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Instructional Materials Evaluation Tool for Alignment in Science Grades K – 12 (IMET)



Strong science instruction requires that students:

Apply content knowledge to explain real world phenomena and to design solutions,

Investigate, evaluate, and reason scientifically, and

Connect ideas across disciplines.

Title: Active Physics Third Edition Grade/Course: Active Physics

Publisher: SASC, LLC dba Activate Learning Copyright: 2016

Overall Rating: Tier III, Not representing quality

Tier I, Tier II, Tier III Elements of this review:

STRONG	WEAK
	1. Three-dimensional Learning (Non-negotiable)
	2. Phenomenon-Based Instruction (Non-negotiable)

To evaluate instructional materials for alignment with the standards and determine tiered rating, begin with **Section I: Non-negotiable Criteria**.

- Review the required¹ Indicators of Superior Quality for each Non-negotiable criterion.
- If there is a "Yes" for all required Indicators of Superior Quality, materials receive a "Yes" for that Non-negotiable criterion.
- If there is a "No" for any of the **required** Indicators of Superior Quality, materials receive a "No" for that **Non-negotiable** criterion.
- Materials must meet **Non-negotiable** Criteria 1 and 2 for the review to continue to **Non-negotiable** Criteria 3 and 4. Materials must meet all of the **Non-negotiable** Criteria 1-4 in order for the review to continue to Section II.
- If materials receive a "No" for any **Non-negotiable** criterion, a rating of Tier 3 is assigned and the review does not continue.

If all Non-negotiable Criteria are met, then continue to Section II: Additional Criteria of Superior Quality.

- Review the **required** Indicators of Superior Quality for each criterion.
- If there is a "Yes" for all **required** Indicators of Superior Quality, then the materials receive a "Yes" for the additional criteria.
- If there is a "No" for any **required** Indicator of Superior Quality, then the materials receive a "No" for the additional criteria.

Tier 1 ratings receive a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria and a "Yes" for each of the Additional Criteria of Superior Quality. *Tier 2 ratings* receive a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria, but at least one "No" for the Additional Criteria of Superior Quality. *Tier 3 ratings* receive a "No" for at least one of the Non-negotiable Criteria.

¹ **Required Indicators of Superior Quality** are labeled "**Required**" and shaded yellow. Remaining indicators that are shaded white are included to provide additional information to aid in material selection and do not affect tiered rating.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES		
Section I: Non-negotiable Criteria	Section I: Non-negotiable Criteria of Superior Quality				
Materials must meet Non-negotia	able Criteria 1 and 2 for the review to continue to Nor	n-negotiable Cr	iteria 3 and 4. Materials must meet all		
of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-4	in order for the review to continue to Section II.				
Non-negotiable	Required	No	The instructional materials are not		
1. THREE-DIMENSIONAL	1a) Materials are designed so that students develop		designed so that students develop		
LEARNING:	scientific content knowledge and scientific skills through		scientific content knowledge and		
Students have multiple	interacting with the three dimensions of the science		scientific skills through interacting with		
opportunities throughout each unit to develop an understanding and	standards. The majority of the materials teach the science and engineering practices, crosscutting concepts		the three dimensions of the science		
demonstrate application of the	and disciplinary core ideas separately when necessary		standards. Most of the materials are		
three dimensions.	but they are most often integrated to support deeper		teacher directed. The majority of		
	learning.		materials do not integrate the Science		
Yes No			and Engineering Practices (SEP),		
10			Crosscutting Concepts (CCC), and		
			Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCI) to support		
			deeper learning. For example, in Chapter		
			1, Driving the Roads, the Chapter		
			Challenge introduces students to the		
			"Engineering Cycle," but fails to align with		
			the Science and Engineering Practices		
			(SEPs), and does not align to any of the		
			Louisiana Student Standards for Science		
			(LSSS) for Physics, according to the Active		
			Physics Alignment to the LSSS, Physics		
			document. The purpose of this "launcher		
			Chapter" is to get students to become		
			familiar with the book features. The		
			lesson begins with an investigation (SEP,		
			Planning and Carrying out Investigations)		
			of measuring reaction time, but does not		

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			incorporate any DCIs or CCCs. By the end
			of the Chapter, the students create a
			presentation and written report to
			demonstrate that they understand the
			Physics of Driving; however, the activity
			does not incorporate any of the DCIs. In
			Chapter 2, Section 6, students engage in a
			teacher-led lab activity. The materials
			suggest that the teacher leads the
			demonstration of pushing against a wall
			while on a skateboard. Students then
			answer questions from the book. DCI
			HS.PS2A.a is somewhat present as
			students read and answer the questions
			about mass and acceleration, but the
			focus of the chapter is Newton's 3rd Law
			as opposed to Newton's 2nd law outlined
			in the DCI. In addition, the SEP Using
			Mathematical and Computational
			Thinking to describe and support
			claims/explanations is absent from the
			lesson. The students are asked to do
			"thought experiments" but do not gather
			data to support these claims. Chapter 3,
			Section 1 is centered around reading for
			information and answering questions
			about automobile safety features. In
			Section 2, students use a clay model and
			small cart to make observations of

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			various crashes with and without
			seatbelts. While this incorporates Using
			and Developing Models and
			demonstrates the Cause and Effect (CCC)
			of wearing and not wearing a seatbelt, as
			well as changing the ramp and increasing
			the speed of the cart, no DCI is
			incorporated. In Chapter 3, Section 5, the
			"Essential Questions of Physics," section
			explains how the 3 dimensions are
			integrated within the chapter thus far.
			DCI HS.PS2A.b of Forces and Motions is
			used and explored in the answer, and
			then the CCC of Systems and System
			Models is mentioned, but not addressed
			by the student. In addition, the SEP of
			Using Mathematics and Computational
			Thinking is not utilized by the students.
			The formula is provided and an example
			is given, but the students do not engage
			with the SEP. Chapters 3 and 4 show
			motion in two dimensions. In Chapter 3,
			motion is not addressed quantitatively,
			and in Chapter four a totally different
			activity is introduced to show quantitative
			measurement of two dimensional motion.
			Students are asked to obtain and
			communicate information (SEP,
			Obtaining, Evaluating, and

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			Communicating Information) but neglects CCC or DCI. The activity and lesson are teacher driven as opposed to students developing the content through exploration and discovery. In Chapter 9, Sports on the Moon, the Chapter Challenge asks students to use the Engineering Cycle to explain a sport that can be played on the moon and what modifications must be made to the game in order to be played under these different conditions. Although there is some evidence of three dimensional learning as students apply concepts learned throughout the chapter to invent or adapt a sport to play on the moon, this 3D approach was not as evident throughout the chapter.
Non-negotiable 2. PHENOMENON-BASED INSTRUCTION: Explaining phenomenon and designing solutions drive student learning. Yes No	Required 2a) Observing and explaining phenomena and designing solutions provide the purpose and opportunity for students to engage in learning a majority of the time.	No	Observing and explaining phenomena and designing solutions does not provide the purpose and opportunity for students to engage in learning a majority of the time. Each chapter includes a Chapter Challenge that students will complete by the end of the chapter. During the introduction of the Chapter Challenge, students do not have the opportunity to observe and ask questions and define problems that will lead them to an

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			explanation or solution to the challenge.
			The lessons that follow provide the
			content necessary to complete the
			challenge, but are teacher directed. Each
			section begins with a "What Do You See?"
			section that includes a preview cartoon
			intended to "preview all of the physics
			concepts the chapter will present,"
			followed by a "What Do You Think"
			section where students answer questions
			about the picture. This section acts as a
			hook rather than a phenomenon. There is
			a foundational idea for each chapter, for
			example, Driving the Roads, Thrills and
			Chills, Toys for Understanding. However,
			these ideas are used more as familiar
			lesson and chapter "hooks" rather than
			new and unknown phenomena that
			students use throughout the lesson to
			drive instruction, questioning, and
			investigation. For example, in Chapter 9,
			Sports on the Moon, students are
			introduced to the Chapter Challenge to
			"identify, adapt, or invent a sport that
			people on the moon will find interesting,
			exciting, and entertaining." Students then
			generate their own list of what they will
			have to do in order to receive a grade of A
			for the challenge. The teacher then goes

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			over the Engineering Design Cycle that
			will be used during the Chapter
			Challenge. The materials suggest that
			teachers could ask students whether an
			object would encounter friction on the
			Moon, whether there is any resistance, or
			whether momentum would be conserved.
			This if followed by the teacher showing 8
			videos of people engaged in various
			activities, half of which should be sports
			and the other half should not. Only three
			video links are provided for the teacher,
			and the materials suggest that the
			teacher go to YouTube and find unusual
			and uncommon sports. No other
			directions are given for the "non-sport"
			videos. Students then have to decide
			which of the videos are sports and which
			are not. Students are not provided the
			opportunity to ask questions or define a
			problem pertaining to the Chapter
			Challenge. Following the introduction, in
			Section 1, students are instructed to
			discuss sports, how they define sports,
			what they know about sports, etc.
			Students then brainstorm a list of at least
			10 words or phrases that identify
			attributes of sports. Describing sports
			does not provide the purpose and

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			opportunity for students to engage in
			learning. Each section thereafter begins
			with students looking at a picture and
			answering questions within the "What Do
			You See?" and "What Do You Think?"
			sections. These pictures do not serve as
			investigative phenomenon, but an
			introduction to what they will learn
			within the section. For example, in
			Section 2, students observe a drawing of
			two astronauts on the moon (one is
			jumping off of a ladder and the other is
			whistling) and discuss what is happening
			in the picture, while the teacher asks
			questions. Students do not have the
			opportunity to ask questions and provide
			explanations, and the investigations that
			follow are teacher directed. In Chapter 6,
			Electricity for Everyone, students are
			tasked with developing an appliance
			package that would help meet the basic
			needs for families who live in different
			parts of the world. The source of energy
			will be a wind generator. Students are
			then given information about a wind
			generator system. The tasks of the
			challenge include, "Decide on electrical
			appliances to meet basic needs, Construct
			a training manual describing how to train

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			people to stay within power and energy limits of the electrical system," and then create a "Wiring diagram showing the
			distribution of electricity." Students are
			then told that they will use their
			experience with electricity and what they
			learn in this chapter to complete the
			challenge. The sections that follow
			include teacher questioning and teacher
			led investigations that help students learn the content needed to complete the
			challenge. Throughout the sections,
			students are not presented with
			investigative phenomenon in which they
			are able to observe and ask questions
			about, design solutions for, or develop
			explanations for. Although they are
			presented a Chapter Challenge at the
			start of the chapter, the challenge does
			not provide purpose and opportunity for
			students as the rest of the chapter is
			teacher directed.
Non-negotiable (only reviewed if Criteria 1 and 2 are met) 3. ALIGNMENT & ACCURACY:	Required 3a) The majority of the Louisiana Student Standards for Science are incorporated, to the full depth of the standards.	Not Evaluated	This section was not evaluated because the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
Materials adequately address the	Required	Not	This section was not evaluated because
<u>Louisiana Student Standards for</u>	3b) Science content is accurate , reflecting the most	Evaluated	the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
<u>Science</u> .	current and widely accepted explanations.		

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
Yes No	3c) In any one grade or course, instructional materials spend minimal time on content outside of the course, grade, or grade-band.	Not Evaluated	This section was not evaluated because the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
Non-negotiable (only reviewed if Criteria 1 and 2 are met) 4. DISCIPLINARY LITERACY: Materials have students engage with authentic sources and incorporate speaking, reading, and writing to develop scientific	Required *Indicator for grades 4-12 only 4a) Students regularly engage with authentic sources that represent the language and style that is used and produced by scientists; e.g., journal excerpts, authentic data, photographs, sections of lab reports, and media releases of current science research. Frequency of engagement with authentic sources should increase in higher grade levels and courses.	Not Evaluated	This section was not evaluated because the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
Yes No	Required 4b) Students regularly engage in speaking and writing about scientific phenomena and engineering solutions using authentic science sources; e.g., authentic data, models, lab investigations, or journal excerpts. Materials address the necessity of using scientific evidence to support scientific ideas.	Not Evaluated	This section was not evaluated because the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
	Required 4c) There is variability in the tasks that students are required to execute. For example, students are asked to produce solutions to problems, models of phenomena, explanations of theory development, and conclusions from investigations.	Not Evaluated	This section was not evaluated because the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
	4d) Materials provide a coherent sequence of authentic science sources that build scientific vocabulary and knowledge over the course of study. Vocabulary is addressed as needed in the materials but not taught in isolation of deeper scientific learning.	Not Evaluated	This section was not evaluated because the non-negotiable criteria were not met.

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Section II: Additional Criteria of S	uperior Quality		
5. LEARNING PROGRESSIONS:	Required	Not	This section was not evaluated because
The materials adequately address	5a) The overall organization of the materials and the	Evaluated	the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
Appendix A: Learning Progressions.	development of disciplinary core ideas, science and		
They are coherent and provide	engineering practices, and crosscutting concepts are		
natural connections to other	coherent within and across units. The progression of		
performance expectations	learning is coordinated over time, clear and organized to		
including science and engineering	prevent student misunderstanding and supports student		
practices, crosscutting concepts,	mastery of the performance expectations.		
and disciplinary core ideas; the	5b) Students apply mathematical thinking when	Not	This section was not evaluated because
content complements the the	applicable. They are not introduced to math skills that	Evaluated	the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
Louisiana Student Standards for	are beyond the applicable grade's expectations in the		
Math.	Louisiana Student Standards for Mathematics.		
	Preferably, math connections are made explicit through		
Yes No	clear references to the math standards, specifically in		
	teacher materials.		
6. SCAFFOLDING AND SUPPORT:	Required	Not	This section was not evaluated because
Materials provide teachers with	6a) There are separate teacher support materials	Evaluated	the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
guidance to build their own	including: scientific background knowledge, support in		
knowledge and to give all students	three-dimensional learning, learning progressions,		
extensive opportunities and	common student misconceptions and suggestions to		
support to explore key concepts	address them, guidance targeting speaking and writing		
using multiple, varied experiences	in the science classroom (e.g. conversation guides,		
to build scientific thinking.	sample scripts, rubrics, exemplar student responses).		
	6b) Appropriate suggestions and materials are provided	Not	This section was not evaluated because
Yes No	for differentiated instruction supporting varying student	Evaluated	the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
	needs at the unit and lesson level (e.g., alternative		
	teaching approaches, pacing, instructional delivery		
	options, suggestions for addressing common student		
	difficulties to meet standards, etc.).		

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
7. USABILITY:	Required	Not	This section was not evaluated because
Materials are easily accessible,	7a) Text sets (when applicable), laboratory, and other	Evaluated	the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
promote safety in the science	scientific materials are readily accessible through		
classroom, and are viable for	vendor packaging.		
implementation given the length of	Required	Not	This section was not evaluated because
a school year.	7b) Materials help students build an understanding of	Evaluated	the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
	standard operating procedures in a science laboratory		
Yes No	and include safety guidelines, procedures, and		
	equipment. Science classroom and laboratory safety		
	guidelines are embedded in the curriculum.		
	7c) The total amount of content is viable for a school	Not	This section was not evaluated because
	year.	Evaluated	the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
8. ASSESSMENT:	Required	Not	This section was not evaluated because
Materials offer assessment	8a) Multiple types of formative and summative	Evaluated	the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
opportunities that genuinely	assessments (performance-based tasks, questions,		
measure progress and elicit direct,	research, investigations, and projects) are embedded		
observable evidence of the degree	into content materials and assess the learning targets.		
to which students can			
independently demonstrate the	Required	Not	This section was not evaluated because
assessed standards.	8b) Assessment items and tasks are structured on integration of the three-dimensions .	Evaluated	the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
Yes No	8c) Scoring guidelines and rubrics align to performance	Not	This section was not evaluated because
	expectations, and incorporate criteria that are specific, observable, and measurable.	Evaluated	the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
FINAL EVALUATION			
Tier 1 ratings receive a "Yes" for all N	Non-negotiable Criteria and a "Yes" for each of the Additiona	al Criteria of Sup	erior Quality.
Tier 2 ratings receive a "Yes" for all N	Non-negotiable Criteria, but at least one "No" for the Additic	onal Criteria of S	uperior Quality.
Tier 3 ratings receive a "No" for at least one of the Non-negotiable Criteria.			
Compile the results for Sections I and II to make a final decision for the material under review.			
Section	Criteria	Yes/No	Final Justification/Comments
		No	The instructional materials are not
	1. Three-dimensional Learning		designed so that students develop
			scientific content knowledge and

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
I: Non-negotiable Criteria of Superior Quality ²	2. Phenomenon-Based Instruction	No	scientific skills through interacting with the three dimensions of the science standards. Most of the materials are teacher directed. The majority of materials do not integrate the Science and Engineering Practices (SEP), Crosscutting Concepts (CCC), and Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCI) to support deeper learning. Observing and explaining phenomena and designing solutions does not provide the purpose and opportunity for students to engage in learning a majority of the time. There is a foundational idea for each chapter, however, these are used more as familiar lesson and chapter "hooks" rather than new and unknown phenomena that students use throughout the lesson to drive instruction, questioning, and investigation. It is a known or common anchor used to
			introduce the lesson, rather than an uncommon anchor that the students must explore to explain through scientific content.
	3. Alignment & Accuracy	Not Evaluated	This section was not evaluated because the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
	4. Disciplinary Literacy	Not Evaluated	This section was not evaluated because the non-negotiable criteria were not met.
II: Additional Criteria of Superior Quality ³	5. Learning Progressions	Not Evaluated	This section was not evaluated because the non-negotiable criteria were not met.

 $^{^2}$ Must score a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria to receive a Tier I or Tier II rating. 3 Must score a "Yes" for all Additional Criteria of Superior Quality to receive a Tier I rating.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES	
	6. Scaffolding and Support	Not Evaluated	This section was not evaluated because the non-negotiable criteria were not met.	
	7. Usability	Not Evaluated	This section was not evaluated because the non-negotiable criteria were not met.	
	8. Assessment	Not Evaluated	This section was not evaluated because the non-negotiable criteria were not met.	

FINAL DECISION FOR THIS MATERIAL: Tier III, Not representing quality





Instructional materials are one of the most important tools educators use in the classroom to enhance student learning. It is critical that they fully align to state standards—what students are expected to learn and be able to do at the end of each grade level or course—and are high quality if they are to provide meaningful instructional support.

The Louisiana Department of Education is committed to ensuring that every student has access to high-quality instructional materials. In Louisiana all districts are able to purchase instructional materials that are best for their local communities since those closest to students are best positioned to decide which instructional materials are appropriate for their district and classrooms. To support local school districts in making their own local, high-quality decisions, the Louisiana Department of Education leads online reviews of instructional materials.

Instructional materials are reviewed by a committee of Louisiana educators. Teacher Leader Advisors (TLAs) are a group of exceptional educators from across Louisiana who play an influential role in raising expectations for students and supporting the success of teachers. Teacher Leader Advisors use their robust knowledge of teaching and learning to review instructional materials.

The <u>2019-2020 Teacher Leader Advisors</u> are selected from across the state and represent the following parishes and school systems: Ascension, Beauregard, Bossier, Caddo, Calcasieu, Caldwell, City of Monroe, Desoto, East Baton Rouge, Einstein Charter Schools, Iberia, Jefferson, Jefferson Davis, KIPP New Orleans, Lafayette, Lafourche, Lincoln, Livingston, LSU Lab School, Orleans, Orleans/Lusher Charter School, Ouachita, Plaquemines, Pointe Coupee, Rapides, Richland, RSD Choice Foundation, St. John the Baptist, St. Charles, St. James, St. Landry, St. Mary, St. Tammany, Tangipahoa, Vermillion, Vernon, West Baton Rouge, West Feliciana, and Zachary. This review represents the work of current classroom teachers with experience in grades 9-12.

Appendix I.

Publisher Response

The publisher had no response.

Appendix II.

Public Comments

There were no public comments submitted.