of Texts, Quality of Texts, and Text-Dependent Questions), but at least one "No" in Column 1 for the remaining criteria.

Tier 3 ratings receive a "No" in Column 1 for at least one of the non-negotiable criteria.

FINAL EVALUATION Compile the results for Sections I-VII to make a final decision for the material under review. Y/N Section Criteria **Final Justification/Comments** Opportunities are provided for reading favorite traditional read alouds, literacy based centers, and immersion in text. Students are 1. Foundational Skills (Non-Negotiable) I: Foundational Skills Yes able to choose from leveled libraries based on interest, availability, and readability. N/A 2. Complexity of Texts (Non-Negotiable) N/A 3. Quality of Texts (Non-Negotiable) II: Text Selection N/A 4. Range and Volume of Texts N/A 5. Text-Dependent Questions (Non-Negotiable) III: Text-Dependent Questions and Tasks N/A 6. Assessment N/A IV: Scaffolding and Support 7. Scaffolding and Support N/A V: Writing to Sources and Research 8. Writing to Sources N/A VI: Speaking and Listening 9. Speaking and Listening N/A VII: Language 10. Language FINAL DECISION FOR THIS MATERIAL: Tier I, Exemplifies quality

^{*}As applicable (e.g., when the scope of the materials is comprehensive and considered a full program)